

2024 Adopted Budget



Board of Directors

Directors are appointed by District
Court judges in each of the District's nine counties for four-year terms.

Officers are elected annually by the Board.

The Board is the policy group for both the Government Activity and Enterprise Activity, and sets the annual budget for each.

One of the strengths of the District is that its communities include diverse sectors of the state's economy, ranging from among the most rural to the most urban counties in Colorado. Despite the differences, the board has worked collaboratively to provide supplemental water to the region since 1958.



Bill Long President Bent County



Curtis Mitchell Vice President El Paso County



Ann Nichols Treasurer El Paso County



Seth Clayton Secretary Pueblo County



Howard "Bub" Miller Otero County



Tom Goodwin Fremont County



Kevin Karney At-large



Dallas May Prowers-Kiowa Counties



Mark Pifher El Paso County



Greg Felt Chaffee County



Alan Hamel Pueblo County



Andrew Colosimo El Paso County



Patrick Garcia
Pueblo County



Pat Edelmann El Paso County



Matt Heimerich Crowley County



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Focus on Partnerships ------115

Message from the Executive Director



James W. Broderick has been Executive Director of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District since 2002.

A Pueblo native, Mr. Broderick has worked with the Board, staff, and the broader water community to advance the District's goals, and improve relationships both within Colorado and throughout the United States.

In 2023, he received a Lifetime Achievement Award from the National Water Resources Association.

In 2021, he received the Wayne N. Aspinall Water Leader of the Year Award from Colorado Water Congress.

In 2008 he was the first recipient of the John W. Keys Award from the Bureau of Reclamation for building partnerships and relationships.



he year 2023 was among the most eventful years in the history of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District. Just think of what has happened: the construction of the Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC) began; the planning horizon for the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project broadened; the Board took a giant step toward financial stability; and the process started for a change in leadership.

As we enter 2024, we will continue this march into the future as we continue to develop the building blocks for future success.

Arkansas Valley Conduit

The top priority for the District in 2024 will be continued construction of the AVC. In 2023, we saw the beginning of construction, and at a ground-breaking in April, we celebrated with U.S. Senators Michael Bennet and John Hickenlooper, Reclamation Commissioner M. Camille Calimlim Touton, CWCB Executive Director Becky Mitchell, members of our Board and other federal and state dignitaries. We all recognize the need for clean drinking water in the Lower Arkansas Valley, long overdue and now within reach.

Through unceasing efforts since 2000, the District moved the AVC project into its construction phase. Federal funding has again exceeded expectations with an additional allocation of \$100 million at the end of the 2023 fiscal year. This brings the total federal allocation to \$221 million since 2020. Pueblo Water has received its payment for the first phase of improvements to convey water to the AVC and the first two contracts for federal construction are in place and a third on the way. Design for the remainder of federal AVC construction will continue to progress in 2024. The District's Water Activity Enterprise has the Pueblo County delivery lines under contract and will complete the design of all delivery lines by the end of 2024.

At the same time, the Colorado General Assembly approved, and Governor Jared Polis signed into law an additional grant of \$20 million for AVC through the Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB). The grant funds will help kick-start the District's construction program.

The plan at the beginning of 2024 is to complete the AVC by 2031, with the continued possibility that some of the 39 water systems along the route may begin receiving AVC water even sooner. Our partners at the Bureau of Reclamation have been diligent in expediting the schedule for this all-important project, and the day is drawing nearer when this promise to the people of Southeastern

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

Colorado is fulfilled.

While the AVC has been paramount on the list of District priorities, significant gains are being made on several other fronts as we move forward in 2024.

Recovery of Storage

The Recovery of Storage program, implemented in 2020, has now been integrated into a Reclamation work plan that will deal with the unceasing problem of sedimentation in Pueblo Reservoir. This program does not seek to increase storage in the reservoir, but simply aims to restore the original storage provided by the Fry-Ark Project.

Since its completion nearly 40 years ago, Pueblo Reservoir has become the most important storage vessel in the Arkansas River basin. Not only is it terminal storage for deliveries of Project water, but it serves the 24 municipalities, 8 special districts, 2 conservancy districts, 34 domestic water companies and 44 ditches that depend on Fry-Ark water as a supplemental source of supply.

In 2023, a revised bathymetric and aerial survey of Pueblo Reservoir was made under the Recovery of Storage program, and initial steps were taken for a potential sediment diversion system. In 2024, the results of the survey will give us information about the true rate of sedimentation, and the next steps of the Recovery of Storage will become clearer.

Asset Management

The District is working closely with Reclamation to evaluate the risk and criticality of every piece of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project from the collection system above Ruedi Reservoir, through the Boustead Tunnel and all along the Arkansas River to Pueblo Reservoir. Most of the features have been in use for 50 years or more, and it is absolutely necessary to ensure that all facets of the Fry-Ark Project remain in top condition.

The District also began brainstorming with Reclamation on ways to bring imports up to the design level of 69,200 acre-feet. Over the first 50 years of bringing water across the Continental Divide, we have moved closer to this goal, and a few simple steps may take us even further. We are fortunate in the current era that Reclamation has been very receptive to initial suggestions and continues to work with the District for positive outcomes.

The District completed the Asset Valuation for Headquarters and the James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant in 2023, helping to improve the District's Capital Improvement Plan.

Both the Fry-Ark Project and District asset

Continued on next page

management plans are crucial steps toward solidifying the revenue requirements needed to manage financial reserves not only in the near future, but for 10, 20 or even 50 years down the road.

Financial Roadmap

The Board continued to refine the financial picture of the District in 2023 by tackling the question of water sales and storage rates left unanswered at the conclusion of the 2019 Financial Study.

An "aha moment" for the District came when we realized that for years the Return Flows from Fry-Ark Project water had not been fully charged. This led to a restructuring of the water sales rate, which will now be based on a full acre-foot of water.

In addition, the Board confronted the question of surcharges that has lingered since 2019 as well. Its decision was to combine the former surcharges into one Water Activity Enterprise surcharge and to assess the surcharge only on storage, removing any surcharges from water sales.

In 2024, the Board will begin looking at what reserves are required and how they will be funded.

This forward thinking will help move District goals forward to keep the Fry-Ark Project running as efficiently as possible.

Water Sales and Storage

The sale and storage of water continue as primary objectives for the District, and these programs are moving ahead smoothly through the efforts of staff to assure that notices are sent out in a timely manner, Reclamation Reform Act guidelines are being followed and payments are processed efficiently.

Nature was kind to the District in 2023, as imports well exceeded the projections made in the spring of the year. The additional water – nearly 8,000 acre-feet above the forecast – helped to fill depleted reservoirs and provides a cushion going into 2024. More than 23,000 acre-feet for Municipal and Domestic use and 26,000 acre-feet (including Return Flows) for Irrigation were provided.

While the 2023 water year started wet and wild, it ended high and dry, with the outcome being an "average" year. It is this type of year that best illustrates the benefits of the supplemental water provided by the Fry-Ark Project and the storage that allows for sensible timing of water deliveries.

Cooperative Programs

One of the most unusual benefits of the ongoing partnerships maintained by the District occurred in 2023, when we were able to enlist the assistance of Colorado Parks and Wildlife to use an underwater camera to inspect the trash gate on the North Outlet of Pueblo Dam. The camera is more typically used to locate drowning victims or submerged debris in reservoirs, but in this case confirmed that there was no blockage causing flow issues in the James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant.

On a more substantial note, the District supported efforts by the U.S. Geological Survey and the Airborne Snow Observatory, who are working with Reclamation to improve snowpack forecasts. This information will help develop more dependable information in the future. The USGS program received two Water Smart Grants that will help to develop a snowpack station at a higher elevation more useful to Fry-Ark Project forecasts.

In the Upper Arkansas Basin, our partnership in the Voluntary Flow Management Program continued successfully in 2023. No Fry-Ark Project water was moved to assist flows during the year, but the framework of the program facilitated timely meetings that informed Arkansas River operational decisions. Reclamation moved some water early in advance of repairs at the Mount Elbert Power Plant, which extended the commercial rafting season an additional two weeks.

In the Lower Arkansas Basin, Regional Resource Planning Group continued a three-year investigation into water quality that will be completed in 2024. The program helps fund USGS studies that impact water users within Colorado, as well as providing information needed for administration of the Arkansas River Compact.

These are just a few of the many valuable partnerships maintained by the District to ensure that water is used wisely to minimize waste. In an era of uncertain climate and increasing demand on water resources, this will become ever more important.

Leadership

As my career of more than 20 years as Executive Director comes to a close, I would like to thank the Board for its support and confidence in my leadership. Together we have navigated through some of the most difficult times for the Arkansas Valley for the shared use of our most precious resource – water. The dry years, complicated by the competing needs of man, were exceedingly difficult. And even the wet years required the careful management of an embarrassment of riches.

The next Executive Director of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District will find an excellent foundation for building upon in the years to come. Not only is there a well-informed, actively involved Board in place, but a highly effective and professional staff in place, ready to face the toughest challenges. The District should be proud of its people and the tools it has put into place.

That being said, I will always look back at my years with the District remembering the positive accomplishments we achieved. The establishment of an Excess Capacity Master Contract for stakeholders, hydropower at Pueblo Dam, improved relationships with Reclamation and of course the Arkansas Valley Conduit come to mind as the big things we did together. But as important to me are the many meaningful relationships with our stakeholders, partners and our continued positive relationship with Reclamation, the creation of the longest Gold Medal Fishery reach in the state, and of course the friendships I have developed with all of those who are touched by and who touch the Fry-Ark Project.

Thank you for the opportunity to serve. It's not a final farewell, but a pledge to assist in any way I can in the future.

James W. Boderiel





The Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District budget team, from left, President Bill Long, Senior Policy and Issues Manager Chris Woodka, Accounting Specialist Lynnette Holt, Finance Manager Stephanie Shipley, Director of Finance and Administration Leann Noga, and Executive Director Jim Broderick.

To learn more: www.secwcd.com



GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

Distinguished Budget Presentation Award

PRESENTED TO

Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District Colorado

For the Fiscal Year Beginning

January 01, 2023



Distinguished Budget Presentation

The District has earned the Government Finance Officers Association Distinguished Budget Award for 11 consecutive years.

The award is the highest form of recognition in government budgeting, and represents a significant achievement. This award provides assurance that the District's annual budget serves as a policy document, a financial plan, an operating guide, and a communication device.

This award reflects the commitment of the Board and staff to meet the highest principles of government budgeting.

Who we are...

Committees

Board members serve on committees which evaluate issues prior to consideration by the entire Board.

Executive: Officers and chairs of other committees meet on major policy issues.

Chair: Bill Long

Vice-Chair: Curtis Mitchell

Members: Seth Clayton, Tom Goodwin, Alan Hamel, Kevin Karney, Andy Colosimo, Ann Nichols, Bill

Long, James Broderick

Allocation & Storage: Reviews allotment of Project water to be sold, eligibility policy, and related issues.

Chair: Andy Colosimo

Vice-Chair: Howard "Bub" Miller

Members: Matt Heimerich, Tom Goodwin, Alan Hamel, Curtis Mitchell, Bill Long, James Broderick

Arkansas Valley Conduit: Reviews AVC funding, planning and construction..

Chair: Kevin Karney

Vice-Chair: Howard "Bub" Miller

Members: Matt Heimerich, Dallas May, Bill Long,

James Broderick

Colorado River and Water Supply: Reviews Western Slope technical, legal, and political issues related to the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project.

Chair: Tom Goodwin Vice-Chair: Kevin Karney

Members: Seth Clayton, Pat Edelmann, Mark Pifher,

Bill Long, James Broderick

Finance: Looks at accounting, auditing, budgeting, and

investing.

Chair: Ann Nichols Vice-Chair: Kevin Karney

Members: Seth Clayton, Pat Edelmann, Greg Felt, Bill

Long, James Broderick

Human Resources: Sets employee policy, and reviews

performance. Chair: Alan Hamel Vice-Chair: Ann Nichols

Members: Patrick Garcia, Tom Goodwin, Dallas May,

Bill Long, James Broderick

Resource & Engineering Planning: Looks at engineering and legal issues affecting the District and Project.

Chair: Curtis Mitchell Vice-Chair: Seth Clayton

Members: Andy Colosimo, Pat Edelmann, Tom

Goodwin, Bill Long, James Broderick



Mission

Water is essential for life. We exist to make life better by effectively developing, protecting, and managing water.

Vision

As we strive to realize our vision of the future, all our actions and efforts will be guided by communication, consultation, and cooperation, focused in a direction of better accountability through modernization and integration across the District.

Core Values

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

A commitment to honesty and integrity.

A promise of responsible and professional service and action.

A focus on fairness and equity.



By the Numbers...



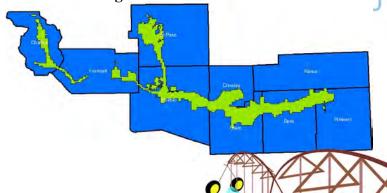
The Fryingpan-Arkansas Project has provided supplemental water for the people of southeastern Colorado for more than 50 years. We should keep in mind the value of the Project and the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District's role in administering and preserving the Project. These pages offer a quick reference to the scope of service provided by the District and the Project.

952,000 people

Population of the District in 2022, up from about 330,000 when the District was formed in 1958. (U.S. Census)

5,142 square miles

Area of the District in 2021. Some areas have been added through inclusions since 1958.



246,000 acres

Irrigated farmland receives Project water through District allocations and sales.





Amount of space reserved for Project M&I carryover storage in Pueblo Reservoir.

122,881 acre-feet

10-year average for Project M&I carryover storage in Pueblo Reservoir.

By the Numbers...

69,200 acre-feet

Design yield of Project imports, based on historical flows.

59,618 acre-feet

The 20-year average for Project imports.

44,907 acre-feet

20-year average for allocations after deductions.

17,222 acre-feet

The 20-year average for Municipal & Industrial allocations.

27,685 acre-feet

The 20-year average for Irrigation allocations.

9,548 acre-feet

The 20-year average for Return Flows

116,986 acre-feet

System-wide total 20-year average for Winter water storage.

42,776 acre-feet

20-year average for storage of Winter water in Pueblo Reservoir.



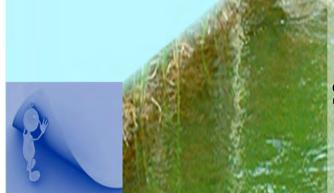
7,585 acre-feet

This amount of space is contracted in 2024 on behalf of Enterprise stakeholders through the Excess Capacity Master Contract. The maximum amount of the contract is 29,938 acre-feet.

\$45.34/acre-foot

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

The rate paid in 2024 to Reclamation for Excess Capacity storage in Pueblo Reservoir.



Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District Municipal Users

Fry-Ark Principles

Municipal water gets priority under the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Operating Principles. Project Allocation Principles provide the basis for dividing Project water among regions for municipalities:

Fountain Valley Authority: 25%

Pueblo: 10%

East of Pueblo: 12% West of Pueblo: 4%



NPANIW receives 3.59 percent, which is further divided as follows:

Arkansas Valley Conduit (future): 2.18
Fountain Valley Authority: 0.48%

West of Pueblo: 0.27%

Pueblo West Metro District: 0.34% Manitou Springs:

0.35%.

The population within the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District has grown from about 330,000 when the District was formed to roughly 952,000 today. By the year 2030, the population is expected to be 1.3 million.

The District provides a supplemental supply of water for all of the cities within its boundaries, as well as domestic water for unincorporated areas.

Allocation Principles reserve 51 percent of the water for municipal use.

In 2007, the Board passed a resolution to allocate water from agricultural lands permanently dried up by water transfers to municipal use.

This new supply of municipal water, given the ungainly title Not Previously Allocated Non-Irrigation Water (NPANIW) totals 3.59 percent of diversions, and is allocated along proportional lines.

The NPANIW allocation assisted in the shift of demand as municipalities began requesting their full amount of Project water.

Delivery of Project water varies, depending on municipal needs and availability of storage.

Since 1972, 701,167 acre-feet of water have been delivered for municipal use, an average of 13,500 acre-feet annually.

Region	Initial Delivery	Total	Average
Fountain Valley	1972	445,249 af	8,424 af
Pueblo Water	2002	46,711 af	2,751 af
East of Pueblo	1972	156,602 af	2,955 af
West of Pueblo	1980	38,458 af	874af
Pueblo West	2007	1,847 af	123 af
Manitou Springs	2003	2,240 af	112 af

Totals through 2023; includes years when no water was taken



Fountain Valley Authority Colorado Springs Fountain Security Stratmoor Hills Widefield

25%

East of Pueblo

96 Pipeline Co. Avondale Arkansas Groundwater & Reservoir Association **Beehive Water** Bent's Fort Co. Boone Cheraw **Crowley County** Water Assoc. Crowley Eads East End Eureka **Fayette**

Fowler Hasty Hilltop Holbrook Center Homestead La Junta Lamar Las Animas Manzanola May Valley McClave Newdale-Grand Vallev North Holbrook **Olney Springs** Ordway

Patterson Valley Riverside Rocky Ford St. Charles Mesa South Swink Southside Sugar City Swink Valley Vroman West Grand Valley West Holbrook Wiley



Pueblo Water 10%

West of Pueblo

Acres of Ireland
Buena Vista
Canon City
Florence
Fremont County
Meadow Lake Estates
Park Center

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

Penrose Salida Upper Arkansas Water Conservancy District

Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District Irrigation Users

Ag Water

Irrigation Companies

Bannister Ditch Beaver Park Water **Bessemer Irrigation**

Cactus Ditch

Canon City & Oil Creek Ditch

Canon Heights

Catlin Canal

Cherry Creek Farms

Classon Ditch

Collier Ditch

Colorado Canal

DeWeese Dye

Ewing Koppe Ditch

Excelsior Irrigating

Fort Lyon Canal

Garden Park & Terry Ditch

Helena Ditch

Herman Klinkerman

Highline Canal

Holbrook Mutual

Las Animas Consolidated

Listen & Love

Michigan Ditch

Morrison & Riverside

Otero Ditch

Oxford Farmers Ditch

Potter Ditch

Reed Seep Ditch

Riverside Dairy

Saylor-Knowles Seep Ditch

Steele Ditches

Sunnyside Park

Talcott & Cotton

Titsworth Ditch

Tom Wanless Ditch

West Maysville Ditch

Wood Valley Ditch

Well Associations

Arkansas Groundwater and **Reservoir Association** Lower Arkansas Groundwater **Users Association**





Fryingpan-Arkansas Project water for agricultural use can be delivered to irrigation com- increased the demand for agricultural Return panies, but not individual farmers.

Since 1972, about 1.72 million acre-feet of Project water has been provided to irrigators, about 34,000 acre-feet per year. This includes the sale of Return Flows.

Although the Allocation Principles designate less than half of Project water to irrigation use, about 73 percent has gone to agriculture since deliveries began in 1972.

Part of the reason for this has been the lack of need for water by cities in some years, and in recent years, full accounts in Project storage first right of refusal on return flows generated that prevent further allocations.

Irrigation companies generally have requested more water than has been available. In most years, there has not been sufficient water to fill all of the requests.

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

Changes in state laws and policies have also Flows.

In 1996, new well augmentation rules related to the Arkansas River Compact between Kansas and Colorado required farmers to measure or otherwise account for pumped water usage. Project water became an important source.

Similar rules for surface irrigation improvements were put in force in 2010, creating more need for Return Flows.

The District allows irrigation users to take a by Project water, applied equitably on a farmunit basis.

A pilot program in 2023 allowed storage of Fry-Ark Project Irrigation allocations for more than one year if space is available.

2024 Water Sales and Storage Pates	Rate and Surcharge (\$/ac-ft)				
2024 Water Sales and Storage Rates	Total Charge	WAE Rate		WAE Surcharge	
Project Water					
Project Water First Use (60% Consumed)	\$13.14	\$	13.14	\$	7.
Project Water Full Use (100% Consumed)	\$21.90	\$	21.90	\$	- 2
Project Water Return Flow (100% Consumed)	\$21.90	\$	21.90	\$	
Storage					
Carryover Project Water	\$4.52	\$	-	\$	4.52
Winter Water	\$4.52	\$	2.80	\$	1.72
Excess Capacity In District	\$4.52	\$	- 4	\$	4.52
Excess Capacity Out of District	\$10.00	\$	-	\$	10.00
Excess Capacity Aurora	\$10.00	\$		\$	10.00

Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District Governance

BOARD OF DIRECTORS			
COUNTY	SEATS		
Bent	1		
Chaffee	1		
Crowley	1		
El Paso	5		
Fremont	1		
Kiowa-Prowers	1		
Otero	1		
Pueblo	3		
At-large	1		

There are 15 Board members who are appointed for fouryear terms by District Court judges. Five members are appointed annually in three out of every four years. **Five appointments** are scheduled to occur in 2020. **⇒** 1958-1985 Two seats were appointed per county, except for one seat

Colorado Springs
Utilities and Pueblo
Water petitioned the
court to appoint
board seats according
to population.
El Paso County had
five seats, Pueblo
County three seats,
and others one seat.
Prowers and Kiowa
still shared one seat.

An at-large seat was created, and may be filled from any of the

shared by Prowers and Kiowa Counties.

Powers of the Southeastern District under Colorado law

District boundaries include parts of nine counties, each of which has incorporated cities, water districts or companies, and irrigated agriculture.

Under Colorado law (CRS 37-45-118), the District has the following powers:

- ⇒ To hold and enjoy water, waterworks, water rights, and sources of water supply, and any and all real and personal property.
- ⇒ To sell, lease, encumber, alien, or otherwise dispose of water, waterworks, water rights, and sources of supply of water for use within the District.
- ⇒ To acquire, construct, operate, control, and use any and all works, facilities, and means necessary or convenient to the exercise of its power.
- ⇒ To contract with the government of the United States or any agency thereof for the construction, preservation, operation, and maintenance of tunnels, reservoirs, regulating basins, diversion canals and works, dams, power plants, and all necessary works incident thereto and to acquire perpetual rights to the use of water from such works and to sell and dispose of perpetual rights to the use of water from such works to persons and corporations, public, and private.

- ⇒ To enter into contracts, employ and retain personal services; to create, establish, and maintain such offices and positions as shall be necessary and convenient for the transaction of the business of the District; and to elect, appoint, and employ such officers, attorneys, agents, and employees therefore as found by the Board to be necessary and convenient.
- ⇒ To invest or deposit any surplus money in the District treasury, including such money as may be in any sinking or escrow fund established for the purpose of providing for the payment of the principal of or interest on any contract or bonded or other indebtedness, or for any other purpose, not required for the immediate necessities of the District.
- ⇒ To participate in the formulation and implementation of nonpoint source water pollution control programs related to agricultural practices in order to implement programs required or authorized under federal and state law.
- ⇒ Nothing shall be construed to grant to the District or Board the power to generate, distribute, sell, or contract to sell electric energy except for the operation of the works and facilities of the District and except for wholesale sales of electric energy which may be made both within and without the boundaries of the District or subdistrict.

District ad valorem, specific ownership tax collections

State law also allowed the District to collect 0.5 mills in property taxes prior to construction of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project, and 1 mill when repayment began. Up to 1.5 mills could be charged if payments were in default.

The Board of Directors chose to assess a 0.4 mill levy until the District signed a Repayment Contract with the Bureau of Reclamation in 1982. Changes in the Colorado Constitution (Gallagher Amendment, 1982; Taxpayer's Bill of Rights, 1992) limit the amount that can be collected under the District's mill levy.

The District's mill levy in 2023 is 0.768 mills, which is divided into three parts.

These are:

• 0.734 mills for Contract repayment and operation, maintenance and replacement or

OM&R (reflects a one-time reduction of 0.166 mills);

- 0.029 mills for District administration (reflects a one-time reduction of 0.006 mills); and
- 0.005 mills for refunds and abatements.

The District, or Government Activity, also receives revenue from Specific Ownership taxes, interest on investments, interfund reimbursements, and other sources.

Funding is fully described in the Financial Planning section.



SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

nine counties.

⇒ 1988

Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District Governance



HISTORIC DOCUMENTS

The governance of the District is tied to several historic agreements and documents developed before and during the construction of the Fryingpan-**Arkansas Project** (Project). One of the major purposes of the District has always been to act on behalf of its participants in southern Colorado in matters regarding Fryingpan-**Arkansas Project** construction, operation, and



Federal historic documents:

House Document 187,
 1953: This planning document laid out



the scope of the Project and was included in subsequent legislation.

- Fryingpan-Arkansas Act (Public Law 87-590), 1962: Signed into law in Pueblo by President John F. Kennedy, the act described a system to supply supplemental water to municipal, industrial, and agricultural users in the Arkansas River basin. Hydroelectric power, as well as recreational and environmental benefits to the people of the United States were also mandated. The Fountain Valley Conduit and Arkansas Valley Conduit were both included as features of the Project.
- Repayment Contract with the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, 1982: This contract places certain requirements on the District, including setting aside 0.9 mills in property tax to repay Project costs, interest, and maintenance, operation and replacement of Project features.
- Reclamation Reform Act of 1982: Eligible acres for agricultural allocations are defined.
- Authorization of the Arkansas Valley Conduit (Public Law 111-11), 2009: This law allows the use of miscellaneous revenues to pay for parts of the Project not yet funded, including the South Outlet at Pueblo Dam, Ruedi Reservoir, Fountain Valley Conduit, and Arkansas Valley Conduit.
- Conversion of Repayment Contract, 2021: The Repayment Contract was converted to allow the Fry-Ark Project to continue in perpetuity, with repayment in 2031.

Statewide historic documents:

- Colorado Water Conservation Act, 1937: The conservation act paved the path for formation of the District in 1958. It was amended in 1991.
- Division 2 and Division 5 water rights decrees: Legal vigilance is maintained for water rights held by the District in both the Arkansas River and Upper Colorado River basins.
- Fryingpan-Arkansas Project
 Operating Principles, 1961: The
 Operating Principles are an
 agreement among the District,
 the Colorado River Conservation
 District, the Southwestern Colo

rado Conservation District, and the Colorado Water Conservation Board that limit the



amount of water that can be diverted annually and over a 34-year period.

"10,825 Agreement" to support Programmatic Biological Opinion for Colorado River endangered species, 2010: The District and other Front Range water providers who draw water from the Colorado River basin reached an agreement to supply half of the 10,825 acre-feet of water needed to maintain flows for four endangered fish species.

Agreements and decrees:

- Allocation Principles Decree, 1979: These principles reserve
 51 percent of water for municipal use, and further divide water among regions.
- Winter Water Court Decree, 1987: Under the decree, the District administers a program that allows agricultural users to store non-Project water during winter months.
- Upper Arkansas Voluntary Flow Management Program, 1991: The voluntary program now is operated under five-year plans as described in a 2004 court decree.
- Aurora Intergovernmental Agreement, 2003: Allows excess capacity storage for Aurora in Project facilities in exchange for com-

40-year period.

♦ Six-party Intergovernmental Agreement, 2004: Resolves issues among Pueblo, Pueblo Water, Colorado Springs Utilities, Fountain, Aurora, and the District, while preserving minimum flows in the Arkansas River through Pueblo.

pensation to the District over a

Board policies:

 Allocation Policy (revised 2022):
 The policy clarifies how the Allocation Principles are applied in annual



- allocations of Project water.

 Water & Storage Rates and
 Surcharges: Water and storage
- the Board annually.

 Return Flow Policy, 2004: This policy determines how Return Flows from Project water (from

diversions that are not fully

rates and surcharges are set by

- consumed) are accounted for and sold. The policy was revised in 2022 to clarify how first right of refusal is applied for Irrigation Water
- ♦ Not Previously Allocated Non Irrigation Water Policy, 2007:

This policy allocates the sale of water from lands that were once irrigated, but can no longer receive water under new court decrees. The water can only be used for municipal and industrial purposes.

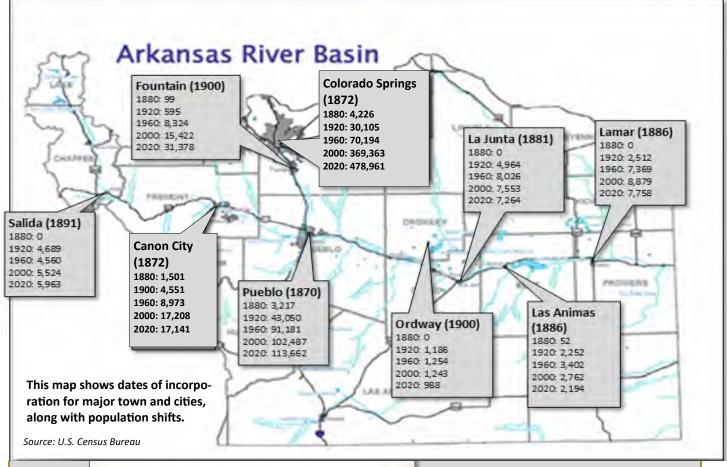
activities.

Settling the Arkansas Valley

A HARD LAND TO TAME

European occupancy of the Arkansas River basin began with Spanish exploration in the 1600s, and French and Spanish settlements in the 1700s. The Santa Fe trail opened the land to the United States in the early 1800s, and railroads brought more people in the late 1880s. By the early 1900s, there were incorporated towns and cities throughout the entire basin.





To learn more: www.secwcd.com

IRRIGATION WAS THE ANSWER

As the population grew, the need for crops increased. However, water was often scarce in a land once termed "the Great American Desert." Irrigation systems formed to take water to surrounding fertile farmlands.

Living in a Variable Climate



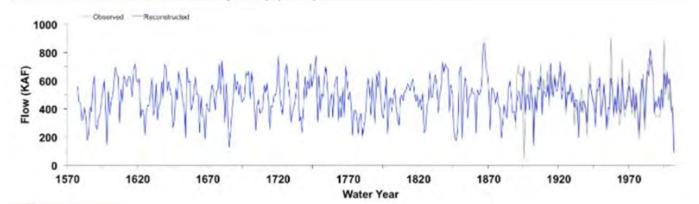
THE THREAT FROM FLOODING

Western settlements typically began along waterways, where cities or towns could draw their water supplies most easily. The early citizens of Pueblo knew that the Arkansas River and Fountain Creek were prone to flooding, but nothing had prepared them for the great flood of June 3, 1921. Floodwaters were 15 feet in some places, 1,500 people died, and \$20 million in damages were reported. The U.S. Corps of Army Engineers moved the river, built a 3-mile levee, and constructed a retention dam to protect the city.

THE RISK OF DROUGHT

The Dust Bowl of the 1930s underscored the uncertainty of water in the Arkansas River basin. Farms that depended on irrigation to feed the nearby cities were taxed. In the midst of the Great Depression, farmers in Crowley County built the Twin Lakes Tunnel near Independence Pass to increase their water supply — a template for transmountain diversions.







An estimate of annual flows in the Arkansas River near Canon City from 1570-2002 is determined from tree-ring data, and illustrates the variability of water availability in the Arkansas River basin. The blue line is the reconstructed flow for the entire period, while the light gray line represents observed measurements. The impact of both irrigation depletions and additional water imported into the basin can be seen by the difference in the 1900s with more extreme wet and dry years.

Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District History

By the mid-1940s, there were already a handful of water projects that brought water over the Continental Divide, but in the post-war era, dreams were big. The Fryingpan-Arkansas Project (Project) would bring billions of gallons of new water to the Arkansas River basin through a diversion high in the watershed.

The task was to convince skeptical communities on the western slope of Colorado that they would not be harmed by the project, and to secure statewide agreement to take the Project to Congress. The Water Development Association of Southeastern Colorado, which included business leaders, irrigators, cities and chambers of commerce from throughout the basin, formed in 1946 to take on that task.



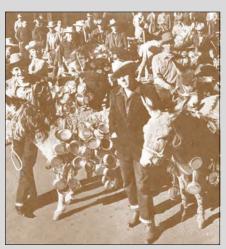


Water Development Association members traveled to Washington D.C. to promote the Project.



A GOLDEN FUTURE

Local leaders from the cities and farm communities alike visited Washington D.C. often to promote the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project. One successful idea was to sell golden frying pans to pay for the trips and build support.



Charles Boustead, President of the Water Development Association and first General Manager of the Southeastern District, and a posse of mule skinners display golden frying pans.

Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District History

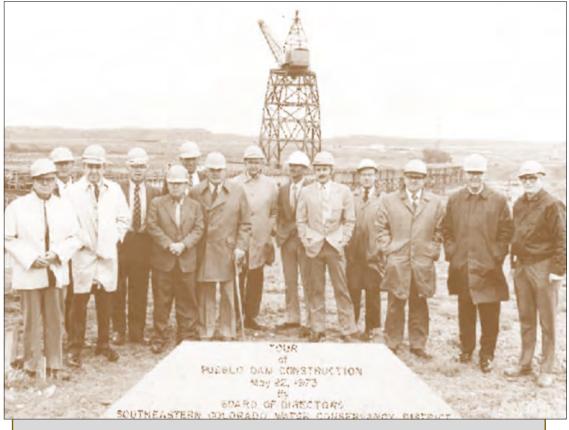
The Water Development Association of Colorado worked for more than a decade to form a district to manage the state and local interests of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project.

Petitions were submitted to Pueblo District Court, and on April 29, 1958, the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (District) was formed. The District boundaries were drawn so that those who would receive the benefits would pay a property tax to repay and operate the Project.

The District is responsible for repayment of the local benefits of the Project, which were calculated to be \$134 million in 1982, over a 50-year period.

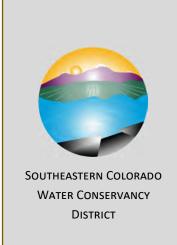
The District also contributes payments for the operation, maintenance and replacement of the Project.





HISTORIC MILESTONES

The Board of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District has always marked the historic milestones of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project, such as the Board tour of the nearly completed Pueblo Reservoir (above) in 1973, and the opening of Boustead Tunnel in 1972 (below, with Sid Nichols, left, and Selby Young, the first two Presidents of the Board.





Fryingpan-Arkansas Project History



"To many Members of the Congress, to many Americans, the words Fryingpan-Arkansas must, of necessity, be a name which is taken on faith. But when they come here to this State and see how vitally important it is, not just to this State but to the West, to the United States. then they realize how important it is that all the people of the country support this project which belongs to all the people of the country."

—President John F. Kennedy, in Pueblo for signing of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Act, August 17, 1962





THE WORK BEGINS

Construction of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project blasted off in 1964, when top state and federal officials gathered at the site of Ruedi Reservoir to ignite some strategically placed explosives on the hillside behind them. The Project was substantially complete in 1981, although some parts, such as the Fountain Valley Pipeline and Pueblo Fish Hatchery, would be completed in the following decade. The Arkansas Valley Conduit is the final remaining unbuilt feature of the Project.

RUGGED TERRAIN

Many Project features were build in high-country locations difficult to reach. This work crew is working on the expansion of Sugar Loaf Dam at Turquoise Reservoir in 1967.



Fryingpan-Arkansas Project History

The Fryingpan-Arkansas Project cost \$498 million to build, but its benefits are evident as the Project nears its 60th year. After it was completed, the Bureau of Reclamation assigned costs to the benefits. The District will finish paying its share in 2031.

Fry-Ark Project Costs

- ♦ Construction: \$498 million
- Interest During
 Construction: \$87
 million
- ♦ Total: \$585 million

Fry-Ark Repayment

- ♦ SECWCD Municipal and Industrial: \$58 million
- SECWCD Agricultural: \$76 million.
- ♦ Fountain Valley Conduit: \$65 million
- Power generation: \$147 mil-
- ♦ Federal benefits: \$237 million





A LANDSCAPE CHANGED

The construction of tunnels, conduits, diversions, and dams to move and store water provides a cushion against drought and protection from floods in the Arkansas River basin. Visionary leaders from four generations earlier created a more sustainable future for those who followed. Future generations will find it hard to imagine a time when Pueblo Reservoir was not the most impressive landmark in the basin.

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Features

Authorized in 1962, the Fry-Ark Project was built to bring water from the Colorado River basin into the Arkansas River basin.

The need for supplemental water is related to the over-appropriation of the Arkansas River. Runoff normally peaks in June, but the late summer months, August and September are often dry. The solution was to store high flows for use later in the season.

More storage also allowed cities within the basin to grow.

The Fryingpan-Arkansas Project is the largest importer of water into the Arkansas River basin.



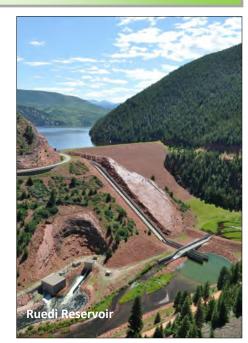


Elements of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project				
Reservoirs	Capacity			
Ruedi Reservoir	102,369 AF			
Turquoise Lake	129,432 AF			
Mount Elbert Forebay	11,530 AF			
Twin Lakes	140,339 AF			
Pueblo Reservoir	338,374 AF			

Conduits, TunnelsLengthSouthside Collection14.2 milesNorthside Collection11.3 milesBoustead Tunnel5.4 milesMount Elbert Conduit10.5 milesFountain Valley Conduit45.5 miles

Other Features

Mount Elbert Power Plant, 200 megawatts
Pueblo Fish Hatchery
South Outlet Pueblo Dam
North Outlet Pueblo Dam





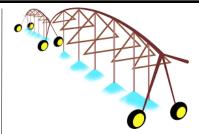




SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Purposes

The Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District was formed before the Fryingpan-**Arkansas Project** with the primary goal of making the Project a reality. The Project had been on the drawing board for nearly two decades before it was approved by Congress in 1962. The needs of the Arkansas River basin are still incorporated into the purpose of the modern-day project.



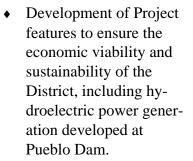
Annual allocation of supplemental water for agricultural and municipal use.

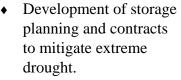


Analysis of fiscal policies to ensure adequate funding for the Project.



- Protecting District water rights.
- Completion of the Arkansas Valley Conduit, an original purpose of the Project that was not completed because of costs.
- Flood Control at Pueblo Reservoir.







- Allocation of water strategies for wet, dry, and average years.
- Development and reliability of the system including analysis of the operations, maintenance, and replacement of outdated or nonoperational features.
- Improving features of the Project Collection System for maximum vield.
- Providing redundancy of service at Pueblo Dam with an interconnection between the North and South Outlets.
- Assuring the safety of dams within the Project.



- Fully utilizing excess capacity at Pueblo Reservoir for the benefit of stakeholders, for both municipal and irrigation purposes.
- Ensuring water storage potential by construction of reservoirs and recovery of storage lost to sedimentation.



- Participation in the preservation and conservation of southeastern Colorado's water resources.
- Providing water leadership to the District stakeholders of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project and to the State of Colorado.



Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Federal Revenue

In 2021, the District and the Bureau of Reclamation signed a converted contract, which extends the operation of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project in perpetuity. Under the terms of the new contract, the District's share of the debt will be paid off at the end of 2031. The District will continue to pay its share of operation, maintenance and replacement (OM&R) for the Fry-Ark Pro-

iect.

When the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project was substantially completed in 1981, costs were assigned according to the benefits of the Project to various purposes.

The Final Cost Allocation assigns repayment costs for each purpose of the Project, and those are reflected in the Operation, Maintenance & Replacement (OM&R) costshare for each feature (see graph at right). The District's obligation was \$134.8 million of the total \$585 million.

The items shown in the accompanying tables (below) do not appear in the District budget each year, but contribute to the annual Project operations.

Fish & SECWCD Irrigation 36%

Flood Protection 17%

Power Municipal 6% 18%

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project costs as apportioned in the Final Cost Allocation in 1981.

Power, Fish & Wildlife, and Flood Protection costs are paid by the federal government, with reimbursement through various "firm contracts." The District pays about 54 percent of the annual OM&R on the Project.

The District pays about \$2 million annually toward routine facility operations, as well as a portion of facility maintenance and rehabilitation.



Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Federal Allocations

Federal Budget Allotments	FY 23	FY 24*
Water & Energy Management & Development	\$ 27,000	\$ 27,000
Land Management & Development	\$ 16,000	\$ 16,000
Fish & Wildlife Management & Development	\$ 33,000	\$ 33,000
Facility Operations	\$ 8,420,000	\$ 8,393,000
Facility Maintenance & Rehabilitation	\$ 1,967,000	\$ 1,751,000
Total Reclamation Allotment	\$10,463,000	\$ 10,235,000

Source: FY2024 Bureau of Reclamation Budget Justification



^{*}Pending congressional action

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Economic Impact

The Fryingpan-Arkansas Project is an economic engine, and its true value has not been fully quantified.

However there have been numerous studies about the value of water in Colorado, and the Project's multiple purposes should be broken into component parts for analysis. Shown on this page is an estimate of value added because of the Project in key areas.



Municipal Water

Water Sales: \$420 million/year

Municipal water sales from the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project average 13,300 acre-feet annually. According to "Water and the Colorado Economy" by Summit Economics (2009), the types of municipal sales of Project water would average \$31,500 per acre-foot.

Water Storage: \$600 million/year

About 60,000 acre-feet of water are stored in non-Project, excess-capacity accounts in Pueblo Reservoir each year. The cost of building new storage would cost at least \$10,000 per acre-foot, according to recent estimates in the Arkansas River basin.

Agricultural Water

Water Sales: \$88.5 million/year

Agricultural sales of Project water, including Return Flows, and Winter Water stored in Pueblo Reservoir have averaged 88,500 acre-feet each year for the past 50 years. The Summit Economics 2009 report placed the value at about \$1,000 per acre-foot for east-



To learn more: www.secwcd.com

ern Colorado, which receives the bulk of allocations.

Recreation Water

Lake Pueblo State Park: \$100 million/year

The park was formed in 1975, soon after Pueblo Dam was completed. About 2 million visitors come to the park each year for boating, fishing,

wildlife viewing, hiking, biking, swimming and other activities. A 2009 study by Colorado State Parks quantified the benefits.

Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area:

\$60 million/year

Timing of flows under the Voluntary Flow Management Program has enhanced rafting and fishing on the Arkansas River. The value was calculated by the Arkansas River Outfitters Association in 2015.



Lake County: \$2 million/year

A 2005 study by ERO Resources for the Southeastern District showed recreation receipts from Twin Lakes and Turquoise Lake totaled about \$2 million.

Ruedi Reservoir: \$3.8 million/year

Water stored in Ruedi Reservoir and the timing of flows on the Fryingpan River added about \$3.8 million for the local economy, according to a 2015 study by the Roaring Fork Conservancy.

Water Quality

USGS Studies: \$200,000/year

Stream gauges funded by the District in a cooperative program with the U.S. Geological Survey require \$200,000 in funding, but are part of an invaluable network that benefits all water users.



Flood Control

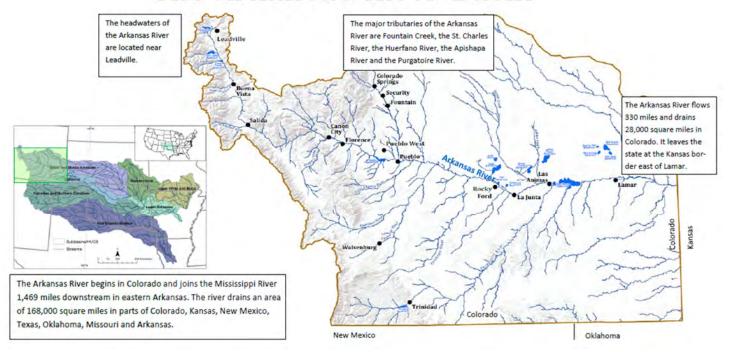
Pueblo Dam: \$36.8 million (1976-2023)

Ruedi Dam: \$19.7 million (1983-2023)

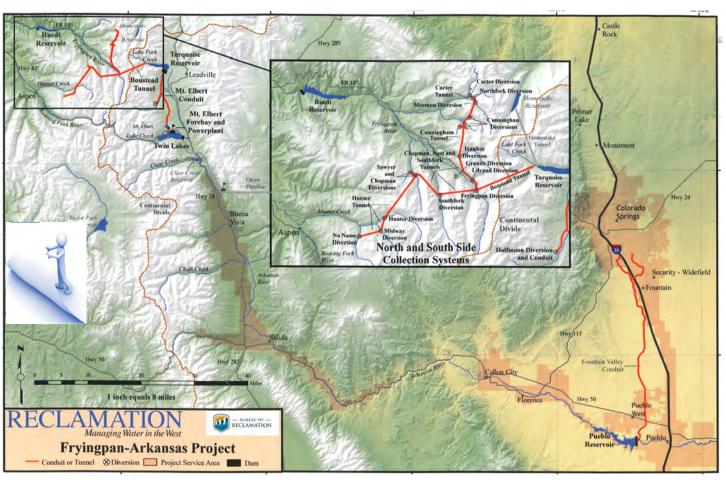
The Bureau of Reclamation annually calculates flood control benefits of the Project.

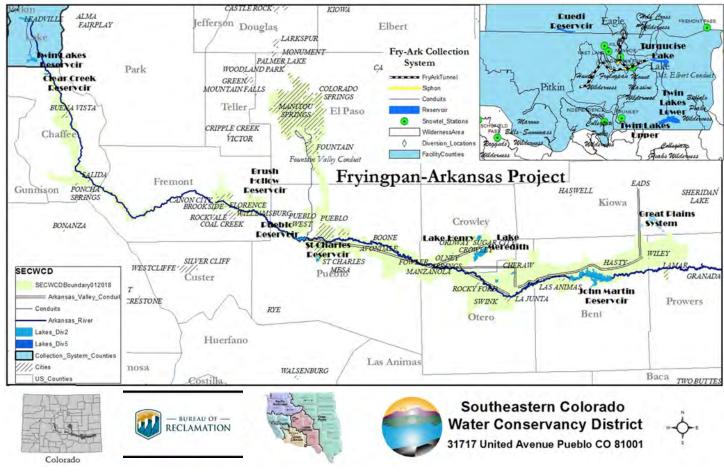


The Arkansas River Basin

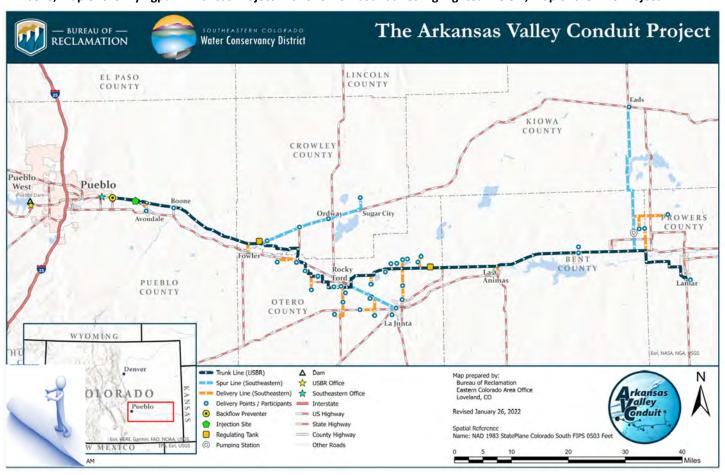


The Fryingpan Arkansas Project





Above, map of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project with SECWCD boundaries highlighted. Below, map of the AVC Project.



SECWCD County Snapshots

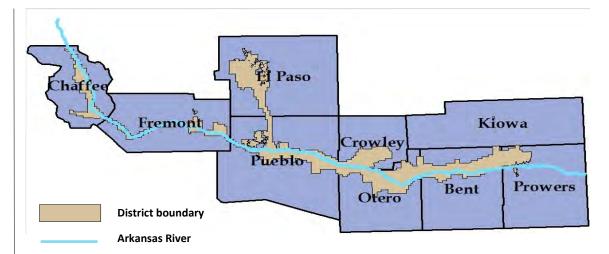
Parts of nine counties are included in the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District.

Each county brings its own unique history and set of challenges when it comes to water use and delivery. Counties range from the rural to urban, with varying demographics.

The following pages are a summary of the nine counties located in the District. The county profiles are updated annually for budgeting purposes.

This year's budget presentation features scenic photos related to water.





- A PHOTO TOUR OF THE
 VARIED SCENERY OF THE
 COUNTIES OF THE SOUTHEASTERN COLORADO WATER
 CONSERVANCY
 DISTRICT IS FEATURED IN
 THIS YEAR'S REVIEW.
- **Bent County**
- Chaffee County
- **Crowley County**
- **Fremont County**
- Otero County
- Kiowa County
- Prowers County
- Pueblo County



(Electronic users: Click on county to jump to page)

Bent County Snapshot



Bill Long, 2002



Population: 5,399 Growth Rate: -4.5%

(2022)

Housing Units: 2,175 Owner-occupied: 1,340 (61.6%) Median Income: \$45,776 Per Capita Income:

\$19,041 (Adjusted 2020 Census data)

Major uses of water:

- ⇒ Agriculture, 99%
- ⇒ **Domestic, 1%** (2015 USGS report)
- ⇒ John Martin Reservoir



Bent County

History

Bent County was formed in 1870 and quickly renamed as Greenwood County, and was about six times larger than its current boundaries. It was renamed Bent County again in 1876, when the northern portion became Elbert County. In 1889, it was redrawn by the state Legislature with its current boundaries.

The area played an important role in Colorado's early history with Bent's Fort, the Santa Fe Trail, Fort Lyon, Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indian reservations all part of its legacy.

Its history also encompasses water. Ditches in the Las Animas area were among the first irrigation projects in the Arkansas Valley, and much of the land in Bent County is irrigated under the Fort Lyon Canal. There were numerous other smaller ditches. In 1948, John Martin Reservoir was completed as a means to regulate the Arkansas River Compact and for flood control purposes.

Population characteristics

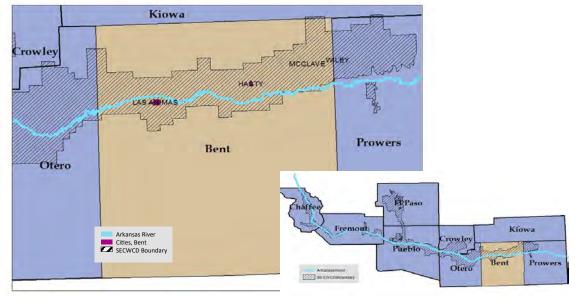
Agriculture remains an important part of the local economy. New jobs were created when a private prison opened there 20 years ago. Later, Fort Lyon State Correctional Facility was repurposed as a homeless treatment facility.

Growth is forecasted in the coming years as new employees come to the area.

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project impacts

Bent County has purchased irrigation and municipal Project water since 1974.

Las Animas, Hasty, and McClave will benefit from the Arkansas Valley Conduit when it is completed.

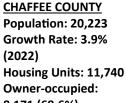




Chaffee County Snapshot



Greg Felt, 2017



8,171 (69.6%) Median Income: \$65,703 Per Capita Income:

\$38,167 (Adjusted 2020 Census data)

Major uses of water:

- ⇒ Irrigation 82%
- ⇒ Aquaculture 15%
- ⇒ **Domestic 3%** (2015 USGS report)
- ⇒ AHRA, Monarch Ski Area, Clear Creek Reservoir, hot springs, Browns Canyon National Monument





Chaffee County

History

Chaffee County was formed in 1879. Located in the heart of the Rocky Mountains, the county experienced an influx of explorers, miners, railroads, farmers, and ranchers in its earliest period.

A state reformatory for juvenile offenders was built in Buena Vista in 1891, and now operates as a prison.

In terms of water development, the Monarch Ski Area and Salida Hot Springs complex were built as Works Progress Administration projects in 1939. The city of Salida later sold the ski area for \$100 to a private developer, but continues to operate the hot springs. There are also hot springs resorts in the Buena Vista area, and geothermal power development has been investigated.

Clear Creek Reservoir was built in 1908 by the Otero Canal Co. and sold to the Board of Water Works of Pueblo in 1955. Several smaller lakes

and reservoirs are part of the Upper Arkansas Water Conservancy District's water augmentation system.

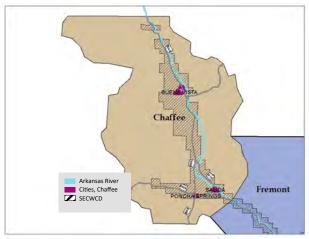
The Arkansas River Headwaters Area (AHRA) was created in 1989. Browns Canyon National Monument was designated in 2015.

Population characteristics

As tourism increased over the past 30 years, a younger population has moved into the area, supporting steady growth. Tourism, retirees and government are the major employment sectors, as the area economy has transformed over the past two decades.

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project impacts

The area has benefited from the Voluntary Flow Management Program, along with municipal and agricultural Project water deliveries since 1975.





Crowley County Snapshot



Matt Heimerich, 2022



CROWLEY COUNTY

Population: 5,614 **Growth Rate: -5.2%**

(2022)

Housing Units: 1,541 Owner-occupied: 1,097 (71.2%) **Median Income:** \$40,685 Per Capita Income:

\$20.909 (Adjusted 2020 Census data)

Major uses of water:

- Irrigation, 85%
- Livestock 7%
- Domestic, 8% (2015 USGS report)
- Lake Meredith

History

Crowley County was formed from the northern part of Otero County in 1911.

Settlement in the area began with the arrival of the Missouri-Pacific Railroad in 1887, and irrigation began in 1890.

The Colorado Canal system, which includes Lake Henry, Lake Meredith, and Twin Lakes, was developed to support relatively junior irrigation rights. Orchards, vegetables, sugar beets, and livestock feed were all major crops.

Farmers, led by the National Sugar Manufacturing Co., drilled the Twin Lakes tunnel to bring water from the Roaring Fork River basin to the Arkansas River basin from 1933-1937.

Most of Twin Lakes shares were sold to Pueblo and Colorado Springs in the 1970s, after the downfall of the sugar beet industry. Most Colorado Canal shares were sold to Aurora and Colorado Springs in the 1980s.

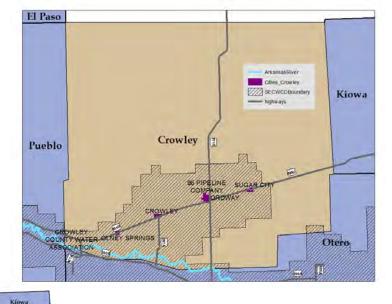
Historically an agricultural economy, Crowley County experienced an economic decline with the sales of Twin Lakes and Colorado Canal water rights to cities in the 1970s and 1980s.

Prisons in the county accounted for population growth in the 1990s and early 2000s, agriculture and government are the major employers.

Fry-Ark Project impacts

Crowley County has purchased agricultural and municipal Project water since 1972. It is part of the AVC.

The farmland dried up by Aurora is no longer eligible for Project water, and resulted in a new class of municipal allocations for the District in 2007, called Not Previously Allocated Non-Irrigation Water (3.59 percent of water sales).





El Paso County Snapshot



Ann Nichols, 2006



Curtis Mitchell, 2014



Mark Pifher, 2016



Andrew Colosimo, 2018



Pat Edelmann, 2019



History

El Paso County predates the formation of the Colorado Territory in 1861. The earliest settlers farmed on Fountain Creek. General William Palmer founded Colorado Springs in 1871.

Colorado Springs built the Blue River pipeline, the Homestake Project (with Aurora), and bought water rights on Fountain Creek and in Crowley County to supplement its needs.

Colorado Springs, Security, Widefield, Fountain, and Stratmoor Hills benefit from the Fountain Valley Conduit, which was built as part of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project.

Most recently, Colorado Springs built the Southern Delivery System (along with Fountain, Security and Pueblo West) to fully use its Arkansas River water rights, reuse transmountain water, and provide water system redundancy.

Population: 740,657 Growth Rate: 1.4% (2022) Housing Units: 304,268 Owner-occupied: 201,730

EL PASO COUNTY

(66.3%)

Median Income: \$82,748
Per Capita Income: \$41,444
(Adjusted 2020 Census data)

Major uses of water:

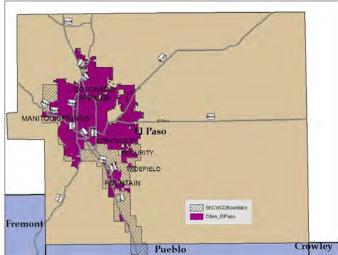
- ⇒ Domestic, 85%
- ⇒ Irrigation, 9%
- ⇒ **Power, 6%** (2015 USGS report)

Population characteristics

El Paso County is the largest county in the District and contributes about 70 percent of the tax revenues. It has remained one of the fastest growing communities in the state since the 1960s, largely due to military bases in the region, with a mix of government, tourism, service, manufacturing, and retail employment. It is the only county in the District in which municipal water use is greater than irrigation.

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project impacts

Fountain Valley Conduit completed in 1985. Homestake Project is deeply integrated with the Project. Southern Delivery System relies heavily on the Project for storage and upgraded the North Outlet Works to Pueblo Dam. Long-term storage contracts have helped in managing water quality issues. El Paso County has purchased Project water, mostly municipal, since 1972.





Fremont County Snapshot



Tom Goodwin, 2011



FREMONT COUNTY

Population: 49,621 Growth Rate: 1.4% (2022) Housing Units: 20,593 Owner-occupied: 15,527(75.4%) Median Income: \$56,165 Per Capita Income: \$28,224 (Adjusted 2020 Census

Major uses of water:

data)

- \Rightarrow Irrigation, 92%
- ⇒ **Domestic, 7%** (2015 USGS report)
- ⇒ Royal Gorge Bridge, AHRA

History

Fremont County predates the formation of the Colorado Territory in 1861, but its boundaries varied until 1877, when Custer County was carved from the southern end of the county.

Canon City grew around the prison built in 1871. More prisons were added in the 1970s and 1980s, with a federal prison complex opening near Florence in the 1990s.

Canon City developed a strong manufacturing base in the mid-1900s. It became the regional hub. Dall DeWeese and C.R.C. Dye developed orchards in Lincoln Park by bringing water from Grape Creek and constructing a reservoir in Custer County.

Florence sprang up along railroad tracks to support mineral extraction and industry — coal, oil, gold, bricks and cement. Penrose became known for its orchards. There were numerous dairies in Fremont County, and some are still in operation.

Rural Fremont County was known for its cattle ranches.

The Royal Gorge Bridge was built in 1929, and is the cornerstone of a long tourism tradition. In 1989, the Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area was formed.

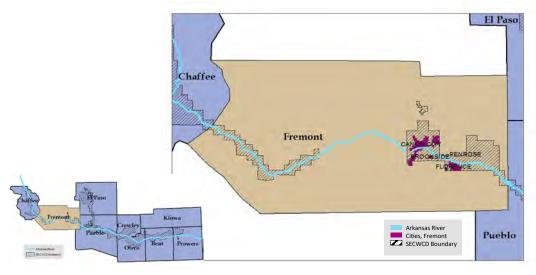
A coal-fired power plant was built in 1897, but closed by Black Hills Energy in 2012.

Population characteristics

Government jobs, retiree income, and retail trade dominate the local economy. The area is likely to attract more young adults as job opportunities increase, according to state projections.

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project impacts

Fremont County has purchased Project water for municipal and irrigation use since 1972. Its tourism economy also benefits from the Voluntary Flow Management Program.





Prowers-Kiowa Counties Snapshot



Dallas May, 2016

PROWERS COUNTY

Population: 11,854 Growth Rate: -1.2% (2022)

Housing Units: 5,649

Owner-occupied: 4,011 (71%)

Median Income: \$49,442

Per Capita Income: \$29.026

(Adjusted 2020 Census data)

Major uses of water:

- Irrigation, 97%
- Livestock, 1%
- Domestic, 2% (2015 USGS report)

KIOWA COUNTY

Population: 1,452 Growth Rate: -1.5%

(2022)

Housing Units: 745 Owner-occupied: 551

(73.9%)

Median Income:

\$45,250

Per Capita Income:

\$27,957

(Adjusted 2020 Census data)

Major uses of water:

- ⇒ Irrigation, 46%
- Livestock, 44%
- Domestic, 9% (2015 USGS report)



History

Both counties were formed in 1889, when Bent County was divided into smaller units. They have a long history of agricultural endeavors, particularly raising cattle, fodder and dryland crops in an often semi-arid environment. Crops like sugar beets and broom corn were important in the past.

Irrigated agriculture is a mainstay and the use of wells has improved chances for success. Several major ditches were washed out in the June 1965 flood, and later purchased by the Lower Arkansas Well Management Association. Prowers County irrigators were the group most affected by the 2009 Kansas v. Colorado Supreme Court ruling.

The area economy is a shifting vision of what could work. When a meat-packing plant in Lamar closed in the 1980s, a bus manufacturing plant opened. Kiowa County unsuccessfully tried to form a state park at the Great Plains Reservoirs in

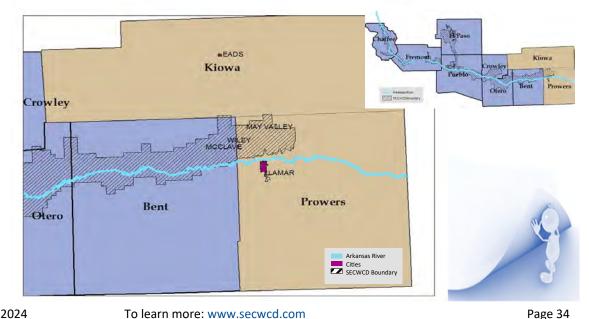
the 1990s. Large wind farms that supply renewable power are being expanded south of Lamar.

Population characteristics

Agriculture continues to be the predominant occupation in both counties. Prowers County serves as a regional commercial center.

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project impacts

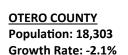
Lamar petitioned to join the District in 1968 so that it could join the Arkansas Valley Conduit when it is built. May Valley and Wiley also are AVC participants. Eads is the sole AVC participant from Kiowa County. Prowers County has received municipal and irrigation Project water since 1972. Kiowa County has not yet received Project water.



Otero County Snapshot



Howard "Bub" Miller, 2005



Housing Units: 8,743

(2022)

Owner-occupied: 6,085 (69.6%) **Median Income:** \$47,500 Per Capita Income: \$25,789

(Adjusted 2020 Census data)

Major uses of water:

- ⇒ Irrigation, 99%
- Domestic, 1% (2015 USGS report)



History

Otero County was formed in 1889 by the split of was purchased by the city of Aurora. Bent County.

Junta became a stopping point for railroads. Bent's made to bring in new types of industry. Old Fort National Historic Site is nearby and emphasizes the community's role as an international trading site.

In water history, a pivotal event was the development of world-class watermelons and cantaloupe by shopkeeper George Swink, who irrigated his plants via the Rocky Ford Ditch.

While many other crops were grown, and cattle are the big money crop, Rocky Ford cantaloupe remain a signature crop for the area. Melon seeds produced locally are shipped worldwide.

Sugar beets later became a major industry for Otero County, but when the market for domestic sugar collapsed in the early 1980s, the large block of Rocky Ford ditch shares (54 percent) owned by the American Crystal Co. went on the market and

The sale had a domino effect on Otero County's Located along the route of the Santa Fe Trail, La economy over the next 20 years, and efforts were

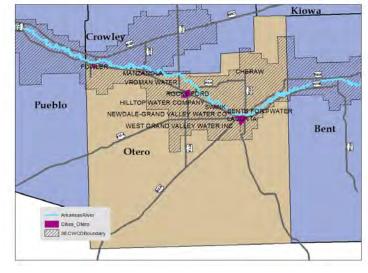
> The Rocky Ford Growers Association was formed to strengthen the Rocky Ford cantaloupe brand.

Population characteristics

Otero County's economy relies on agriculture, services, retirees, and government. Its population grew in the early 1990s, but has been in decline since then.

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project impacts

Leaders from Otero County were instrumental in reviving the Arkansas Valley Conduit in the early 2000s. Of the 40 communities in AVC, 25 are in Otero County.







Pueblo County Snapshot



Alan Hamel, 2017



Seth Clayton, 2017

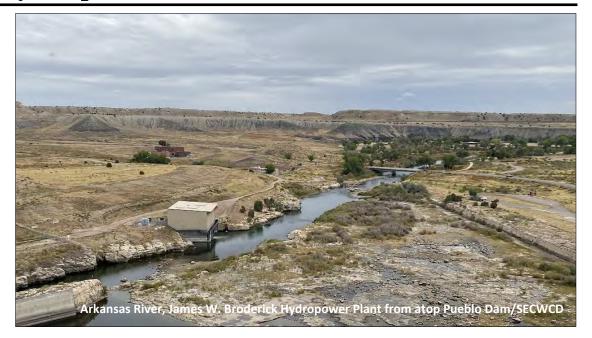


Patrick Garcia, 2018

PUEBLO COUNTY
Population: 169,544
Growth Rate: 0.8%
(2022)
Housing Units: 73,913
Owner-occupied:
49,448 (66.9%)
Median Income:
\$59,436
Per Capita Income:
\$31,513
(Adjusted 2020 Census data)

Major uses of water:

- \Rightarrow Irrigation, 74%
- \Rightarrow Domestic, 12%
- ⇒ Industrial, 9%
- ⇒ Power, 3%
- ⇒ Aquaculture, 1% (2015 USGS report)
- ⇒ Lake Pueblo State Park



History

Pueblo County was formed when Colorado became a territory in 1861. Pueblo was first settled at the junction of Fountain Creek and the Arkansas River. A stagecoach town developed near the site.

Then came the railroad, promoted by General William Palmer, who founded South Pueblo in 1871. The Big Ditch (later renamed Bessemer Ditch and extended) was completed on Pueblo's South Side in 1874. The first steel mill in the west was built at Pueblo in 1881.

Pueblo grew as the industrial, transportation and industrial hub of southern Colorado, surviving a massive flood of the Arkansas River in 1921. During World War II, the Pueblo Army Air Base and Pueblo Ordnance Depot were built.

When the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District was formed, Pueblo was the second-largest city in Colorado and its leaders were among the staunchest promoters of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project.

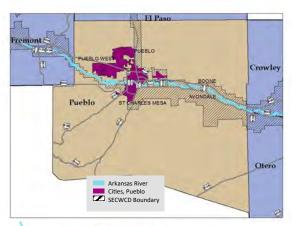
During a downturn in the steel market in the 1980s, the Pueblo Economic Development Corporation was formed.

The Pueblo Chile Growers Association was formed in recent years to promote the region's famous chile peppers.

Population characteristics

Pueblo has enjoyed steady growth since 1990. Its major economic drivers are services, retirees, government, manufacturing, and tourism.

To learn more: www.secwcd.com





Fryingpan-Arkansas Project impacts

Pueblo Reservoir was built on top of a barrier dam west of the city that had been constructed for flood protection. The Project has a flood control component as well.

Pueblo County water users have purchased municipal water since 1972. Boone and Avondale are AVC participants. Pueblo West petitioned into the District in 1971, but was not able to receive Project water until 2007.





Section 2

Offices and Human Capital

The District's professional staff is an asset to those who benefit from the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project and those in our Colorado communities.

In 2022, the District completed a in-house Compensation review. This type of review is completed every three years and presented to the Human Resource Committee and Board of Directors to ensure that District salary ranges align with competitive targets.

In 2023, the District will be adding staff members for increased workload related to the Arkansas Valley Conduit project and to meet workforce planning objectives.





RIGHT SIZE

Low friction No vacancies Not overstaffed



RIGHT SHAPE

Critical competencies Succession management



RIGHT COST

Cost efficiency Manageable cost



RIGHT AGILITY

Agile Resilient Flexible

Workforce planning goals and opportunities

The Offices of Human Capital work to supply the District with the staff to achieve the Strategic Goals set for the District, Enterprise, Arkansas Valley Conduit and Hydroelectric operations.

The Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District staff has grown throughout the years as the needs of the District changed. Employees with specialized skill sets were added for engineering, legal, financial, conservation, planning, and project management.

In response to an increasingly complex and technical work requirement, the District has relied on consultants and technology to maintain cost efficiency.

Today, the District has 13 full-time employees to accomplish the needed work and manage outside contracts.

The District is poised for changes in the upcoming years, which presents both challenges and opportunities.

In 2024, new positions are included in the budget to reflect the changing workload, especially associated with the Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC) project.

A major initiative of the Board will be the recruitment of an Executive Director to lead the District in years to come.

Workforce Planning Model



SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024 To learn more: www.secwcd.com

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Board of Directors





Executive Director
Office

Jim Broderick
Executive Director
2002

General Counsel & Government Programs Office



Lee Miller General Counsel 2011



Peter Levish Staff Attorney 2022

Issues, Programs & Communication Office



Chris Woodka Senior Policy and Issues Manager 2016

Finance & Administrative Services Office



Leann Noga Director of Finance & Administration 2004



Stephanie Shipley Finance Manager 2016



Kevin Meador Principal Engineer 2012



Engineering Planning, Operations & Water Resources Offices

Garrett Markus Principal Water Resources Principal Engineer 2014



Mark Scott Project Coordinator, Principal Engineer 2022



Margie Medina Administrative Support Specialist 2000



Patty Rivas Administrative Support Specialist 2014



Lynette Holt Accounting Specialist 2020



Gordon Dillon Operations Principal Engineer 2024



Program Analyst/ Engineer 2024

(Dates show initial employment with the District)

Justin Mair Facilities and Grounds Maintenance Associate 2022



Intern 2024



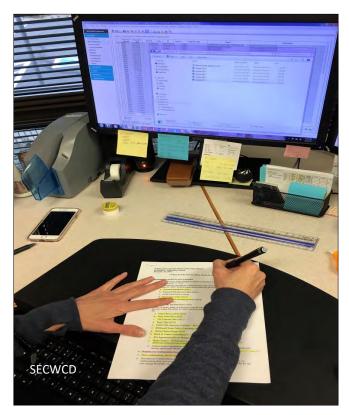
SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Offices and Human Capital Budgeting

Summary of A	2022-2025 Office Summary								
	Budget 2022	Actual 2022	Budget 2023	Actual 2023	Budget 2024	Forecasted 2025	Forecasted 2026		
Executive Director Office	2022	2022							
Executive Director	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
General Counsel & Governmental Program	ns Office				100				
General Counsel	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Staff Attorney	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Finance & Administrative Services Office									
Administrator Finance & Administration	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Finance Manager	-		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Accountant	1.00	1.00				-			
Accounting Specialist	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Administrative Support Specialist	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00		
Administrative Support Associate	1.00	1.00		-		-			
Garden & Grounds Associate	+		0.50	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Intern	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50		
Engineering, Planning, Operations & Wate	r Resources O	office							
Principal Engineer	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Project Coordinator	-	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Water Resource Engineer	1.00	1.00	¥				-		
Water Resource Principal Engineer	-		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Operations Principal Engineer			-	-	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Water Resource Specialist / Engineer		- 4	1.00	- 4	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Issues, Programs & Communications Office	2								
Senior Policy and Issues Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Total Employees	11.50	11.50	14.00	13.00	15.50	15.50	15.50		

The staffing chart above reflects transitional changes in District staff in 2024, as well as Workforce Planning moves that fill District staffing needs at the right level, at the right cost, and with the appropriate skill sets. New positions are included for both increased workload and succession planning.





SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024 To learn more: <u>www.secwcd.com</u> Page 39

Summary of Offices — Introduction & Fund Relationship

2024 Budget	District Fund 49.20%		Enterpri	Enterprise Water Fund, Arkansas Valley Conduit & Hydroelectric Fund 50.80%				
Human Capital appropriation for Office and Activity	Administration (Core and Program Activities)	Reclamation Reform Act	Conservation	Administration (Core and Program Activities)	Excess Capacity	Enlargement Project	Hydroelectric Power Project	Arkansas Valley Conduit
Executive Director	2.66%			2.15%				
General Counsel & Government Programs Office	5.31%			3.81%				
Finance & Administration Services Office	15.94%	2.79%		12.43%	0.25%	0.13%	1.58%	3.65%
Engineering Planning, Operations & Water Resources Office	15.94%	2,58%		12.43%	0.25%	0.13%	1.58%	10.29%
Issues, Programs & Communication Office	2.66%		1.32%	2.15%				
	42.51%	5.37%	1.32%	32.97%	0.50%	0.25%	3.15%	13.939

The following is a summary of the offices at the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (District). All Offices are a part of the District General Fund and budgeted under Human Resource. The District 2023 Adopted Budget of human resource expenditures total \$2,813,055. The human resource budget includes wages and benefits and is expressed in the tables on this page as a percentage of each fund per office.

The human capital in the District also performs work duties for the Enterprise Water Fund, Hydroelectric, and projects. Due to this service provided the Enterprise, Hydroelectric and projects captures a portion of the office costs through an inter-fund reimbursement process. In the 2023 budget the Enterprise Water Fund, Hydroelectric and other projects are budgeted to cover 52.76 percent of the total human resource cost for services provided. The District funds will assume the expense of the other 47.24 percent.

Office performance measures are evaluated in the form of annual reviews completed by supervisory staff and/or the Executive Director. The Executive Director's performance is reviewed annually by the Human Resource Committee members of the Board of Directors.

Viewing this electronically: Click the below buttons to view office descriptions!

> Executive Director Office

General Counsel & Government Programs Office

Finance & Administrative Services Office

Engineering Planning, Operations & Water Resources Office

Issues, Programs & Communications Office

SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

13%

15%

30%

34%

8%

Executive Director Office

The Executive Director is responsible for providing leadership and management of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District. The Executive Director implements the Board of Directors strategic vision and policies through the programs and projects aligned in the Strategic Plan, Business Plan, and Annual Budget.

This is accomplished by building and maintaining relationships with stakeholders, advocating adopted policy positions, and implementing programs and projects to benefit the District's local, regional, state, and federal officials and agencies in a responsible and sound manner.



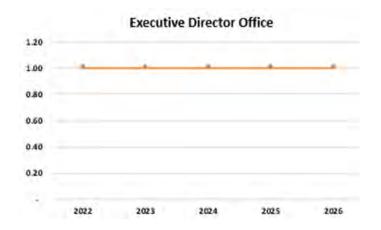




Executive Director Office Responsibilities

- General Counsel & Government Programs Office
- **♦** Finance & Administrative Office
- Engineering Planning, Operations & Water Resources Office
- Issues, Programs & Communications
 Office





	Authorized 2022	Filled 2022	Authorized 2023	Filled 2023	Budget 2024	Forecasting 2025	Forecasting 2026
Executive Director Office							
Executive Director	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total Employees	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

General Counsel & Government Programs Office

General Counsel and Governmental **Programs Office is** responsible for managing timely, effective and high quality legal services. This office leads activities related to state legislative affairs and reports these activities to the Board of Directors, Executive Director, and staff. The General Counsel provides legal support to assist in the accomplishments of the District's policy and strategic goals.

GENERAL COUNSEL

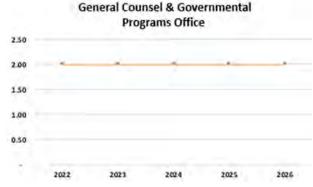
The General Counsel of the District manages all legal affairs, oversees special counsel, and provides a full range of legal services to the Board and District staff in the performance of their official duties. Specifically, the General Counsel ensures that District business is conducted according to all applicable state, federal, and local laws and regulations.

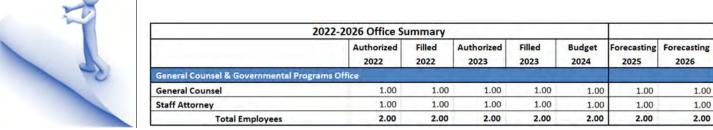
GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS

This office leads activities related to state legislative relations. It monitors and analyzes proposed bills, amendments, laws, and regulations for potential impacts on the District. This office participates in the legislative and strategic policy decision making related to the District's position on federal and state legislation.

COLORADO RIVER PROGRAMS

This office coordinates the Colorado River Programs with state and federal officials and other basin states, on areas of common interest, exploring alternatives to protect and enhance the existing Colorado River supply.







General Counsel & Government Programs Office

General Counsel & Government Programs Office

Administrative & Program Goals

2024 Performance Objectives

- Arkansas Valley Conduit Repayment Contract
- Conditional Exchange Rights in Arkansas River Basin
- ♦ Colorado River Basin Issues
- Division 2 and Division 5 Water Rights Defense

General Counsel & Governmental Programs Office

Major Project Goals

2024 Performance Objectives

- Arkansas Valley Conduit Repayment Contract
- ♦ Fountain Valley Authority Contract
- Diligence on Arkansas River (Division 2) Exchange Water Rights and Grape Creek Exchange Rights
- Professional Training of Staff Attorney, Succession Plan
- ♦ Colorado River Basin Issues

PERFORMANCE

Measurement of Completion

Summary	2023 Actual	2024 Projected Goal	Justification
Fountain Valley Authority Contract	50%	100%	In-house Standard
Conditional Water Rights Division 2	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Conditional Water Rights Division 5	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Arkansas Valley Conduit Contracts	50%	100%	In-house Standard
Professional Training Staff Attorney	75%	100%	In-house Standard

2023 Performance Results

- Groundwork for AVC Repayment Contract
- Discussions with stakeholders on governance structure for AVC
- Groundwork for Fountain Valley Authority Contract Renewal
- ♦ Service on statewide Colorado River Task Force
- Colorado River Programs Quarterly Report to the Board of Directors
- State Legislation monthly updates to the Board of Directors
- Water Court Case Monitoring and Intervention

SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024 To le

Finance & Administrative Services Office

The Finance Office provides financial planning, analysis, and reporting; supports business objectives by providing necessary technology tools; manages financial resources; provides effective and costeffective management services; maintains financial integrity and provides financial information to internal and external stakeholders.

Finance Office

FINANCE & ACCOUNTING

This office is responsible for financial analysis and statement reporting according to principles. Responsible for budget development and management, long-range financial planning, cash and treasury management, accounts receivable and payable, accountable property, and working with external and internal auditors during the annual financial audit.

MATERIAL CONTROL & DISTRIBUTION

This office is responsible for the procurement of goods and services, inventory control, distribution of materials, supplies, and equipment.

GRANT ADMINISTRATION

The grant administration program assists local project and programs by pursuing external funding from local, state, and federal agencies, along with other funding sources.

2022-2							
	Authorized 2022	Filled 2022	Authorized 2023	Filled 2023	Budget 2024	Forecasting 2025	Forecasting 2026
Financial and Administrative Service Office							
Director of Finance and Administration	-	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Adminstration of Finance and Adminstration	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	
Finance Manager			1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Accountant	1.00	1.00	-	-		-	
Accounting Specialist	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Administrative Support Specialist	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Facilities and Grounds Maintenance Associate	-	Ψ.	~	-	1.00	1.00	1.00
Garden Coordinator	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50			1.4
Total Employees	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	6.00	6.00	6.00



Finance & Administrative Services Office

Finance Office

Administrative & Program Goals

2024 Performance Objectives

- Review water and storage rates to meet revenue requirements established by the Financial Model
- Processing of revenues and expenditures related to District and Enterprise activities
- ♦ Ensure a satisfactory Annual Budget
- ♦ Establish a satisfactory Annual Audit
- ♦ Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC) financial support to include processing of state grants

Finance Office

Major Project Goals

2024 Performance Objectives

- Review District and Enterprise Reserves Structure and Policy
- Safety of Dams on Pueblo Reservoir debt repayment
- Fry-Ark Contract debt repayment and OM&R prepayment
- ♦ Hydroelectric Power debt repayment
- Provide historical financial data to support strategic projects and goals

PERFORMANCE

Measurement of Completion

Summary	2023 Actual	2024 Projected Goal	Justification
Fry-Ark Debt Repayment (2032)	87%	89%	In-house Standard
Arkansas Valley Conduit Finances	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Safety of Dams on Pueblo Reservoir (2024)	95%	100%	In-house Standard
Annual Audit	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Annual Budget	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Budget Publication	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Water Rate Setting	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Hydroelectric Debt Repayment (2052)	3%	7%	In-house Standard

2023 Performance Results

- Fry-Ark Contract debt repayment & OM&R reconciliation
- ♦ Contract for Recovery of Storage investigation
- Safety of Dams on Pueblo Reservoir debt repayment & reconciliation
- First payment made to Colorado Water Conservation Board for Hydropower Plant repayment
- Water sales rates and storage surcharges established according to a revised rate structure
- Authorization of additional \$20 million CWCB grant for AVC and First Amendment to Fiscal Agent Agreement with Otero County.

SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Finance & Administrative Services Office

The Administrative Services Office provides services that support the efficient operation of the District. Responsibilities include administrative support to the Board of Directors and District offices; administration of the safety, risk management, and human resource programs; administration of the records management program; and management of facilities related to maintenance and building systems for the main office and surrounding landscape.

Administrative Services Office

HUMAN RESOURCES

This office is responsible for staffing, compensation, benefits design, and administration; ensuring compliance with applicable employment laws; wellness program; people policies; employee relations; and performance management.

FACILITIES SERVICE

Other duties include administrative and operational responsibility for facility services including oversight for ongoing service and maintenance contracts, and general operations and maintenance of the main office and surrounding landscape.

ADMINISTRATION & BOARD SUPPORT

This office provides support to the Board of Directors activities related to formal and special Board meetings, coordination of travel and event arrangements, and safekeeping of official records.

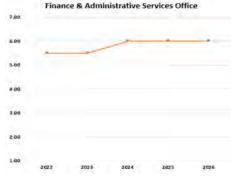
LEARNING &
DEVELOPMENT

This office is responsible for the management, design, and development of the District staff.

Information Technology

The office is responsible for the operations, maintenance, and business continuity of the information technology infrastructure including applications, networks, servers, and workstations for the District.





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Administrative & Employee Service Office

Administrative Services Office

Administrative & Program Goals

2024 Performance Objectives

- Operation and maintenance of District Headquarters facilities
- Operation and maintenance of District Headquarters grounds
- Operation and maintenance of District Headquarters fleet vehicles
- ♦ Ensure human capital staffing
- Human capital education including and improved administrative technical skills

Administrative Services Office

Major Project Goals

2024 Performance Objectives

- Strategically plan for equipment, software, and collaboration tools through technology
- Strategic Plan, Business Plan updates and improvements
- Technology upgrades and new audio visual improvements planned to conduct business, meetings remotely and in person.

PERFORMANCE

Measurement of Completion

Summary	2023 Actual	2024 Projected Goal	Justification
Headquarters Facilities	90%	100%	In-house Standard
Headquarters Grounds	90%	100%	In-house Standard
Fleet Management	67%	100%	In-house Standard
Human Capital Staffing	90%	100%	In-house Standard
Hardware, Software & Technology	90%	100%	In-house Standard

2023 Performance Results

- District Headquarters facilities maintained and upgraded, building repairs following hail storm
- ♦ Audio-visual improvements to Board Room, Executive Conference Room
- District Headquarters grounds maintained, new signage installed in gardens
- District Headquarters fleet vehicles maintained
- Human capital staffing transition planned
- Procedures in place and national search initiated for Executive Director position



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The planning arm of the Engineering, Planning, Operations & Water Resources Office develops policies, and conducts strategic and longterm planning. Operations manages the James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant at Pueblo Reservoir, assists in headquarters operations and will oversee activities related to the Arkansas Valley Conduit when it is built. The water resources department administers Enterprise water activities and coordinates activities with stakeholders and partners.

The state of the s

Engineering Planning & Operations Office

ENGINEERING SERVICE

This office provides technical assistance and/ or services for all engineering activities within the District, including design review, cost estimating, and other functions as required.

RESOURCE PLANNING &
ANALYSIS

This office assists in long-range water resource planning and policy analysis within the Fry-Ark Project and its service area, including initiatives of the Board of Directors.

Power Service

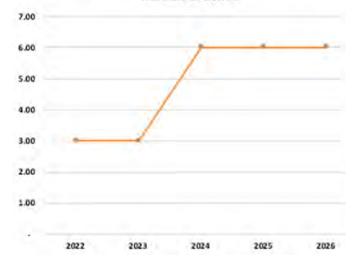
This office manages the James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant at Pueblo Reservoir

PROJECT MANAGEMENT

This office service as the Project management of the District major projects, such as the Arkansas Valley Conduit

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Engineering, Planning, Operations & Water Resources Office



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To learn more: <u>www.secwcd.com</u>

Engineering, Planning & Operations Office

Administrative & Program Goals

2024 Performance Objectives

- Operations of the James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant
- Oversee remaining contract items for the Hydro Plant
- Provide support for major projects in the District and Enterprise

Engineering, Planning & Operations Office

Major Project Goals

2024 Performance Objectives

- Arkansas Valley Conduit: Design of all spur and delivery lines, coordination with Finance Department on AVC financing, collaboration with Reclamation on federal construction projects
- Construction and placement of mechanical plugs at Hydro Plant
- ♦ Complete the Hydropower financing package with Colorado Water Conservation Board

PERFORMANCE

Measurement of Completion

Summary	2023 Actual	2024 Goal	Justification
James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant Operations	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Support District and Enterprise Projects	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Arkansas Valley Conduit construction	10%	10%	In-house Standard
Arkansas Valley Conduit design	10%	100%	In-house Standard

2023 Performance Results

- Maintain operations of the James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant, initiate needed maintenance
- ♦ Design and construction of delivery lines to Avondale Water & Sanitation and the town of Boone in preparation for the Valley Conduit, hiring of firms to design remaining delivery lines, and assistance to Reclamation on federal design and contraction activities.
- Coordinated Arkansas Valley Conduit technical discussions and activities
- Participated in development and execution of the condition assessment of Fry-Ark, District Headquarters and Hydroelectric Power facility
- Initiated discussions on improvements needed in the Fry-Ark Collection System to reach design yield of Fry-Ark Project



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The planning arm of the Engineering, Planning, Operations & Water Resources Office develops policies, and conducts strategic and long-term planning. Operations manages the James W. Broderick **Hydropower Plant** at Pueblo Reservoir, assists in headquarters operations and will oversee activities related to the Arkansas Valley Conduit when it is build. The water resources department administers Enterprise water activities and coordinates activities with stakeholders and partners.

Engineering Water Resources Office

WATER OPERATIONS

This office is responsible for the efficient delivery of Fry-Ark water. It provides front-line water customer service, water accounting, and forecasting. This office is also responsible for performing hydraulic and hydrologic engineering.

ENGINEERING SERVICE

This office provides administration and legal stewardship of Fry-Ark technical records, provides technical engineering expertise, and supervises project management.

RESOURCE PLANNING & ANALYSIS

This office is responsible for long-range water resource planning and policy analysis within the Fry-Ark service area, including initiatives of the Board of Directors.

Power Service

This office assists in the management of the James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant at Pueblo Reservoir



2022-2026 Office Summary							
	Authorized 2022	Filled 2022	Authorized 2023	Filled 2023	Budget 2024	Forecasting 2025	Forecasting 2026
Engineering, Planning, & Operations Office							
Principal Engineer	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Water Resource Principal Engineer			1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Project Coordinator Principal Engineer	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Operations Principal Engineer	-		1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00
Water Resource Engineer	1.00	1.00			1.00	1.00	1.00
Water Resource Specialist / Engineer		14	1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00
Total Employees	3.00	3.00	5.00	3.00	6.00	6.00	6.00

Engineering & Water Resources

Administrative & Program Goals

2024 Performance Objectives

- Compilation of District boundaries
 GIS mapping for true-up with counties
- Reclamation Reform Act ongoing program to track irrigated acres in the District boundaries
- Winter Water Storage ongoing program that allows Ag entities to store water during off-season
- Fountain Creek Transit Loss ongoing program to track Return Flows in Fountain Creek
- Restoration of Yield study, purchase, design, and implement storage to capture water releases downstream of Pueblo Reservoir
- Allocation of Project water and Return Flows
- Provide support for James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant operations at Pueblo Dam

PERFORMANCE

Measurement of Completion

Summary	2023 Actual	2024 Goal	Justification
Boundaries & Inclusion	60%	90%	In-house Standard
Reclamation Reform Act	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Water Sales & Storage	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Winter Water	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Water Quality Monitoring	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Voluntary Flow Management	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Fountain Creek Transit Loss	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Restoration of Yield	10%	10%	In-house Standard
Asset Management	10%	25%	In-house Standard
Collection System Betterments	10%	25%	In-house Standard
Regional Resource Planning Group	50%	100%	In-house Standard

Engineering & Water Resources Office

Major Project Goals

2024 Performance Objectives

- Complete Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Condition Assessment
- Regional Resource Planning Group path forward implementation
- ♦ Complete audio-visual upgrade at headquarters to accommodate live or online interaction

2023 Performance Results

- ♦ Initiated upgrade of audio-visual equipment in the Boardroom and Executive Conference Room at District Headquarters
- Provided support for James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant at Pueblo Dam
- ♦ Continued true-up of District boundaries following mapping completion
- Ongoing Reclamation Reform Act program to track irrigated acres in the District boundaries
- Ongoing Winter Water Storage Program that allows Ag entities to store water during off-season
- Ongoing Water Quality Sampling to ensure water quality in rivers
- Ongoing Fountain Creek Transit Loss program to track Return Flows in Fountain Creek
- Ongoing Restoration of Yield study, purchase, design, and implement storage to capture water releases
- ♦ Ongoing Project water allocation



SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Issues, Programs & Communication Office

The Issues, Projects, Programs and Communications Office provides outreach services to maximize efficient use of the region's existing water supplies through a variety of targeted programs and initiative. The community relations outreach furthers local water supply through local, state, and federal sponsored programs to promote public education, outreach, and technical assistance for local leaders.

Conservation

The water conservation program develops regional conservation policies and methods, provides tools and training to implement conservation programs, and coordinates the regional water use efficiency efforts.

PROJECTS & PROGRAMS

District projects and programs are coordinated to prove assurances that necessary actions are taken at the appropriate time in order to accomplish the best results.

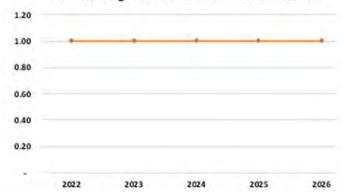
COMMUNITY RELATIONS

The community relations outreach oversees an array of strategies and programs related to increasing public awareness for motivating and improving collaboration, communications, and coordination between the District and stakeholders.

Issues Management

As the District's activities continue, new issues may arise which require decisive action by staff to continue to project a forward-moving image among area, state, and federal communities. The office will assist in taking proactive steps, including producing long-term planning materials, to ensure the District stays on course to accomplish goals.

Issues, Programs and Communications Office



2022-2026 Office Summary							
	Authorized 2022	Filled 2022	Authorized 2023	Filled 2023	Budget 2024	Forecasting 2025	Forecasting 2026
Issues, Programs and Communications Office							
Senior Policy and Issues Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total Employees	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00



Issues, Programs & Communication Office

Issues, Programs & Communications Office

Administrative & Program Goals

2024 Performance Objectives

- Arkansas Valley Conduit planning, development and communication
- Coordination with state and federal agencies and associations
- Budget Publication, Strategic Plan, Business Plan updates and improvements
- Administer Excess Capacity Master Contract
- ♦ Coordinate Recovery of Storage Study

Issues, Programs & Communications Office

Major Project Goals

2024 Performance Objectives

- Communication Contact for Arkansas Valley Conduit Project
- Reclamation coordination in Recovery of Storage Study
- Planning liaison for Arkansas River Basin Water Forum,
 Water '22, Colorado Water Congress and other activities

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PERFORMANCE

Measurement of Completion

Summary	2023 Actual	2024 Goal	Justification
Arkansas Valley Conduit Communications	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Coordination with outside agencies	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Tour and Events	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Budget, Business Plan, Strategic Plan	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Excess Capacity Master Contract	100%	100%	In-house Standard
Recovery of Storage	50%	100%	In-house Standard

2023 Performance Results

- Produced videos and coordinated activities for Fry-Ark 60th Anniversary
- ♦ Communication, administration for Recovery of Storage Study coordinating activities between District and Reclamation
- Completion Budget Publication, Business Plan, and Strategic Plan
- Communication for Arkansas Valley Conduit and Bureau of Reclamation; assisted in planning for groundbreaking ceremony
- Presentation of District projects and programs to various outside groups
- ♦ Participate in planning of Arkansas River Basin Water Forum
- ♦ Administration of Excess Capacity Master Contract



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Offices and Human Capital — Section 2

Measuring Progress: An Assessment of Staff Performance on Business Plan Programs, Projects and Activities.

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project 2024	Lead Office (s)	Description/Goals	2023 Progress	2024 Target
Repayment Contract	Finance/Legal	Repay Fry-Ark Debt	85%	87%
Operation, Maintenance & Replacement	Finance	Payments for District Share	100%	
OM&R Credits	Finance	Credit to District OM&R	100%	
Fryingpan-Arkansas Reserve Fund	Finance	Increase Fund Balance	100%	
Miscellaneous Revenues Excess Capacity Master Contract	Finance Programs	Reclamation Fund for AVC Contract for Pueblo Reservoir Accounts	100% 100%	
Winter Water	Engineering Water Resources	Coordinate Winter Water Storage	100%	
Reclamation Reform Act	Engineering Water Resources	Track Irrigated Acres	100%	100%
Recovery of Storage	Programs	Extraordinary Maintenance	10%	25%
Collection System Betterments	Engineering Water Resources	Extraordinary Maintenance	10%	25%
Asset Management	Engineering Water Resources	Extraordinary Maintenance	10%	25%
District Operations 2024	Lead Office (s)	Description/Goals	2023 Progress	2024 Target
Human Resources	Administration	Transitional Planning and Stability	90%	100%
District Headquarters	Administration	Maintain District Building	100%	100%
District Grounds	Administration	Maintain District grounds	90%	100%
Information Technology	Administration	Keep assets up to date	100%	100%
Fleet Management	Administration	3 Vehicles, 6-Year Rotation	5%	100%
Boundaries & Inclusion	Engineering Water Resources	Accurate Boundaries & Inclusions	90%	100%
Water Rights Protection	Legal	Diligence, Protection of Water Rights	100%	100%
Water Conservation & Education	Communications	Conservation Planning in 2022	100%	100%
Communications & Outreach	Communications	Develop Communication Plan	100%	100%
Long-Range Financial Planning	Finance	Water Rates Structure	90%	100%
Reserve Funds	Finance	Establish Reserve Structure	50%	100%
Outside & Professional Services	Administration	Outside help for all areas	100%	100%
Streamflow Forecasting	Engineering Water Resources	More Accurate Water Supply Forecast	50%	100%
CoAgMet Monitoring	Engineering Water Resources	Ongoing Weather Monitoring	100%	100%
Watershed Health	Programs	Cooperative Basinwide Program	5%	25%
Enterprise Operations 2024	Lead Office (s)	Description/Goals	2023 Progress	2024 Target
Water and Storage Sales & Surcharges	Finance, Water Resources	Allocation & Water Rates	100%	100%
Water Quality Monitoring	Engineering Water Resources	USGS Cooperative Programs	100%	100%
Colorado River Programs	Legal	Colorado River Activities	100%	100%
Fountain Creek Transit Loss Model	Engineering Water Resources	Cooperative Basinwide Program	100%	100%
Regional Resource Planning Group	Engineering Water Resources	Cooperative Basinwide Program	25%	100%
Safety of Dams	Finance	Repay Safety of Dams Debt	96%	100%
Restoration of Yield	Engineering Water Resources	Cooperative Basinwide Program	25%	25%
Arkansas Valley Conduit 2024	Lead Office (s)	Description/Goals	2023 Progress	2024 Target
AVC Construction	Engineering Planning	Enterprise Construction Project	10%	10%
AVC Design	Engineering Planning	Enterprise Construction Project	10%	100%
Hydroelectric Power 2024	Lead Office (s)	Description/Goals	2023 Progress	2024 Target
James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant	Engineering Planning	Enterprise Operations	100%	100%
Key:				
Completion	Future Projects In Business Plar	but not listed on this table include:		and the same of th
Implementation		ansas River Basin Storage, John Martin Res	ervoir Storage,	
Design		lo Dam Interconnect, Records Managemen		
	5 5 11 14			

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Planning



Section 3

Financial Planning

Introduction

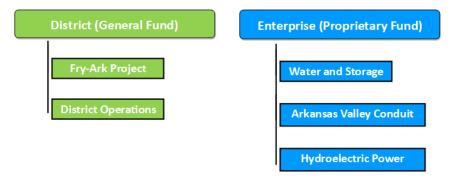
Planning Documents

The Strategic Plan is a long-term roadmap for District and Enterprise projects and programs.

The Business Plan provides a blueprint of the work that is expected to be accomplished in the coming three years.

The Annual Budget is a more detailed look at the year ahead.

The Annual Financial
Report reconciles revenues and how funds
were spent.



The Financial Planning Section of this document is designed to create a clear understanding of the financial structure of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District also known as the General Fund and Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise, Proprietary Fund also known as the Business Activity.

Financial, analytical, comparison data, and 2024 Budget explanations and budget statements can be found in the Budget Overview section of this document.

The 2024 Budget is made up of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (District) referred to as the General Fund or the Governmental Activities and the Proprietary Fund or Water Activity Enterprise (Enterprise) referred to as the Enterprise Fund, the Water Fund and/or the Business Activity for the year January 1 through December 31, 2024.

The General Fund consists of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project (Fry-Ark) subfund and the District Operations subfund. The Proprietary Fund consists of the Water and Storage, Arkansas Valley Conduit, and Hydroelectric Power subfunds.

The Board of Directors revised the Water and Storage rate structure in 2023, as the latest step in an ongoing financial review that began in 2017. In 2024, the Board plans to look at how reserves are defined, targets for reserve funding and policies for reserves.





Financial Planning Takes Time

In recent years, the District has taken a hard look at its historical practices, financial structure and future needs. This summary looks at where we've been and where we're going from a financial point of view.

2017-18: Framing the Future

Framing the Future was a comprehensive look at all aspects of the District and Enterprise Budget .

2019: Financial Study

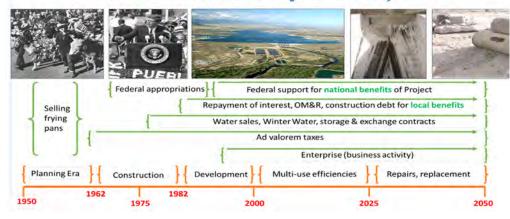
Jacobs Engineering completed the Financial Strategy and Sustainability Study, which led to several recommended actions .

2023: Financial Discussion

The Board will consider water rates, storage rate, surcharge rates and determining appropriate reserves.

SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Financial timeline of Fry-Ark Project



Framing the Future, 2017-2018

In 2017, the District began a process called Framing the Future, which took a long look at the financial history, current practices, and future needs of the District and Enterprise.

The discussions began in the Executive Committee, which includes all officers and the chairs of each of the District's six standing committees. The discussion was needed for several reasons:

- 1) The turnover of Board members. Many new members on the Board may not be aware of the historical basis for policies.
- 2) The debt for the original Fryingpan-Arkansas Project could be paid off as soon as 2022, but ongoing operations, maintenance and repairs must still be funded beyond that point, and a mechanism needs to be in place to assure that
- 3) The District's repayment contract with Reclamation would expire at the end of 2021, and a new contract needed to be negotiated.

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

4) Fryingpan-Arkansas Project infrastructure is aging and may need substantial repairs, or in some cases, replacement. A better understanding of maintenance and repairs was needed.

Four financial areas were discussed in depth:

- 1) **Fry-Ark Contract:** What it means and how it limits or enhances the District's financial controls.
- Finances: how the District operates and the need to match expenditures with revenues.
- Property Taxes: The Board's past, present and future options; state Constitution and statutes.
- 4) Miscellaneous Revenues, Water Sales and Storage: How these sources of funds fit into the budget.

At the conclusion of the Framing the Future discussion, the Board decided to seek an Amendment to the Fry-Ark Contract that would allow repayment over the full 50-year term, pre-pay annual OM&R and allow for a Fry-Ark Reserve Fund.

Fry-Ark Project Repayment Contract

Fry-Ark Debt History

Construction of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project took place from 1964-1981, when it was deemed substantially complete. The total cost of the project was \$585 million, which included \$87 million of interest during construction. The District's share was \$134 million, about 23% of the total cost. When the Fry-Ark Repayment Contract was signed in 1982, the District had paid about \$2 million, leaving \$132 million in debt. The municipal & industrial portion, about 43% of the District's debt, carried a 3.046% annual interest charge, and was paid off first. The agricultural portion, about 57%, is still being paid. Payment was ahead of schedule because of population growth within District boundaries. The term of the 1982 Fry-Ark Contract was 40 years, but the repayment period extended 50 years, and included a provision that hydroelectric revenues could be applied to the debt if other revenues were insufficient.



President John F. Kennedy signs the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Act on August 16, 1962, as Congressmen and supporters of the Project observe.

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Repayment Contract

In 2021, the District negotiated a conversion of the Fry-Ark Repayment Contract with the Bureau of Reclamation.

The term of the contract is in perpetuity with periodic review.

Under a 2018 contract amendment carried forward, the debt for the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project owed by the District will be paid off in 2031.

The Fry-Ark conversion contract signed in 2021 aligns a healthy future for the Fry-Ark Project and its beneficiaries.

Debt Allocation in 1981 Contract

Reimbursable Fry-Ark Costs	Amount
SECWCD Municipal & Industrial	\$58,761,000
SECWCD Irrigation	\$76,028,000
Fountain Valley Conduit	\$64,869,000
Electrical power generation	\$147,509,000

Remaining SECWCD Fry-Ark Debt & Payments

Year	Payments	YE Balance
2024	\$1,467,572	\$10,273,004
2025	\$1,467,572	\$ 8,805,432
2026	\$1,467,572	\$ 7,337,860
2027	\$1,467,572	\$ 5,870,288
2028	\$1,467,572	\$ 4,402,716
2029	\$1,467,572	\$ 2,935,144
2030	\$1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572
2031	\$1,467,572	0



SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024 To learn more: www.secwcd.com Page 57

Financial Strategy and Sustainability Study



Why we did it

The Finance Study grew out of the Framing the Future discussion. In that discussion, the importance of maintaining the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project and its supporting activities was stressed. The District's role as the Project's sponsor was emphasized. The Financial Study was the logical next step in identifying and implementing changes that will allow the District to fulfill its role for the next 60 years and beyond.



Setting the stage for the financial future

The Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District completed a Financial Strategy and Sustainability Study to be completed in 2019. This study that will help to assure the future of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project (Fry-Ark Project), as well and District and Enterprise projects and programs.

The Financial Study by Jacobs Engineering developed several financial tools to help the District adjust to change in an efficient way that has the least impact on District customers or program participants. The major elements of the study included:

- 1) A Financial Plan
- 2) Analysis of policies
- 3) Capital Improvement and Capital Project Plan
- 4) Revenue requirement analysis
- 5) Cost of service analysis
- 6) Rate design analysis

At the conclusion of the Financial Study, the Board of Directors voted to increase Fry-Ark Project water and Return Flow rates for the first time in more than 20 years, after realizing the need to increase revenues to meet expenditures. The Board also adopted four recommended financial policies for Rate Setting, Debt Management, Capital Planning, and Unrestricted Reserves.

In 2023, a new rate structure was adopted to account for the full cost of water and storage. A new rate was applied to water sales, and surcharges removed. A new surcharge rate was applied to all storage in Pueblo Reservoir.

Several issues remained outstanding, including surcharges, the rate to be charged for water storage of carryover Fry-Ark Project water, and reserve levels. These discussions on reserves will resume in 2024.

Protecting the Investment in Water

Future Considerations

The District has initiated programs to protect the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project as it ages. To do this requires careful management of the Fry-Ark Project Reserve Fund established under the 2021 Repayment Contract conversion.

The Board of Directors will look at the Fry-Ark Reserve and other District reserves in 2024, with the goal of creating a sustainable longrange program to finance extraordinary maintenance, unexpected repairs or catastrophic events that may occur in the future.

Three programs have been implemented to deal with this issue:

- 1. Recovery of Storage
- 2. Asset Management
- 3. Collection System Betterments

The financial needs of these programs are outlined on this page.



Recovery of Storage

Pueblo Reservoir has lost most than 25,000 acrefeet in storage to sedimentation in the past 50 years, and this will become critical to operations by the end of the century. During Phase 1 of the Recovery of Storage study, it was determined that dredging or enlarging the dam would cost anywhere from \$85 million to \$200 million, a portion of which would be the District's responsibility. In addition, the District is looking at strategies to reduce the impact of sedimentation by implementing upstream projects. Reclamation is a partner in these studies.



Sounding Pueblo Reservoir.

Failure Mode	Definition	Tactical Aspects	Management Strategy
Capacity	Volume of Demand exceeds design capacity.	Growth and/or system expansion.	Redesign
Level of Service (LOS)	Functional requirements exceed design capacity.	Codes & permits, CSOs, OSHA, noise, odor, life safety service, etc.	O&M optimization, renewal
Mortality	Consumption of asset reduces performance below acceptable level.	Physical deterioration due to age, usage, and acts of nature.	O&M optimization, renewal
Efficiency	Operation costs exceed that of feasible alternatives.	Pay-back period.	Replace

Asset Management

The value of Fryingpan-Arkansas Project dams, tunnels, conduits and other features was estimated to be about \$2.8 billion in a 2020 Asset Valuation study sponsored by the District. As many of the Fry-Ark features pass the 50-year service mark, it is time to think about preventing failure and making sure the capacity, level of service, mortality and efficiency of each part is taken into account. The District's task is to determine the appropriate levels of reserves to deal with arising needs for the continued operation. This is an ongoing program being conducted by the District in cooperation with Reclamation.

Collection System Betterments

The Fryingpan-Arkansas Project was designed to bring over 69,200 acre-feet of water annually for beneficial use in the Arkansas River basin. In the past 10 years, Reclamation has met about 88 percent of that goal, which is a historic high. The District is working with Reclamation to identify operational and technologic strategies that will bring Fry-Ark Project imports closer to design yield.



Cunningham Diversion gate.

Financial Policies

Financial Policies

The 2019 Finance Study recommended four new financial policies for the District, which were adopted by the Board in October 2019: Rate Setting, Debt Management, Capital Management, and Unrestricted Reserves.

The District has an Investment Policy in place, as well as guidelines for accounting, auditing, budgeting, cash management, financial reporting, internal control, records management and other issues.







Rate-Setting Policy

Water rates are set to recover costs, on a long-term basis and net of other revenue sources for the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise (SECWAE).

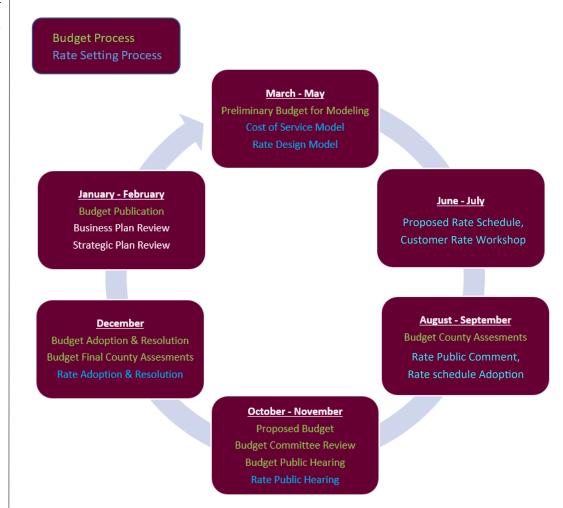
SECWAE will review rates, at least, annually as part of the long-term planning process. A financial model developed in the 2019 Finance Study is the primary tool.

A cost-of-service study may be performed periodically to forecast the revenue requirement. The cost-of-service study is based on a 10-year planning horizon, called the Forecast Period. Rates are set for one year only, called the Firm Year. The second and third years are Advisory Years and align with the District's three-year Business Plan.

Costs are allocated to two customer groups: Municipal & Industrial and Irrigation customer groups.

Rates, under general circumstances, should only be set following public announcement and an adequate provision of time for public comment.

The Board retains its authority permitted under water delivery contracts to adjust rates, as deemed necessary, if rates prove inadequate to cover costs.



Financial Policies

Debt Management Policy

This policy is a guide to the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (SECWCD) and its Activity Enterprise (SECWAE) for the issuance and use of debt to fund capital projects or to refund/refinance/restructure outstanding debt. SECWCD and SECWAE will ensure compliance with all laws, legal agreements, contracts, best practices, and adopted policies related to debt issuance and management.

SECWCD and SECWAE will promote cooperation and coordination with all stakeholders in the financing and delivery of services by seeking the lowest cost of capital reasonably available and minimizing financing costs for capital projects and other debt issuances.

SECWCD's and SECWAE's Boards are responsible for authorizing all debt issuance via a Board resolution. The Board is also responsible for approving the Debt Policy and any material changes to it. SECWCD and SECWAE Board members and staff, District officials, and outside advisors are critical in the debt issuance process.

Capital Planning

The Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (SECWCD) Capital Improvement Program (CIP) is a 20-year capital investment plan that encompasses all annual capital expenditures on individual capital projects—generally nonrecurring investments in new or existing infrastructure, including new construction, expansion, renovation, or replacement projects, with a useful life of at least 10 years.

This policy applies to the SECWCD and its Water Activity Enterprise.

The Executive Director, in consultation with the Board President, will be responsible for development of the CIP. The Finance Committee, a standing committee of the Board, will review the CIP annually and forward it to the Board for approval

The CIP presents the 20-year rolling plan for capital allocation and prioritization. The CIP will be updated and published each year. Capital projects will be required to identify benefits to justify the requested capital investment.



Financial Policies, Practices, and Guidelines

Policies	Practices	Guidelines	
Rate Setting Debt Management Unrestricted Reserves Capital Planning Investment	Rate Setting Debt Management Unrestricted Reserves Capital Planning	Accounting Auditing Budgeting Cash Management	Financial Reporting Internal Control Records Management Other Issues



Financial Policies



Unrestricted Reserves

The Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (SECWCD) and its Water Activity Enterprise (SECWAE) have established Unrestricted Reserve funds for: (i) operations and maintenance activities in years of below average income due to drought or other events or contingencies, (ii) major infrastructure or equipment failures, (iii) extraordinary expenses associated with major maintenance and rehabilitation projects, and (iv) new capital projects and programs.

Reserve Category	Purpose	Target Funding Level
Cash Reserve	Working cash sufficient to fund cash- flow variations in a typical operating	(To be determined)
Operating Reserve	Covers potential interruptions in District Operations and District Enterprise Fund revenue streams; and may be used to smooth and stabilize	(To be determined)
Capital Reserve	Funds capital repair, replacement, or betterment of SECWCD properties; funds other capital activities that may be undertaken by SECWCD.	(To be determined)
Exposure Reserve	Covers extraordinary, unforeseen events not otherwise covered by re-	(To be determined)

Reserve policies are to be established and accomplished in accordance with statutory and contractual requirements. This policy does not modify or supersede requirements to maintain certain levels of restricted reserves as specified within various existing and future agreements, including but not limited to Amendment No. 11 to Contract No. 5-07-70-W0086 Between the United States of America and the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District, Fryingpan-Arkansas Project, Colorado, as it may be amended, supplemented or converted. The board has the discretion to change funding priorities.

The SECWCD and SECWAE Board will establish funding targets and priorities of Unrestricted Reserves, and will adjust periodically as necessary.

The Executive Director is authorized to commit and expend reserve funds as necessary in his/her judgment to protect life and property, provided that as soon as practicable, the Executive Director shall notify the Board of such action and obtain Board approval for such commitment and expenditure in a timely manner.



Future Adjustments

The Board of Directors approved the Unrestricted Reserves policy in October, 2019, with the condition that target funding levels would be set in the future.

Target funding levels for specific elements were identified in September 2018 for both the District and Enterprise. However, no funding mechanisms or timetables were put in place.

The target levels of funding and reserve structure have not been finalized by the Board.

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Basis of Budgeting & Fund Structure

Basis of Budgeting

An annual budget is prepared for the District and Enterprise funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles

(GAAP) as it applies to fund financial statements prescribed through the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).



The Board of Directors enacts

the budget through appropriation.

The Executive Director is responsible for ensuring the District operates within the budgetary guidelines and that adequate funds are available.

District or general fund basis of budgeting is processed on the modified accrual accounting system.

This system recognizes revenues in the period when they become available and measurable, and expenditures when the liability is incurred.

The Enterprise fund basis of budgeting is presented using an accrual basis of accounting, recognizing revenue when earned and expenses when the liability is incurred.

The basis of budgeting and basis of accounting are shown in the chart below.

Basis of Budgeting and Accounting Methods				
Government Fund				
General Fund Modified Accrua				
Enterprise Fund				
Proprietary Fund Accrual				
~				



Fund Structure: Major Funds and Subfunds



District finances are made up of two entities. These two entities are the Government Activity and the Business Activity.

The Government Activity is made up of two subfunds the Fry-Ark Project and District Operations. The Fry-Ark subfund includes the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project activity. The District Operations include grant activity, operating expense, planning and development, and capital improve-

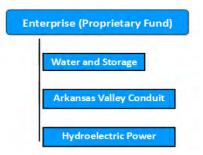
The Government Activity is the general fund for the government. The primary focus is to ensure that the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project debt is retired within the contractual limits and ensure payment of the District's portions of the operations maintenance and replacement of the Project. Also, to protect and develop the District's water rights, retain valued knowledgeable employees, and maintain capital improvements and capital projects.

Within the District accounting system and structure, all District or General Funds are accounted for under the single title Government Activity. The Government Activity uses the current financial measurement focus.

The funds through which the functions of the District are financed are described as Governmental Funds. The District operates the Governmental Fund and due to the nature and size of operations, does not generally utilize other types of funds.

The Business Activity is made up of the Water and Storage subfund, the Hydroelectric subfund and the Arkansas Valley Conduit subfund. The Water and Storage subfund includes grant activity, operations, and major projects, reoccurring capital, and individually. The Business Activity accapital improvement. The Hydroelectric subfund is the operation of the James W.

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Broderick Hydropower Plant at Pueblo Dam. The Arkansas Valley Conduit subfund is for the final design, construction and operations of the Arkansas Valley Conduit project.

The Business Activity is a Proprietary Fund account for business operations. The Business Activity Funds include the activities of the Enterprise and major projects. The Enterprise was established in 1995 and continues to grow.

The purpose of the Enterprise is to undertake and develop commercial activities on behalf of the District as a government. These activities may include construction, operation, replacement and maintenance of Fry-Ark Project water and facilities, and any related contracting, engineering, financing, and administration.

The Business Activity's primary focus is to develop projects and programs and provide services to the District. The Business Activity provides support for ongoing projects and programs for the many stakeholders and constituents of the District.

Within the Enterprise accounting, system and structure projects are consolidated to constitute the Business Activity and/or the Proprietary Fund.

The projects include the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise as a whole, Excess Capacity Master Contract project, Enlargement project, Arkansas Valley Conduit project, and the James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant at Pueblo Dam.

These divisions were created to account for the costs associated with each project count uses the flow of economic resources measurement focus.

Budgetary Control

The Budgetary control process is guided by the Board of Directors approved Financial Management Guide.
The document is reviewed annually and provides guidance to staff in all offices and departments.

This document provides guidance on the requirement of a balanced budget, budget adoption and amendment process, balancing funds, budget format, expenditure guidelines, revenue guidelines, and the accurate basic of budgeting for each fund.

The Financial Management Guide has several relevant policies to preserve and enhance the fiscal health of the District and the Enterprise. It also identifies acceptable and unacceptable courses of action, and provides a standard to evaluate the government's annual performance.



Financial Management Guide

Below are a few of the highlighted policies that are generated from the Financial Management Guide. Additional information regarding financial policies are located in the Financial Management Guide, which is available upon request.

- The District general fund must consist of a balanced budget, unless there is a budgeted use of reserve funds.
- ◆ The Enterprise proprietary fund can record a gain or loss dependent upon the Board of Directors guidance of project and programs set forth in the adopted budget.
- Purchases over \$5,000 are subject to an informal or formal bid process and must be reviewed and approved by the Executive Director.
- Purchases over \$25,000 not appropriated in the annual budget must be reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors prior to purchase.
- Use of fund balance must be reviewed by the Finance Committee prior to a recommendation to the Board of Directors for budget appropriation.
- ♦ If expenditures exceed the adopted budgeted appropriation, the budget must be amended, upon this process the budget becomes a "Restated (amended) Budget."

The District General Fund presents a balanced budget for appropriations, except in years when capital outlay is needed for projects to uphold the purpose of the District and other one-time expenditures that require spending from unrestricted funds.

A balanced budget reflects a single fiscal year that the overall difference between government revenues and spending equal. Appropriations are enacted by the Board of Directors authorizing the expenditure of a designated amount of funds for the operations of the District.

Appropriations for the District and/or General Fund include: Fryingpan-Arkansas activities, grant activities, operations, capital outlay including one-time extraordinary expenditures.

In any year, after the budget has been adopted, if expenditures exceed the appropriated amount for any entity, budget amendments are created which consist of a restated or amended budget.

The primary function of the District is to collect ad valorem taxes from portions of nine counties to ensure that the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project debt is retired within the contractual limits and ensure payment of the District's portions of the operations, maintenance, and replacement of the Project.

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DISTRICT

(Government Activity)



- ⇒ The District is primarily an administrative agency with one major project, which is the Fry-Ark Project supported by tax collection.
- ⇒ To finance the operations of the District, an Operating tax is levied on the property within the District boundaries.
- ⇒ A portion of Specific Ownership tax also assists the District with operating expenditures.
- ⇒ Finally, the Business Activity reimburses the District for personnel and overhead in proportion to the amount of work staff is budgeted to work for Enterprise activities. Other revenues may include grants and investments.

ENTERPRISE

(Business Activity)

- ⇒ The Enterprise is a service organization that develops and manages projects for the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project stakeholders.
- ⇒ It is the business activity for the District. Stakeholders may include municipal or agricultural water entities, government agencies such as the United States Geological Survey (USGS), Reclamation, Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB), and/or other partnership groups.
- ⇒ Funding for the Enterprise is received through the sale and administration of Fryingpan-Arkansas
 Project water, storage and related surcharges and fees, reimbursement from Project participants, grants, partnership contributions, and investments.

Budgetary Guidelines & Practices

The District and Enterprise have regulations set forth by the State of Colorado. When expenditures exceed appropriation of the adopted budget, amendments are made and a restated Budget is created.

The Board of Directors will take action during a **Board of Directors** meeting to restate the Budget and will re-adopt the amended Budget.

On this page are the main statutes which affect financial practices.





Colorado Revised Statutes

The District follows Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) and additional policies regarding the annual budget. See the list below for a summary of policies:

- A Budget officer is appointed before October 15 (CRS 29-1-104)
- A draft of the Proposed Budget is delivered to each member of the Board of Directors by October 15 (CRS 29-1-105)
- A publication of notice of budget is published in a newspaper of general circulation by November (CRS 1 29-1-106(1)
- Budget public hearing is held on the third Thursday in November (CRS 29-
- Budget adoption and appropriation date set prior to December 31 (CRS 29
- Certification of mill levies to the Board of County Commissioners by December 15 (CRS 39-5-128(1)
- Budget is supplied to Department of Local Governments (CRS 29-1-113(1) by January 31
- Mill levy calculation and assessments in accordance with the State of Colorado Department of Local Governments

Key District Practices The following additional internal key policies are

- followed: All financial policies
- A balanced Governmental fund budget
- A balanced grant budget
- Project participation revenues with matching
 - expenditure
- Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Water Allocation Principles

Investment Guidelines

Consistent with Colorado Revised Statutes and direction from the Board of Directors, the District and Enterprise Fund policy on investments is a conservative approach. Below is a summarized list of guidelines:

- U.S. Treasury obligations pursuant to (CRS 24-75-601.1(1)(a))
- Obligations of U.S. Government Agencies pursuant to (CRS 24-75-601.1(1)(b))
- Any corporate or bank security, issued by a corporation or bank that is organized and operated within the U.S. pursuant to (CRS 24-75-601.1 (1)(m)
- Revenue obligations of any state of the U.S., the District of Columbia, or any territorial possession of the U.S., or of any political subdivisions of any state, rated in the highest rating category by two or more nationally recognized organizations that regularly rate such obligations pursuant to (CRS 24-75-601.1(1)(e))
- General obligations of any state of the U.S., the District of Columbia, or any territorial possession of the U.S., or of any political subdivisions of any state, rated in the highest two rating categories by two or more nationally recognized organizations that regularly rate such obligations pursuant to (CRS 24-75-601.1(1)(d))
- The purchase of any repurchase agreement pursuant to (CRS 24-75-601.1(1)(j))
- Money market mutual funds pursuant to (CRS 24-75-601.1(1)(k))
- Local government investment pools pursuant to (CRS 24-75-701)

SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Budget Financial Methodology: Preparation, Review, Adoption, and Restatement

The District budgetary process assists the Board of Directors with decisions as to the project and program for allocation of financial support. The District uses a sixphase approach as listed on this page.



Phase 1—Budget Call

The Executive Director and Budget Officer meet with all department office heads to discuss and update the District mission. Budget forms and budget calendar are communicated. Emphasis is placed on accurate, prompt, and uniform submissions.

SEPTEMBER

Phase 2 – Obtaining Staff Input

Staff members begin collecting information, completing budget forms, and returning them to the Budget Officer. The Budget Officer completes analysis of the budget requests and assembles the financial information, goals, and objectives into one document for the Executive Director to review.



Phase 3 – Review & Approval of Budget by the Executive Director

The Budget Officer meets with the Executive Director on several different occasions as each section of the budget is completed. Changes are sometimes made to the budget requests submitted by staff. Once the draft of the proposed budget is complete, copies are sent to department heads for final review then are sent to the Board of Directors no later than October 15 according to CRS 29-1-105. On the third Thursday in September the Board of Directors designates a Budget Officer, often the Finance Manager, in accordance with CRS 29-1-104.



Phase 4 – Final Revisions and Public Presentation

Revisions are sometime made between October 15 and the third Thursday in November. Once these items have been adjusted the Budget Officer provides a full presentation of the proposed budget to the Board of Directors and the public in a scheduled Public Hearing in accordance with Colorado Revised Statue 29-1-106 (1). Any interested citizen can review the proposed budget and make comments and suggestions at the Public Hearing.



Phase 5 – Final Revision and Adoption

Any changes to the budget are disclosed to the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors adopt the budget via resolution at their December meeting, for total expenditure totals. The adopted budget motion of action states that the revenues may be adjusted upon the final tax assessment from the nine county assessors, which are not available until December 10. The Finance and Information Technology Office is responsible for seeing that budget expenditures stay within budget boundaries; however overall responsibility remains with the Executive Director. The budget is reconciled periodically to determine if formal action is required to amend the budget. By January 31 the full budget publication is supplied to the Department of Local Governments in accordance with CRS 29-1-113(1).



Phase 6 – Restated (amended) Budget and Adoption

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The sixth phase only takes place if and when the annual expenditure levels are higher than the adopted budget appropriation. This scenario would trigger the restated budget process. The amendment that are necessary are made and presented to the Board of Directors. After the amendments made to the budget and the budget is adopted a second time in one fiscal year the budget becomes a "Restated or Amended Budget."





Section 4

Budget Overview Description and Comparison Data

Introduction

One Budget, Two Funds

The Government Activity, or General Fund, encompasses all District business including the Fryingpan-Arkansas **Project and District** operations.

The Business Activity, or Enterprise Fund, focuses on programs and projects, and provides services to the Government Activity. Projects include the Hydroelectric Power Plant and the Arkansas Vallev Conduit

The Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (District) finances are made up of two entities. The two entities are the Government Activity or General Fund and the Business Activity, which is the Proprietary Fund. The Government Activity consists of all District business, which includes the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project activity, grant activity, operations, and capital outlay. The Business Activity consists of grants, operations, major projects, and capital outlay.

The Government Activity primary focus is to ensure that the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project debt, is retired within the contractual limits and ensure payment of the District's portions of the operations maintenance and replacement of the Project. Also, it protects and develops the District's water rights, retains valued knowledgeable employees, and maintains capital improvements and capital projects.

Within the District's accounting system and structure all Governmental Activity are recorded

and accounted for under the single fund titled Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy Dis-

The Business Activity is a Proprietary Fund account for Enterprise Business Activity. The Business Activity's primary focus is on programs and projects, in addition to providing services to the Government Activity.

The Business Activity, also known as the Enterprise, provides support for ongoing projects and programs for the many stakeholders and constituents of the District.

A few of the major projects that reside within the Business Activity include the Excess Capacity Master Contract, Enlargement, Arkansas Valley Conduit, Restoration of Yield, and Hydroelectric Power at Pueblo Dam.

See the Financial Planning section for a full explanation of Government and Business Activity fund structure.





Budget Overview & Tax Revenue

Property taxes in Colorado are collected by individual counties. Special districts such as the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District, receive tax revenues only for those areas within District boundaries. The District pays a fee to each of the counties for collecting the taxes.

Tax Timeline

August 25 — Draft certification of property values.

December 10 -

Final certification of property values.

December 15 —

Mill levies certified and sent to counties.



Tax Calculation

Table 4-1: 2023-2024 Total County Assessed Value

Court		2023 Assessed Value
County		Assessed value
Bent	1/5/2024	69,987,220
Chaffee	12/15/2023	513,937,860
Crowley	12/8/2023	44,821,537
El Paso	12/22/2023	8,217,668,000
Fremont	12/12/2023	404,754,813
Kiowa	12/27/2023	3,248,880
Otero	12/18/2023	146,582,540
Prowers	12/13/2023	61,580,005
Pueblo	11/30/2023	1,855,998,903
Total		11,318,579,758

2024
Assessed Value
68,531,670
700,619,840
44,698,914
9,892,332,740
429,562,767
2,504,930
143,372,925
56,513,787
1,995,129,230
13,333,266,803

	Value
	Change
	(1,455,550)
	186,681,980
	(122,623)
	1,674,664,740
	24,807,954
	(743,950)
	(3,209,615)
	(5,066,218)
	139,130,327
Ī	2,014,687,045

Percent Change -2.08% 36.32% -0.27% 20.38% 6.13% -22.90% -2.19% -8.23% 7.50% 17.80%

Annually, the District certifies three different mill levies to the nine Boards of County Commissioners for collection based on each of the nine counties' assessed value of property within the boundaries of the District. According to Colorado Revised Statutes, the District receives a draft certification of assessed value of property for each county by August 25.

The final certification of assessed value of property for each county is normally due to the District by December 10.

As a result of November 2023 failed attempt to pass Proposition HH, Governor Polis called a special session of the General Assembly to address property tax relief (SB23B-001). SB23B-001 reduces the residential assessment rate from 6.75 percent to 6.70 percent for property tax year 2023 and increased the actual value deduction for residential property from \$15,000 to \$55,000. The District completed a final calculation on January 10, 2024 when the county assessors offices provided final valuations to the District.

The District has certified all mill levies. District staff have ensured tax collection limits do not exceed the 2024 limits.

From the final assessed property values, the Budget Officer can estimate collections for contract repayment and operating revenues. The 2023 assessments are collected in 2024. The nine counties in the District estimate a

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The timeline of the mill levy certification process was delayed in 2023 by the failure of Proposition HH and a special session of the General Assembly.

total assessed value in 2023 of \$13,333,266,803. Table 4-1 illustrates a comparison between assessed values from 2023 to 2024. Table 4-2 illustrates final assessments and expected collection from each county.

The District certifies all three mill levies and submits them to each respective county no later than December 15, in accordance with the Colorado State Law (CRS 39-5-1280. In 2023, this was delayed due to the special session of the General Assembly, and mill levies were certified by the District on January 10, 2024.

See Appendix for document titled County Assessed Valuation and Certificate of Tax Levy.

For the 2024 Budget the District certified the following levies to ensure state revenue limits; Contract Repayment of 0.900 with a temporary mill levy rate reduction of .121 for a total of 0.779, Operating at 0.035 with a temporary mill levy rate reduction of 0.004 for a total of 0.031, and Abatement and Refunds of 0.078.

Table 4-2 provides a layout of each county's estimated contribution regarding the three Tax Levies for 2023 collection.

Budget Overview & Tax Revenue

SOUTHEASTERN COLORADO WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT

Collections for all Levies - 2023 for 2024 Budget

Table 4-2: Collections for all Levies - 2023 for 2024 Budget Last Revised: 1/9/2024

County	2023	Percent	Contract		Operating		Abatements & Refunds		Total
	Assessed Value	of Total	Mill Levy	Collections	Mill Levy	Collections	Mill Levy	Collections	Collections
Bent	68,531,670	0.51%	0.779	53,386.17	0.031	2,124.48	0.078	5,345	60,856.12
Chaffee	700,619,840	5.25%	0.779	545,782.86	0.031	21,719.22	0.078	54,648	622,150
Crowley	44,698,914	0.34%	0.779	34,820.45	0.031	1,385.67	0.078	3,487	39,693
El Paso	9,892,332,740	74.19%	0.779	7,706,127.20	0.031	306,662.31	0.078	771,602	8,784,391
Fremont	429,562,767	3.22%	0.779	334,629.40	0.031	13,316.45	0.078	33,506	381,452
Kiowa	2,504,930	0.02%	0.779	1,951.34	0.031	77.65	0.078	195	2,224
Otero	143,372,925	1,08%	0.779	111,687.51	0.031	4,444.56	0.078	11,183	127,315
Prowers	56,513,787	0.42%	0.779	44,024.24	0.031	1,751.93	0.078	4,408	50,184
Pueblo	1,995,129,230	14.96%	0.779	1,554,205.67	0.031	61,849.01	0.078	155,620	1,771,675
Total	13,333,266,803	1.00		10,386,615		413,331		1,039,995	11,839,941
			Co	entract + Operating Ad Va	lorem = 0.810	\$ 10,799,946			

Total compared 2022 to 2023 Assessed Values & projected taxes

2023	13,333,266,803	0.779	10,386,615	0.031	413,331	0.078	1,039,995	11,839,941
2022	11,318,579,758	0.850	9,620,793	0.032	362,195	0.005	56,593	10,039,580
Increase(Decre	ease)		765,822		51,137		983,402	1,800,361

Subfund Budgeting Process

Fry-Ark Project

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Subfund

Revenue from ad valorem tax is based on county assessments.

Expenditures are based on the actual and estimated Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation) work plan; Winter water based on 42,000 acre-feet (mode, or most frequent value) stored in Pueblo Reservoir; Reclamation Reform Act audit; and Contract items.

District Operations

District Operations Subfund

Revenue is based on county assessments. Interest income is based on market assumptions. Specific Ownership tax is based on the actual amount from the prior year and market indicators.

Expenditures are based on the prior year's actuals, consumer price index, Capital Improvement Plan, and known additions or deletions based on economic indicators. A single expense capacity line item is added based on 5 to 8 percent of operating revenue. Tabor (Taxpayers Bill of Rights) calculations are used for allowable grant capacity.

Water & Storage

Enterprise Operations Subfund

Revenue from water sales and Return Flows is based on the 20-year average for imports. Carryover storage revenue is based on the 10-year average. Excess capacity contract revenue is based on both long-term contracts and estimated short-term contracts. Interest income is based on market assumptions.

Expenditures are based on the prior year's actuals, consumer price index, Capital Improvement Plan, and known additions or deletions based on economic indicators. A single expense capacity line item is added based on 5 to 13 percent of operating revenue. Tabor (Taxpayers Bill of Rights) calculation was used for allowable grant capacity.



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AVC

Arkansas Valley Conduit Subfund

Revenue for the Arkansas Valley Conduit Subfund is received from participants, loans, and grants.

Expenditures for the AVC subfund are determined by the Enterprise work plan based on the design and construction schedule. Repayment of loans will be a factor in future years.

Hydropower

Hydroelectric Subfund

Revenue is based on the 10-year average of flows available at the North Outlet at Pueblo Dam, and the contracted charge per kilowatthour.

Expenditures are based on the prior year's actuals, consumer price index, Capital Improvement Plan, and known additions or deletions based on economic indicators. A single expense capacity line item was added based on 5 to 13 percent of operating revenue.

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Governmental Revenue and Expenditures



Grant Revenue and Expenditures

The District grant budget includes a budgeted contingency for grant opportunities.

The budget policy requires that all grants meet TABOR requirements. In addition, grant revenues equal the total expenses to maintain a balanced grant budget.

Grant Revenue and matching expenditure total \$650,000 for the 2024 Budget.



Fryingpan-Arkansas Revenue and Expenditures

Tax revenues are used for the payment made on in expenditures in 2022 is a direct result of the primary debt and operation maintenance and replacement (OM&R) of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project. The taxes are generated by two of the three collected mill levies. The District collects these two mill levies titled "contract tax" and "abatements and refunds tax," then adjusts prior year tax and subtracts county collection fees to calculate the total annual tax revenue.

Table 4-3 provides a four-year comparison of tax mill levy revenue and the 2024 Budgeted assessments. Prior to Amendment 11 of the Fry-Ark Contract in 2018 all annual Fry-Ark tax revenues were paid to Reclamation for OM&R expenditures and debt.

Amendment 11 and the Fry-Ark conversion contract signed in 2021 allow debt payments to be amortized through December 2031. That means the District makes payments in the amount of \$1,467,572 annually to decrease the debt of the Project. The amendment also allows the District to upfront OM&R expense and create a Fry-Ark reserve fund that is held by the District and used for the benefit of the Project.

As of December 31, 2023, the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project outstanding debt is \$11,740,577.

Table 4-4 reflects the total annual payment made to Reclamation for the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project debt and OM&R expenses. The decrease

OM&R expense payment delayed by Reclamation. This payment was made in 2023.

The District collects money from participants in the Winter Water Storage Program and collections are payable to Reclamation. The 2024 Budget for Winter Water Storage Program is based on an estimated storage of 42,000 acre-feet at \$2.80 per acre-foot for a total of \$117,600.

The District did not receive payment from the Fountain Valley Authority in 2023, as Reclamation concluded that the Fountain Valley debt was paid off in 2022.

The Excess Capacity Master Contract is a storage contract held by the District on behalf of Excess Capacity participants, fees assessed by Reclamation are paid to the District and then forward to Reclamation.

The 2024 Budget includes \$343,904 for 7,585 acre-feet of storage at a Reclamation contracted price of \$45.34.

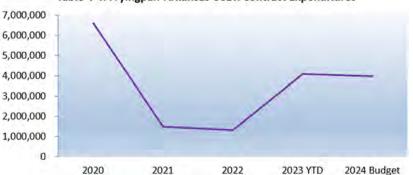
Reclamation Reform Act (RRA) is a project enacted by the Federal government that the District must remain in compliance with as a provision of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project contract.

The District has budgeted \$2,000 for possible fee bills as a result of RRA compliance. In 2024, this amount was removed from the Budget because it has not been used.

Table 4-3: Fry-Ark Project Tax Revenues

	2020	2021	2022	2023 YTD	2024 Budget
Contract Mill Levy Tax	8,153,736	8,597,840	8,963,422	9,620,793	10,397,065
Abatement & Refunds	85,314	66,869	44,827	56,593	1,034,041
Prior Year Tax	(6,250)	(8,181)	(10,438)	(9,078)	(9,350)
County Collection Fees	(141,592)	(148,204)	(155,613)	170,274	(184,103)
Total Annual Payment	8,091,208	8,508,324	8,842,198	9,838,582	11,237,653

Table 4-4: Fryingpan-Arkansas USBR Contract Expenditures



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Government Activity Operating Revenue

Operating revenue for the Government Activity, also known as the General Fund or District generally consists of revenue from the third mill levy through Ad Valorem Tax collections titled Operating Tax. In addition, other revenues include Specific Ownership Tax, which is not a tax mill levy, interfund reimbursements for service, investments, and other revenues that enable the District operations to maintain a balanced budget.

The largest revenue stream to the Government Activity, as shown in Table 4-5, is the interfund reimbursements for services provided by the Business Activity. The increase and decrease of this item is dependent on the level of work done in the respective projects within the Business Activity. The major projects that have gained momentum and provided an increase in this interfund reimbursement revenue are the Hydroelectric Power Project and the Arkansas Valley Conduit. In 2024, the interfund reimbursements make up 54 percent of the total District operating revenue.

Table 4-6 illustrates a stable District revenue stream through tax collection and investments. Operating Tax revenues have proven to be a dependable stream of revenue averaging \$350,811 annually. Specific Ownership Tax continues to have a steady income from consumer spending trends in the District's nine counties. Over the past four years Specific Ownership Tax revenues average \$1,007,125 per year. El Paso and Pueblo Counties have the greatest impact to Specific Ownership Tax due to their population. Specific Ownership Tax is a less dependable income because it is economically driven.

The District manages \$7.8 million in short and long-term investments. A portion of these funds are held for a specific purpose. Bonds held through Wells Fargo Securities make up 99 percent of the investment portfolio and 2 percent are made up of short-term liquid investments held with COLOTrust. The 2024 Budget for investment revenue is \$896,115. Investment and interest revenue produced an average of \$146,245 per year, despite a loss of \$501,935 in 2022, but is projected to increase in 2024 due to the market and current interest rates. The District has \$4,165,000 in bonds or certificates of deposit maturing in 2024 and will be looking to reinvest the funds while managing risk and opportunity.

The District is driven by the 15-year Strategic Plan. This will allow leadership to look at the long-term future of the District to develop and accommodate these plans. Accompa-

nying the Strategic Plan, District staff has created a three-year Business Plan. The Business Plan will serve as a short-term or near-future planning mechanism.

The long-term and short-term plans attempt to miti-

Table 4-5: Government Activity Operating Revenue

2,500,000

1,500,000

1,000,000

500,000

(500,000)

2020

2021

2022

2023 YTD

Other

Table 4-6: District Operating Revenue Overview

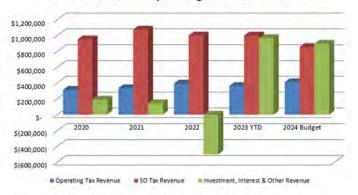
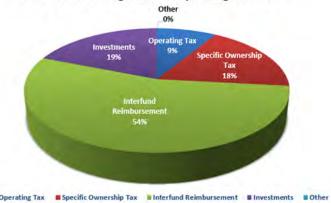


Table 4-7: 2024 Budget District Operating Revenue



gate the effect that economic volatility has on District budgeting. Since these plans have been implemented, staff has begun to review policies and investigate additional revenue streams. In 2019 the District completed the Financial Strategy and Sustainability Study. In 2024, the District plans to review and update the Financial Strategy. *Please see Appendix for additional detail regarding the long and short-term planning*.

The 2024 Budget forecasts that the District's operating revenues will consist of interfund reimbursements of 54 percent, Specific Ownership Tax of 18 percent, Operating Tax of 9 percent, and investment revenue of 19 percent as shown in Table 4-7.

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Government Activity Expenditures

The Government Activity total expenditures for the 2024 Budget are \$11,514,488. The expenditures are considered in one of four categories; Fryingpan-Arkansas activity, \$5,718,983; Grant activity, \$650,000; Operating expenditures, \$4,780,505; and Capital expenditures, \$365,000.

Operating expenditure policy requires that expenditures match operating revenue to reflect a balanced governmental budget, unless there is a planned use of reserve funds. The 2024 Budget pertaining to Planning and Development are included as part of the operating expenditures as shown in the Budget financial reports. The 2024 Budget Operating expenditures are illustrated by percentage in Table 4-8.

In 2024, the largest planned expenditure of the operating budget is Human Resources, which relates to payroll and benefits and makes up 68 percent of District operating budget. A portion of the Interfund reimbursement revenue helps offset the expense related to Human Resource expense. Actual compared to 2023 Budget for Payroll and Benefits is shown in Table 4-9.

The District increased one staff position from half-time to full-time in 2023, and has two additional staff positions planned for 2024. This is explained in detail in workforce planning. (*See Section 2*).

The District performs a salary and benefits survey every three years. The most recent survey was completed and accepted by the Board of Directors in 2022.

Illustrated in Table 4-10 are outside and professional services, also known as consulting activities, which account for 10 percent of the District 2024 Budget. This category includes the annual audit contracts, outside engineering consultants, salary and benefits survey consultants, general attorney fees, and other related expenses.

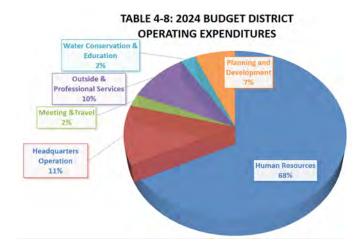
Headquarters operating expense includes insurance, office supplies, utilities, administrative expense, telephones, information technology, and automobile maintenance, which make up a total 11 percent of the operating budget.

Meetings and travel expense reflects 2 percent of the operating expense for all staffing positions and members of the Board of Directors.

As required, the Government Activity General Fund has remained under the adopted budgeted expenditure limit set forth by the Board of Directors as indicated in Table 4-11.

In the past four years the District has not seen the need to implement a restated Budget. Total operating expenditures have averaged \$2,916,018 based on actual expenses over the past four years.

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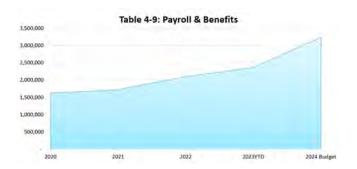
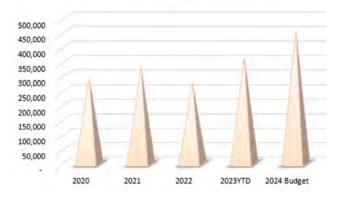
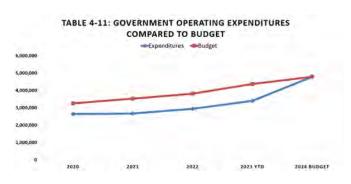


Table 4-10: District Outside & Professional Services







SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Government Activity Planning, Deployment & Capital Outlay

Planning and Development

The section of planning and development consists of projects and studies that may in time become capital outlay items, but currently reside in the operation. Planning and development expenditures are listed in the operation expenditures until they become capital outlay items.

The District 2024 Budget total for planning and development is \$310,000 and includes the following items: \$10,000 for Colorado River Issues, \$10,000 for Watershed Health, \$20,000 for Healthy Forests, \$20,000 for streamflow forecasting, \$235,700 for Water Rights Protection, \$8,000 for Reclamation Reform Act mapping and \$6,300 for GIS mapping of District boundaries.

Capital Outlay

Capital Outlay items are depreciable items which can be found in the District capital improvement plan. In 2023 the District capital improvement expenditures totaled \$406,000 for hail damage repair, tree trimming and information technology upgrades. Revenue from hail damage was not budgeted, but included in an insurance settlement.

The 2024 Budget includes the following capital outlay expenditures: \$50,000 for a District vehicle, \$40,000 for facility upgrade, \$20,000 landscape maintenance, and \$255,000 for information technology

Due to timing factors and what is adopted in the annual budget is not always what is expended, as can be shown in Table 4-12.

The schedule above reflects Capital expenditures for 2023 actual through 2026 budgets. The schedule represents only a portion of the 20-year Capital Improvement plan in addition to the Planning and Development plans.

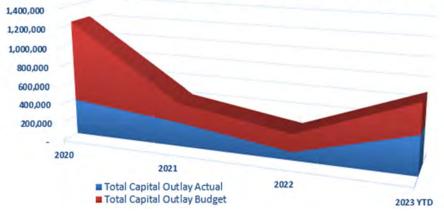
This will assist the District to ensure that all assets are repaired or replaced through their useful life as well as ensure the District is working with innovative tools.

This Capital planning period was designed to align with the three-year Business Plan that accompanies the District's Strategic Plan.

Planning and Development	2023 YTD	2024	2025	2026
Future Water Supply & Storage				
Colorado River Issues	7-11	10,000	10,000	10,000
Watershed Management	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Healthy Forest	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Water Supply Protection & Efficience	y			
Water Right Protection	157,500	235,700	242,771	250,504
Reclamation Reform Act	7,500	8,000	8,240	8,487
Boundary Engineering	1,000	6,300	6,489	6,684
Water Supply Storage & Power				
Stream Forecasting	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
	\$216,000	310,000	\$317,500	\$325,675

Capital Outlay	2023 2024		2025	2026
Vehicle	15.	50,000	4.5	50,000
Facilities	180,000	40,000	40,000	40,000
Landscaping Maintenance	15,000	20,000	20,000	30,000
Information Technology	211,000	255,000	20,000	25,000
	\$406,000	\$365,000	\$80,000	\$145,000

Table 4-12: Capital Outlay vs Actual Expenditures



Capital Projects

In order for a Capital Project to process through the District, several factors need to be present.

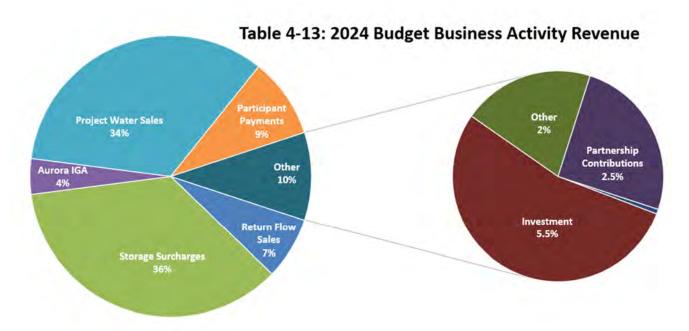
The first would be that the Capital Project has been included in the budget process. This includes planning for the Capital Project for the following year, submitting the project for the budget, and approval from the Executive Director and/or the Board.

Some projects may stretch over multiple years. The process plans and budgets of the capital expenditures and reflect how the expenditure will impact the Operating Budget.

There are times when unexpected Capital Projects need to be addressed. Depending on the total expense of the Capital Project (Executive Director \$5,000-\$24,999; Board over \$25,000) the project will have to be approved before it can move forward.



Enterprise Water Fund Operating Revenue



The Enterprise Water Fund or Enterprise is a consolidation of the Enterprise Administration, and includes projects such as Excess Capacity Master Contract, Enlargement, Arkansas Valley Conduit, and Hydroelectric Power.

The Arkansas Valley Conduit and Hydroelectric Power budgets are presented as separate funds even though they are part of the Enterprise.

The Enterprise Water Fund revenues are made up of water sales and surcharges assessed on storage, participants' payments, interest on investments, partnership contributions, interfund reimbursements and other sources.

The 2024 budgeted operating revenues make up a total of \$2,446,415 and are broken down by percentages shown in Table 4-13.

The sale of Project Water is one of the primary sources of operating revenue for the Enterprise Water Fund, and is budgeted at \$824,688 for 2024. Project water sales are budgeted based on a 20-year running average

of water imports.

The sale of Project Water Return Flows from both municipal and/or industrial (M&I) and Agriculture (Ag) Project Water deliveries also contribute to the operating revenues for a total of \$1,275,971. Table 4-14 illustrates historical water revenue sales.

In 2023, the Board of Directors voted to restructure the rate for Project Water sales, Return Flow sales and surcharges. Project Water and Return Flow sales are at a uniform rate and carry no surcharge. All previous surcharges were consolidated into the Water Activity Enterprise surcharge and will be charged on all types of storage in Pueblo Reservoir.

For 2024 Water Rates and Surcharges see the Appendix.

For a detailed description of budgeted water calculations please see Section titled Major Fund Driving Factors

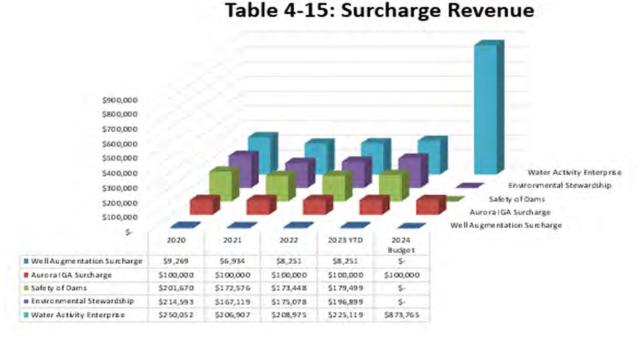
\$1,000,000 \$500,000 Project Water Keturn Flow 20.20 2021 2022 2023 YTO 2024 Budget # Return Flow \$5.7.890 \$83,325 585.410 \$175,791 Project Water \$383.543 \$8.24,68.8

Table 4-14: Water Sales Revenue



SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Enterprise Water Fund Operating Revenue



Surcharge revenue is the largest revenue generation in the Enterprise operations totaling \$873,765 in the 2024 Budget. As shown in Table 4-15, all previous surcharges were consolidated into Water Activity Enterprise surcharge beginning in 2024. The Aurora IGA fee remains separate because it is a contractual arrangement. See Appendix for 2023 Water Rates and Surcharges.

The Water Activity Enterprise surcharges are assessed for the use of Fryingpan-Arkansas Project facilities and on the following types of Project water:

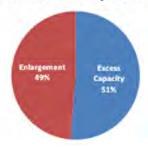
- Project Water carried over past May 1 of the year following allocation.
- The contracted amount of storage space in "Excess Capacity" for non-Project Water in Project facilities for use both in and out of the District
- Winter Water, to include the amount specified in the Fryingpan-Arkansas Repayment Contract.

Surcharges will not be charged to Project Water sales and Return Flows in 2024, as they were in the past.

The Aurora Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) includes additional Safety of Dams surcharges of \$100,000 annually. Other forms of operating revenues include Project Participant payments as shown in Table 4-16 which makes up 9 percent of the total Enterprise Water Fund revenues in the 2024 Budget.

These revenues are based on participation in the Long-Term Excess Capacity Master Contract and Enlargement projects.

Table 4-16: Business Activity Participant Revenue



The Long-Term Excess Capacity Master Contract is a long-term storage contract for storage of non-Project water in Project facilities. The year 2017 was the first functioning year for the Excess Capacity Master Contract. In addition to the storage fees and surcharges, the participants are also responsible for administration fees, mainly for the ongoing United States Geological Survey (USGS) studies, of \$116,191 in 2024.

The enlargement study is an ongoing project that focuses on enlarging Pueblo Dam and Sugar Loaf Dam. The single source of revenue comes from participant contributions. The major expenses include the ongoing USGS water studies. The 2024 participant revenue is budgeted at \$108,771.



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Other Enterprise & Arkansas Valley Conduit Revenues

Enterprise — **Arkansas Valley Conduit Grants**

The Enterprise for the Arkansas Valley Conduit grant budget includes a possible grant from the Colorado Water Conservation Board. The 2024 Budget also includes federal American Rescue Plan Act Grant fund for the AVC Project.





Enterprise Arkansas Valley Conduit Project Revenues

Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC) is \$6,227,683. jected in 2024.

In 2011, Each AVC participant signed a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) with the District. The MOA allows the participants to reserve conveyance of water within the AVC project. The 2024 participant payments are budgeted to be \$384,622.

The Enterprise in the past has an Intergovernmental Personnel Act Agreement (IPA) contract with Reclamation to reimburse the District for costs associated with project personnel working to benefit Reclamation and the participants on the development of the AVC project. The IPA significantly assists by lowering participants'

The total revenue in the 2023 Budget for the costs of the AVC project. No IPA revenue is pro-

The AVC project anticipates using grants from the Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB), State Clean Drinking Water Revolving Fund (SRF) and American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to fund AVC delivery line design during 2024.

Discussions and contracting actions were continuing with the CWCB and SRF funding at the time the 2024 Budget was finalized.

The Enterprise can accept up to \$650,000 in grants for AVC, and has signed a fiscal agent agreement with Otero County for CWCB grants above the \$650,000 cap.

Enterprise Hydroelectric Power Project Revenues

The Hydroelectric Power Project is an ongoing project that focuses on the development of hydroelectric power at Pueblo Reservoir. In August of 2017 the Board of Directors approved and signed a loan contract with the Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) for \$17,392,200 to fund the construction of the project.

In 2019, the Enterprise completed construc-

tion of the Hydroelectric Power Project. The CWCB Hydroelectric loan was closed in January 1, 2023 with the first debt payment of \$776,560 was made in 2023.

There are \$1,437,136 in revenues budgeted for 2024. Energy generation sales to Colorado Springs Utilities and the City of Fountain make up \$1,373,655 of total revenues.

Other Enterprise Operating Revenues

Investment interest is another revenue source that the Enterprise relies on for operational funding.

The Enterprise currently has approximately \$5,600,000 invested in purchased bonds held through Wells Fargo Securities, LLC and CO-LOTrust. COLOTrust is a Colorado local government investment pool for liquid assets.

The 2024 Budget for investment interest, based on projections are \$133,236. The Enterprise has approximately \$3,700,000 in bonds that will mature in 2024.

Other Revenues include \$50,000 as a con-

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tractual obligation of the Aurora Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA), which is categorized as an administration fee.

The Enterprise partnership contributions are made up of the Regional Resource Planning Group (RRPG), which is a group that works in alliance with the USGS. The participating entities include the City of Aurora, Colorado Springs Utilities, Lower Arkansas Valley Water Conservancy District, Board of Water Works of Pueblo, Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District, and the Upper Arkansas Water Conservancy District. In 2024, revenue budgeted for RRPG is \$62,147.

SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Enterprise Water Fund Operating & Capital Expenditures

Partnerships

Partnerships account for 12 percent of the total Enterprise Water Fund operating expenditures. These are broken out into the Regional Resources Planning Group (RRPG) and Special Projects.

The RRPG includes payments to the Enterprise and some Enterprise funding, and totals \$80,433 in the 2024

Budget.

The major portion of the Special Projects expenses are partnership contracts with the United States Geological Survey (USGS) which total \$210,904 in the 2024 Budget.

The USGS collects stream gauging samples and water quality data on rivers and reservoirs in the District boundaries. The data collected by the USGS is beneficial and shared by many projects. Payments for the USGS programs are made by Enlargement, Excess Capacity and Arkansas Valley Conduit participants.

See the Major Fund Driving Factors, Partnerships, Programs and Projects section of this document for project descriptions.



Enterprise Water & Storage Operating Expenditures

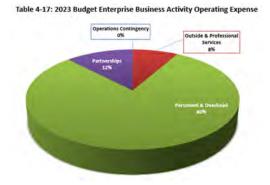
The budgeted Enterprise Water Fund total expenditures for the 2024 Budget is \$3,190,010. The expenditures are comprised into three major categories:

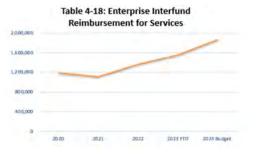
- 1) Operating Expenditures, \$2,665,010.
- 2) Planning and Development, \$335,000
- 3) Capital Project totaling \$200,000.

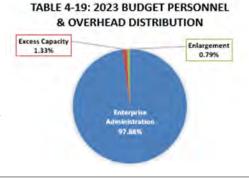
The Enterprise Water Fund has a 2023 budgeted total of \$2,665,010 in operating expenditures which includes Enterprise projects. The Enterprise administration expenses are matched with operating revenues such as water sales and surcharges. The Excess Capacity, and Enlargement projects are self-balancing budgets funded by participant payments. See Table 4-17.

In 2024, the largest expense of the Enterprise Water Fund is the Interfund Reimbursement for Services from the Enterprise, which encompasses 80 percent of the budgeted operating expenditures. The Enterprise Interfund Reimbursement is budgeted based on estimated hours worked per project and/or program and a calculated overhead charge. The overhead charge includes facilities use and other regular annual expenditures such as insurance, utilities, supplies, etc. This is a strong indicator that the Enterprise projects are moving forward as outlined in the Strategic Plan. See Table 4-18.

Table 4-19 provides a view of the percentage distribution of the total Enterprise Interfund Reimbursement. In past years, the Intergovernmental Personnel Act (IPA) accounted for some administrative costs, but IPA is unavailable at this time. The Enterprise Administration has assumed the costs of a portion of the overhead and is included in the 98 percent.







2025

300,600

10,000

Enterprise Water Fund Capital Outlay

District Interfund Transf

Restoration of Yield

Planning and Development

Future Water Supply & Storage

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

The 2024 Budget Enterprise Water Fund Planning and development is \$335,000 and Capital Outlay \$200,000. The total makes up interfund transfer funds and a

Basin Storage	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
	335,000	335,000	335,000	335,000
Capital Outlay	2022	2023	2024	2025
Restoration of Yield	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000
	\$200,000	\$200,000	200,000	200,000

2024

300,000

10,000

2023

300,000

10,000

portion to study Upper Basin Storage and the Restoration of Yield Project.

The Capital Project and development of the Restoration of Yield Storage Project is budgeted for \$200,000. In 2021, the land was purchase for a future reservoir site near Boone. The schedule shown here reflects the Enterprise Capital expendi-

tures for 2023 through 2025 budget. This is a portion of the District's 20-year Capital Improvement and Projects Plan.

See section titled Major Fund Driving Factors, Partnerships, Programs, and Projects for background on Capital Outlay items.

2026

300,000

10,000

Arkansas Valley Conduit & Hydroelectric Power Expenditures

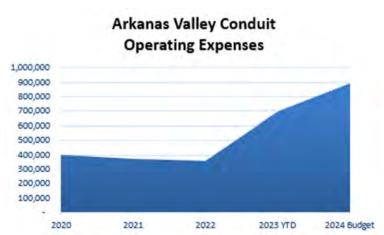
Arkansas Valley Conduit Expenses

The Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC) has budgeted a total of \$9,449,071 in expenses. Most of this are design costs for AVC delivery lines, with various state grants or loans to provide revenues.

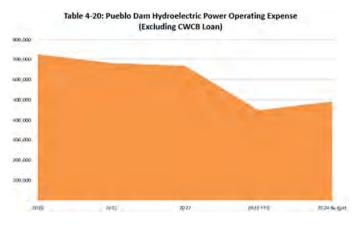
The 2024 AVC budget includes operation expense of \$892,711. The remainder is made up of final design and construction in capital expense.

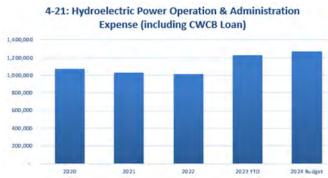
Most of the 2024 capital expenses will be supported by American Rescue Plan Act funds (ARPA) and in the future the Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) loan and grant package. The participants of the AVC project are responsible for \$329,599 of the operating expenditures.

Based on the 2024 Budget, the AVC plans to use reserve funds to continue the support of this major Enterprise project.



Hydroelectric Power Project Operating Expense







In 2023, the first payment of the Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) loan for the James W. Broderick Hydroelectric Power project was made, increasing expenses, but operating costs continued to drop.

With the exception of the CWCB loan payment, Operating Expenses for 2024 are projected to be \$492,717, as shown in Table 4-20. This is 81 percent of the five-year average of \$604,325. These expenses include headquarters operations, outside professional services, personnel and overhead cost, travel expense, and expense associated with on-site tours.

The repayment of the CWCB Loan in 2024 will be \$776,551, which will mean an increase in total expenses for the Hydroelectric Power Project, as shown in Table 4-21.

Construction was completed in 2019. Between 2019 through 2022, the project has expended an average of \$603,243 on operations.

Hydroelectric Power Capital

The 2024 Capital Outlay expense total for Pueblo Dam Hydroelectric Power is budgeted at \$273,175. This includes funds for SCADA, mechanical plugs, and miscellaneous parts. The major capital outlay for the Hydroelectric Project was between 2017 and 2019, when \$18.2 million was spent to build the Hydro facility. Since completion of the facility, annual capital expenditures have averaged \$33,325 annually, but are anticipated to grow in the Enterprise Capital Plan.

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Fund Balances

The year-end 2023 estimates can be found in Table 4-24.

This estimation is based on actual revenues and expenditures as of month end December 31, 2023, prior to year-end entries.

In 2023, the Fry-Ark Project estimated fund balance is expected to increase \$4,830,061. This increase would create a year-end 2023 fund balance of \$26,338,414 in the Fry-Ark Reserve.

The District is expected to experience an increase of \$194,471 in general fund balance. The increase in fund balance relates to higher than expected revenues from Specific Ownership taxes and investments.

This will create a 2022 year-end fund balance of \$10,688,934.

The Enterprise estimated fund balance is forecasted to decrease by \$208,126. The decrease in fund balance relates to an increase in operating expenditures. This will create an estimated 2023 year-end fund balance of \$6,238,518.

In 2023, the Arkansas Valley Conduit estimated fund balance is forecasted to decrease by \$362,668, leaving an estimated 2022 year-end fund balance of \$4,137,311.

The Hydroelectric Project estimated fund balance is forecasted to increase the negative fund balance by \$160,983. This is a result of decrease in energy production due to reduced flows during critical production periods.

Table 4-25 applies the 2022 audited financial fund balances, applies the 2023 estimated fund balances and then applies the 2024 Adopted Budget.

Please note that this is an estimate and the final year-end fund balances can be found in the 2023 Annual Financial Report (audit).

The District implemented a Strategic Plan and Business Plan, and a 2019 Finance Strategy and Sustainability Study to address future reserve spending. These plans can be viewed in the *Appendix*.

Table 4-24: 2023 Estimated Year	-End Government Wide Detail
---------------------------------	-----------------------------

	Government Activity			Enterprise Activity								
		Fry-Ark		District	v	Vater and Storage	A	rkansas Valley Conduit	H	lydroelectric Power	G	overnment Wide Total
Operating Revenue												
Fry-Ark Activity		9,936,908								1.4		9,936,908
Grant Activity		100										-
Loan Activity		-										
Operating Revenue		-		4,046,535		1,715,409		3,499,169		1,166,481		10,427,594
Total Revenue	\$	9,936,908	\$	4,046,535	\$	1,715,409	\$	3,499,169	\$	1,166,481	\$	20,364,502
Operating Expendures												
Fry-Ark Activity		5,106,847		114						-		5,106,847
Grant Activity				5.7 (8.1		-		1 - 5		- 11 You		
Operating Expenses				3,852,064		1,923,535		3,861,837		1,327,464		10,964,900
Capital Expenses										1.5		
Total Expenditures	\$	5,106,847	\$	3,852,064	\$	1,923,535	\$	3,861,837	\$	1,327,464	\$	16,071,747
Net Total Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$	4,830,061	\$	194,471	\$	(208,126)	\$	(362,668)	\$	(160,983)	\$	4,292,755

Table 4-25: 2023 Fund Balance Estimate

	Fry-Ark	District	Water Enterprise Fund	Arkansas Valley Conduit	Hydroelectric Fund	Government Wide Total
2022 Audited Fund Balance	21,508,353	10,494,463	7,030,591	4,499,979	(2,570,647)	40,962,739
2023 Estimated Year-End Change in Fund Balance	4,830,061	194,471	(208,126)	(362,668)	(160,983)	4,292,755
2023 Forecasted Year-End Fund Balance	26,338,414	10,688,934	6,822,465	4,137,311	(2,731,630)	45,255,494
2024 Adopted Budget	5,996,678	(412,681)	(583,947)	(3,221,388)	(105,317)	1,673,345
2024 Esimated Ending Fund Balance	32,335,092	10,276,253	6,238,518	915,923	(2,836,947)	46,928,839



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Budget in Brief Overview

The Government and Enterprise presentation (Table 4-21) provides an overview of the Government Activity and the Enterprise Water Fund.

Table 4-22 shows the 2024 Budget operating revenue for the Government Activity, which accounts for 61 percent; Enterprise Water Fund, 9 percent; the Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC), 25 percent; and Hydroelectric Project, 5 percent. AVC revenues are increasing as design and construction begin.

In operating expenditures, Government Activity accounts for 66 percent; Enterprise Water Fund, 17 percent; the AVC, 9 percent; and Hydroelectric Project, 8 percent.

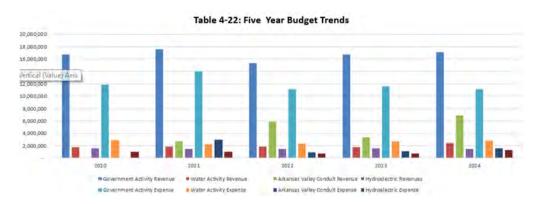
AVC capital expenses are 91 percent of the government wide 2024 Budget, Government Activity 4 percent, Hydroelectric Project, 3 percent and Water and Storage 2 percent.

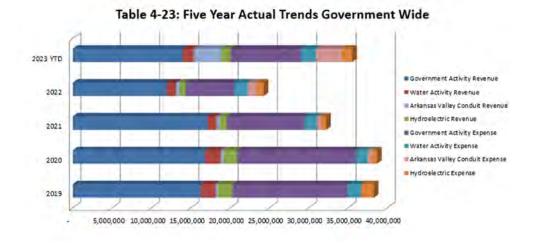
AVC capital expenses are expected to increase dramatically during design and construction, while operating expenses remain consistent in proportion across all funds.

Table 4-23 provides the comparison of actual revenue and expenditures and the trends of the past five years of the Government Activity and the Enterprise Water Fund.

Table 4-21: 2023 Adopted Budget Government & Enterprise Presentation

	Government Activity	Water & Storage Fund	Arkasnsas Valley Conduit Fund	Hydroelectric Fund	Total
Revenue					
Fryingpan-Arkansas Activity	11,715,661	4		-	11,715,661
Loan Activity	1	4	2.00		
Grant Activity	650,000	9	650,000	-	1,300,000
AVC Water and Power Authority Grants			5,825,163	-	5,825,163
Federal ARPA Activity					
Operating Activity	4,735,372	2,446,414	402,520	1,437,136	9,021,442
Total Revenue	17,101,033	2,446,414	6,877,683	1,437,136	27,862,266
Expenditures					
Fryingpan-Arkansas Activity	5,718,983			-	5,718,983
Grant Activity	650,000	1	650,000	4	1,300,000
Operating Activity	4,780,505	2,830,361	892,771	1,269,278	9,772,915
Total Expenditure	11,149,488	2,830,361	1,542,771	1,269,278	16,791,898
Total Fry-Ark Revenues over (under) Expeditures	5,996,678				11,070,368
Total Operations Revenues over (under) Expeditures	(45,133)	(383,947)	5,334,912	167,858	5,073,690
Capital Improvement/Project Expenses	365,000	200,000	8,556,300	273,175	9,394,475
Total Over (Under) Expenditures	5,586,545	(583,947)	(3,221,388)	(105,317)	1,675,893







SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024 To learn more: <u>www.secwcd.com</u>

Government Wide Summary of Funds

A summary of all government funds as reported in the 2024 Budget, with all funds detailed, appears on this page.

2024 as of 1/10/2024	Government Activity Fund	Water Activity Fund	Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC)	Hydroelectric Power Fund	Government Wide Total
Revenues Fry-Ark Activity	11,715,661	-			11,715,661
Grant Activity	650,000		650,000		1,300,000
AVC Contributions - ARPA Funds /SRV	650,000		5,825,163		
			3,823,183		5,825,163
Loan Activity	100,00	2000	100000		
Operating Revenues	4,735,372	2,446,414	402,520	1,437,136	9,021,442
Federal IPA Revenues					
	17,101,033	2,446,414	6,877,683	1,437,136	27,862,266
D. Carte					
Expenditures	****				
Fry-Ark Activity	5,718,983				5,718,983
Grant Activity	650,000		650,000		1,300,000
Operating Expense	4,780,505	2,830,361	892,771	1,269,278	9,772,919
Total Expenditures	11,149,488	2,830,361	1,542,771	1,269,278	16,791,898
Total Fry-Ark Revenues over(under) Expenditures	5,996,678				
Total Operations Revenues over(under) Expenditures	(45,133)				
Net Operations Over (Under) Revenues	5,951,545	(383,947)	5,334,912	167,858	11,070,368
net Operations over (Under) Revenues	3,331,343	(303,347)	3,334,312	107,838	11,070,300
Research and Development					
Core Business		22.22			2000
District Upfront Capital Expense		300,000			300,000
Future Water Supply & Storage					
Colorado Ríver Ispues	10,000				10,000
Watershed Management	10,000				10,000
Healthy Forest	20,000				20,000
ROY 6 Party IGA (CSU Study for Haynes Creek)		10,000			10,000
Basin Storage		25,000			25,000
Water Supply Protection & Efficiency					
Water Right Protection & Legal Cases	235,700				235,700
Boundary Engineering	8,000				8,000
RRA USBR GIS	6,300				6,300
Water Supply Storage & Power					
Streamflow Forecasting	20,000				20,000
Total Research and Developement	310,000	335,000			645,000
Capital Outlay					
Capital Outlay - Core Business	11111				
Vehicle	50,000				50,000
Facilities	40,000				40,000
Landscape/Maintenance	20,000				20,000
Information Technology (IT) Upgrades	255,000			50,000	305,000
Land Purchase, East of Pueblo					
Hydro Plant Project (other)				223,175	223,175
Capital Outlay - Future Water Supply & Storage					
ROY 6 Party IGA		200,000			200,000
Capital Outlay - Water Supply Protection & Efficiency					
Capital Outlay - Water Supply Storage & Power					
AVC Capital Outlay			8,556,300		8,556,300
Total Capital Outlay	365,000	200,000	8,556,300	273,175	9,394,475
Total Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures Total	5,586,545	(583,947)	(3,221,388)	(105,317)	1,675,893
	5,996,678	((-)	1	
	(410,133)				
Business Activity Breakdown					
Revenues	2 2210.020		****		
Enterprise Operations	\$ 2,219,626		Total Expe	enses for Resolutions	
Arkansas Valley Conduit Project	5			District	
Excess Capacity Project	5 116,191			The second second	\$ 3,030,361
Enlargement Project	\$ 110,597			AVC	\$ 10,099,071
Hydroelectric Project	\$.			Hydro	\$ 1,542,453
Total Revenues	\$ 2,446,414				\$ 26,186,373
Expenditures					
Enterprise Operations	\$ 2,603,573				
Arkansas Valley Conduit Project	5 .				
Excess Capacity Project	\$ 116,191				
Enlargement Project	\$ 110,597				
Hydroelectric Project Expenses					
Enterprise Capital Outlay Expense	\$ 200,000				
Hydroelectric Capital Outlay Expense					
Total Expenditures	\$ 3,030,361				
Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (583,947)				
Summary of Under for Business Activ	ity				
Hydroelectric Project Expenses	\$.				
Enterprise Capital Outlay Expense	\$ (200,000)				
Enterprise Shortage for operations	\$ (383,947)				
	100				



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(583,947)

Budget Changes

Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District 2024 Proposed Budget to 2024 Adopted Budget Changes

Fund	Account Title		Proposed		Adopted	Reason
	Revenue - Contract Mill Levy Col-					Change per Mill Levy Certifica-
District	lections	\$	10,397,065	\$	10,386,615	tions
	Revenue - Abatement & Refund					Change per Mill Levy Certifica-
District	Tax Collections	\$	1,034,041	\$	1,039,995	tions
						Change per Mill Levy Certifica-
District	Revenue - Operating Tax Revenue	\$	410,783	\$	413,331	tions
	Revenue - Excess Capacity Master					
District	Contract	\$	115,450	\$	115,375	Adjust for changes
	Revenue - Excess Capacity Master					
District	Contract	\$	234,825	\$	234,673	Adjust for changes
	Investment Revenue - Interest In-					
Enterprise	come	\$	21,900	\$	-	Entered in another Account
	Revenue - Grants - Avondale/					
AVC	Boone Delivery	\$	-	\$	991,000	Project Carry Over from 2023
	Revenue - Grants - La Junta Deliv-					
AVC	ery	\$	-	\$	930,000	Project Carry Over from 2023
	Revenue - Grants - Crowley, Ord-					
AVC	way, Olney Springs	\$	-	\$	11,300	Project Carry Over from 2023
	Revenue - Grants - Las Animas De-					
AVC	livery	\$	-	\$	181,600	Project Carry Over from 2023
	Revenue - Grants - Hasty, McClave			١.		
AVC	Delivery	\$	-	\$	50,900	Project Carry Over from 2023
	Revenue - Grants - May Valley De-	١.		١.		_
AVC	livery	\$	-	\$		Project Carry Over from 2023
AVC	Capital - Avondale/Boone Delivery	\$	-	\$	•	Project Carry Over from 2023
AVC	Capital - La Junta Delivery	\$	-	\$	930,000	Project Carry Over from 2023
	Capital - Crowley, Ordway, Olney					
AVC	Springs	\$	-	\$	11,300	Project Carry Over from 2023
AVC	Capital - Las Animas Delivery	\$	-	\$	181,600	Project Carry Over from 2023
AVC	Capital - Hasty, McClave Delivery	\$	_	\$	50,900	Project Carry Over from 2023
AVC	Capital - May Valley Delivery	\$	-	\$	352,000	Project Carry Over from 2023

A proposed Budget was presented to the Board of Directors on October 15, 2023, but changes occurred prior to Board Approval on December 7, 2023. The changes are detailed in the table above.



SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024 To learn more: <u>www.secwcd.com</u> Page 82

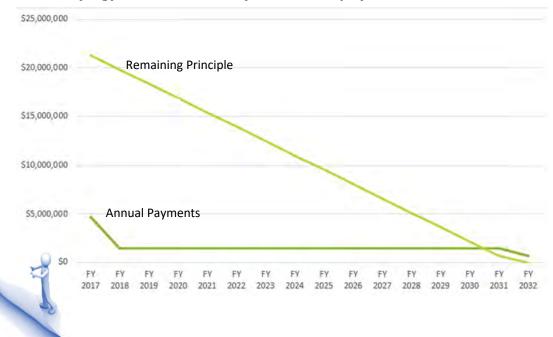
Debt Schedules

Fry-Ark Existing Debt (Bureau of Reclamation):

Original Debt Amount: \$	5 25	,963,434
--------------------------	------	----------

		<u> </u>	==,===, := :		
Bureau of Reclamation Debt Service Schedule	Principal	Total Payment (Interest Rate = 0.0%)	Remaining Principal		
FY 2017	\$ 4,683,638	\$ 4,683,638	\$ 21,279,796		
FY 2018	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 19,812,224		
FY 2019	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 18,344,652		
FY 2020	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 16,877,080		
FY 2021	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 15,409,507		
FY 2022	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 13,941,935		
FY 2023	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 12,474,363		
FY 2024	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 11,006,791		
FY 2025	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 9,539,219		
FY 2026	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 8,071,647		
FY 2027	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 6,604,075		
FY 2028	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 5,136,502		
FY 2029	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 3,668,930		
FY 2030	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 2,201,358		
FY 2031	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 1,467,572	\$ 733,786		
FY 2032	\$ 733,786	\$ 733,786	\$ 0		
FY 2033	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0		
TOTAL:	\$25,963,434	\$ 25,963,434	NA		

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Debt Repayment 2017-2032



To learn more: www.secwcd.com

Fry-Ark Debt

Annual payments totaling \$1,467,572 were put in place under the 11th Amendment to the Fryingpan-Arkansas Repayment Contract in 2018, and carried over in the converted Repayment Contract signed in 2021.

The payments represent the unpaid balance of the original debt of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project under the 1982 Repayment Contract, which included a 40-year payback period with a 10-year extension.

The Fry-Ark Project cost \$585 million to build (including interest during construction) and the Southeastern District's share was determined to be \$134 million. \$76 million was assigned to Irrigation, and \$58 million to Municipal and Industrial water uses.

The Municipal and Industrial uses carried a 3.046% interest rate, so the debt for those uses was paid off first. Irrigation uses carried no interest rate and are now being paid off.

Since the remaining debt in 2018 carried no interest, the District opted to extend repayment for the entire 50-year period and will make the final payment in December 2031 (first quarter of federal FY2032).

Revenue to fund Fry-Ark Project payments comes from the Contract Mill Levy.

Debt Schedules

Water Activity Enterprise Existing Debt: Safety of Dams (USBR)

Original Debt Amount: \$

430,820

Debt Service Schedule	Principal	T	otal Payment (Interest Rate = 0.0%)	ı	Remaining Principal
FY 2017	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	370,820
FY 2018	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	310,820
FY 2019	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	250,820
FY 2020	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	190,820
FY 2021	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	130,820
FY 2022	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	70,820
FY 2023	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$	10,820
FY 2024	\$ 10,820	\$	10,820	\$	0
FY 2025	\$ -	\$	-	\$	0
TOTAL:	\$ 430,820	\$	430,820	\$	-

Water Enterprise Safety of Dams Debt



Safety of Dams Debt

Safety of Dams payments are made to the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation for work performed at Pueblo Dam in 1998 and 1999. The total project amount was \$17.6 million, and the Southeastern District's share was 13.63%, or \$2.4 million. The Municipal and Industrial (M&I) share was 5.42% and Irrigation's share was 8.21%. Since the M&I portion carried a 3.046% interest rate, the District paid it in a lump sum of roughly \$1 million from its Water Activity Enterprise. The Irrigation portion carried no interest, so a payment schedule of 25 years with annual payments of \$60,000 was adopted to repay the remaining \$1.4 million. A payment of \$10,820 in 2024 will completely pay the remaining debt.

Revenue to repay Safety of Dams debt came through a surcharge on water sales and storage.



SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Hydropower Debt

The James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant was completed in 2019, but the construction loan of \$17,392,200 from the Colorado Water Conservation Board was not closed until 2023 because of activities that needed to be completed under the Bureau of Reclamation's Lease of Power Privilege.

The CWCB approved the 30-year loan to the Water Activity Enterprise in 2017 and the Enterprise has made annual payments on interest during construction over a 5-year period totaling \$1,585,958.

Annual payments of \$776,560 will be made each year until 2052 to repay the debt.

Revenue from electric power sales to the City of Fountain and Fort Carson (through Colorado Springs Utilities) are used to repay the debt. Based on historical flows, annual revenues are estimated to be about \$1.34 million annually (2024 dollars). A reserve fund is in place if hydropower revenues should fall short in any given year.

Water Activity Enterprise Hydroelectric Existing Debt: CWCB

Original Debt Amount: \$ 17,392,200

CWCB Debt Service Schedule	Principal uance Cost = 2.0%)	Interest Total Payment (Rate = 2.0%) (Principal + Interest)			Remaining Principal	
FY 2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	17,392,200
FY 2018	\$ -	\$ 221,012	\$	221,012	\$	17,392,200
FY 2019	\$ -	\$ 329,988	\$	329,988	\$	17,392,200
FY 2020	\$ -	\$ 347,844	\$	347,844	\$	17,392,200
FY 2021	\$ -	\$ 347,844	\$	347,844	\$	17,392,200
FY 2022	\$ -	\$ 339,270	\$	339,270	\$	17,392,200
FY 2023	\$ 428,716	\$ 347,844	\$	776,560	\$	16,963,484
FY 2024	\$ 437,291	\$ 339,270	\$	776,560	\$	16,526,193
FY 2025	\$ 446,037	\$ 330,524	\$	776,560	\$	16,080,156
FY 2026	\$ 454 <i>,</i> 957	\$ 321,603	\$	776,560	\$	15,625,199
FY 2027	\$ 464,056	\$ 312,504	\$	776,560	\$	15,161,143
FY 2028	\$ 473,338	\$ 303,223	\$	776,560	\$	14,687,805
FY 2029	\$ 482,804	\$ 293,756	\$	776,560	\$	14,205,001
FY 2030	\$ 492,460	\$ 284,100	\$	776,560	\$	13,712,541
FY 2031	\$ 502,310	\$ 274,251	\$	776,560	\$	13,210,231
FY 2032	\$ 512,356	\$ 264,205	\$	776,560	\$	12,697,875
FY 2033	\$ 522,603	\$ 253,958	\$	776,560	\$	12,175,272
FY 2034	\$ 533,055	\$ 243,505	\$	776,560	\$	11,642,217
FY 2035	\$ 543,716	\$ 232,844	\$	776,560	\$	11,098,501
FY 2036	\$ 554,590	\$ 221,970	\$	776,560	\$	10,543,911
FY 2037	\$ 565,682	\$ 210,878	\$	776,560	\$	9,978,229
FY 2038	\$ 576,996	\$ 199,565	\$	776,560	\$	9,401,233
FY 2039	\$ 588,536	\$ 188,025	\$	776,560	\$	8,812,697
FY 2040	\$ 600,306	\$ 176,254	\$	776,560	\$	8,212,391
FY 2041	\$ 612,313	\$ 164,248	\$	776,560	\$	7,600,078
FY 2042	\$ 624,559	\$ 152,002	\$	776,560	\$	6,975,520
FY 2043	\$ 637,050	\$ 139,510	\$	776,560	\$	6,338,470
FY 2044	\$ 649,791	\$ 126,769	\$	776,560	\$	5,688,679
FY 2045	\$ 662,787	\$ 113,774	\$	776,560	\$	5,025,892
FY 2046	\$ 676,043	\$ 100,518	\$	776,560	\$	4,349,849
FY 2047	\$ 689,563	\$ 86,997	\$	776,560	\$	3,660,286
FY 2048	\$ 703,355	\$ 73,206	\$	776,560	\$	2,956,931
FY 2049	\$ 717,422	\$ 59,139	\$	776,560	\$	2,239,509
FY 2050	\$ 731,770	\$ 44,790	\$	776,560	\$	1,507,739
FY 2051	\$ 746,406	\$ 30,155	\$	776,560	\$	761,334
FY 2052	\$ 761,334	\$ 15,227	\$	776,560	\$	(0)
TOTAL:	\$ 17,392,200	\$ 7,490,570	\$	24,882,770	N,	/A



SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024



Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District

2024 Adopted Budget
District General Fund (Fry-Ark and District Operations)
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2023 Budget	2023 Actual DRAFT	2024 Adopted Budget
Fry-Ark Project Revenue					
Tax Collections					
Contract Mill Levy Collections	8,992,839	8,963,422	9,620,793	9,616,772	10,386,615
Abatement and Refund of Tax Collections	44,964	44,827	56,593	58,571	1,039,995
Prior Year Tax	(8,900)	(10,438)	(9,078)	(405)	(9,350)
County Collection Fees	(158,273)	(155,613)	(174,100)	(165,751)	(184,103)
Total Tax Collections Fountain Valley Authority	8,870,630	8,842,198	9,494,208	9,507,188	11,233,157
Fountain Valley Authority	2,600,000	0	2,600,000	0	0
Fountain Valley Authority- Conduit	0	1,750	0	3,685	21,000
Total Fountain Valley Authority	2,600,000	1,750	2,600,000	3,685	21,000
Winter Water Storage					
Winter Water Storage	117,600	96,492	117,600	97,978	117,600
Total Winter Water Storage	117,600	96,492	117,600	97,978	117,600
Excess Capacity Master Contract	1597.				
Excess Capacity Master Contract	288,597	288,597	337,836	337,836	343,904
Total Excess Capacity Master Contract	288,597	288,597	337,836	337,836	343,904
Extraordinary Maintenance Revenues	200,000	200,007	001,000	507,500	0.10,001
Extraordinary Maintenance Revenues	0	0	150,000	0	0
Total Extraordinary Maintenance Revenues		0	150,000	0	0
Collection of RRA Fees	,		100,000		
RRA Fee Reimbursement	20,000	0	2,000	0	0
Total Collection of RRA Fees	20,000	0	2,000	0	0
Total Fry-Ark Project Revenue	11.896.827	9,229,037	12,701,644	9,946,687	11,715,661
	11,080,027	9,229,037	12,701,044	9,840,087	11,715,001
Fry-Ark Project Expenditures Contract Payments	500.200	- 2	270.00	1025.32	272/22
Fry-Ark Debt Payment	1,487,572	0	1,467,572	1,467,572	1,467,572
Fry-Ark OM&R Charges	2,529,272	1,536,832	2,629,261	2,618,253	2,505,310
Fry-Ark OM&R Credits	(455,269)	(238,692)	(587,846)	0	(11,339)
Total Contract Payments	3,541,575	1,298,139	3,508,987	4,085,825	3,961,543
Fountain Valley Authority					
Payment - Fountain Valley Authority	2,600,000	0	2,600,000	0	0
Fountain Valley Authority - Conduit	0	1,750	0	3,685	21,000
Total Fountain Valley Authority Winter Water Storage	2,600,000	1,750	2,600,000	3,685	21,000
Payment - Winter Water Storage - USBR	117,600	96,492	117,600	97,978	117,600
Total Winter Water Storage	117,600	96,492	117,600	97,978	117,600
Excess Capacity Master Contract	1,144.		71177	61,404	0.01120
Payment - Excess Capacity Master Contract - USBR	288,597	288,597	337,836	337,838	343,904
Total Excess Capacity Master Contract Extraordinary Maintenance Expenditure	288,597	288,597	337,836	337,836	343,904
Extraordinary Maintenance Expenditure	0	0	150,000	588,759	1,274,938
Total Extraordinary Maintenance Expenditure	0	0	150,000	588,759	1,274,936
RRA Fees					
Reclamation Reform Act Audit	20,000	0	2,000	0	0
Total RRA Fees	20,000	0	2,000	0	0
Total Fry-Ark Project Expenditures	6,567,772	1,684,978	6,716,423	5,114,084	5,718,983
Total Fry-Ark Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	5,329,055	7,544,059	5,985,221	4,832,603	5,996,678
Grant Revenue					
State				200	
Grant Revenue - Contingency	400,000	0	400,000	0	650,000

Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District

District (General Fund)

Fry-Ark Project

District Operations

2024 Adopted Budget
District General Fund (Fry-Ark and District Operations)
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

ict Operations	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2023 Budget	2023 Actual DRAFT	2024 Adopted Budget
Total State	400,000	0	400,000		650,000
Total Grant Revenue	400,000	0	400,000	0	650,000
Grant Expenditures State					
Grant Expenditure - State	400,000	0	400,000	0	650,000
Total State	400,000	0	400,000	0	650,000
Total Grant Expenditures	400,000	0	400,000	0	650,000
Total Grant Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0	0	0
Operating Revenue					
Tax Revenue for Operations					
Specific Ownership Tax Collections	810,000	1,001,395	830,000	1,074,069	855,000
Operating Tax Revenue	393,437	393,174	362,195	363,243	413,331
Total Tax Revenue for Operations Interfund Reimbursements	1,203,437	1,394,569	1,192,195	1,437,312	1,268,331
Enterprise Admin Reimbursement	1,747,595	1,678,835	2,198,139	2,007,784	2,570,926
Total Interfund Reimbursements	1,747,595	1,678,835	2,198,139	2,007,784	2,570,926
Investment Revenue			2,	2,001,701	4,000
Interest Income	6.563	16,887	6,525	40,888	9,253
Income to Fair Market Adjust	0	(762,782)	0	725,777	0
Interest on Bonds	84,855	243,960	277,020	504,265	886,862
Total Investment Revenue	91,418	(501,935)	283,545	1,270,930	896,115
Other Operating Revenue Insurance Claim/Reimbursement	0	0	0	110,990	0
Total Other Operating Revenue	0	0	0	110,990	0
Total Operating Revenue	3.042.450	2,571,469	3,673,879	4,827,016	4,735,372
Operating Expenditures	0,012,100	2,071,100	0,010,010	4,027,010	4,700,072
Human Resources					
Staff Payroll	1,469,938	1,471,520	1,936,897	1,638,574	2,298,921
Incentive/Performance Capacity	42,000	38,000	48,000	37,000	51,000
Temporary Staffing	0	0	0	5,370	0
Directors Payroll	36,000	36,000	36,000	36,000	36,000
Payroll Taxes	109,035	103,202	150,934	119,376	171,105
HSA Contributions	49,500	46,686	54,450	53,083	73,013
401 Retirement Contribution	141,104	118,011	170,653	157,366	183,352
457 Retirement Contribution	84,662	68,580	93,557	79,846	112,625
Health Insurance	212,139	178,422	270,433	172,916	278,183
Life Ins - Staff & Directors	10,089	8,995	12,202	11,810	17,548
Medical Reimbursement Expense	4,950	6,121	4,950	0	0
LT Disability Ins Employee Assistance Program	8,564 910	8,798 1,034	11,415	9,271 1,056	13,850 1,524
Dental Insurance	62,237	23.222	327111		
Vision Insurance	12,751 2,739	11,530	15,573 2,636	7,125 2,028	10,549
Worker's Compensation Insurance	3,250	2,597	4.000	3,674	4,358
Payroll Allocation Contra	0,200	0	0	(1,911)	(17,664)
Total Human Resources	2,187,631	2,099,492	2,813,055	2,332,583	3,237,356
Headquarter Operations					
Admin Fees for Human Resources	4,737	5,257	5,987	4,839	12,866
Bank Fees	1,000	821	1,094	796	892
Board Awards/Gifts	103	440	488	98	512
Board Memberships/Subscriptions	8,996	8,584	9,442	9,382	9,851
	216	158	284	168	298
Board Printing		_	EEO	331	10.000
Board Printing Board Room Presentation Equipment and Maintenance	621	0	550	331	10,000



Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District

2024 Adopted Budget
District General Fund (Fry-Ark and District Operations)
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2023 Budget	2023 Actual DRAFT	2024 Adopted Budget
Board/Committee Meals	6.469	6.907	9.113	5,806	9.569
Building Heating/Cooling	2,588	1,360	2.847	1,360	2.989
Building Other/Misc Maintenance	724	893	1,202	32	1,262
Building Plumbing & Electrical	2,035	1,438	2,239	253	2,351
Building Tools & Equipment	207	0	110	0	115
Computer - General Contracts	28,792	27,407	33,700	36,612	38,351
Computer - Supplies	250	139	276	129	290
Computer - Hardware	15,000	30,681	16,500	15,049	16,019
Computer - Software and Licenses	25,596	24,458	30,600	27,381	34,630
Depreciation Expense	0	75,903	0	0	0
Insurance - Automobile	1,744	1,525	1,500	1,496	1,646
Insurance - Excess Liability/Umbrella	3,015	3,194	3,790	3,790	4,200
Insurance - General Liability	12,925	14,525	17,410	16,833	18,660
Insurance - Property & Liability	5,224	4,229	4,985	5,558	6,114
Insurance - Public Official Liability	1,244	1,187	1,375	1,374	1,511
Legal Notices	2,262	463	1,000	2,433	3,500
Maintenance - Backflow Testing	228	110	121	150	160
Maintenance Fire System	500	554	609	489	1,013
Maintenance - Janitorial Services	3,291	5,080	5,330	4,380	6,797
Maintenance - Pest Control	531	384	535	860	562
Maintenance - Waste Disposal	1,986	2,162	2,336	2,753	2,453
Maintenance - Security	1,250	1,200	1,925	1,200	2,021
Maintenance - Snow Removal	2,246	1,955	2,471	1.425	2,595
Maintenance - Window Cleaning	890	980	979	915	1,050
Maintenance Facilities - Blacktop	1,000	0	1,000	0	1,000
Office - Equipment (New and Maintenance)	6,935	1,166	2,033	116	2,122
Office - Coffee/Snacks	700	858	688	520	850
Office - Copy Machine Color	5,000	8,019	9,693	7,391	8,453
Office - General/Staff Memberships	7,700	7,290	8,580	8,286	8,610
Awards & Gifts - Other	338	442	427	263	448
Office - Printing	3,661	3,769	4,027	3,063	4,228
Office - Publications & Subscriptions	758	500	935	906	682
Phone - Cell	7,500	6,327	10,177	6,085	10,686
Phone - Equipment Maintenance	1,487	1,350	2,150	1,350	2,257
Phone & Internet	14,056	12,489	12,245	14,043	15,000
Postage & Shipping	4,680	3,171	5,148	3,607	5,405
Staff Awards and Gifts	3,647	172	1,650	338	1,650
Supplies - Janitorial	360	439	458	356	481
Supplies - Office	4,291	2,739	4,720	3,614	4,956
Supplies - Paper	1,113	735	1,224	556	1,180
Supplies - Toner	1,189	752	1,308	757	1,373
Utilities	19,466	18,150	21,413	15,284 900	20,909
Utilities - Airport Fee	750	347	825	212	1,040
Vehicle R&M - 2014 Rav4			100		
Vehicle R&M - 2017 Rav4	750	584	825	357	1,000
Vehicle R&M - 2019 Highlander Web Contracts - Design & Support	750	1,930	825	868	1,000
	1,242 678	368	2,200 746	368	1,525
Web Hosting Landscape - Materials, Supplies and	2,598	977	2,500	2,248	2,625
Plants	10.00				
Landscape Maintenance & Contracts	20,725	16,076	24,654	11,893	25,387
Contingency - Operating	152,176	0	183,686	0	230,841
Total Headquarter Operations	399,540	312,007	464,544	229,275	548,135

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

Meetings and Travel



Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District

2024 Adopted Budget
District General Fund (Fry-Ark and District Operations)
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2023 Budget	2023 Actual DRAFT	2024 Adopted Budget
Directors-Other Travel (Tip, parking, taxi, etc.)	500	406	550	298	578
Directors Airfare	2.108	2.044	2.319	2.706	2,435
Directors Hotels	6,662	7,414	8,428	9.032	8,849
Directors Meals	500	1,176	550	1,460	1,103
Directors Meeting Registrations	6,630	6,535	7.843	7.465	8.235
Directors Mileage Reimbursement	12,760	6,644	9,636	10,243	7,875
Executive - Airfare	2,302	518	2.532	1,246	2,659
Executive - District Vehicle Gas	1,718	2.594	2.440	1,469	2,562
Executive - Hotels	3,417	4.624	4,309	4,881	4,524
Executive - Meals	607	824	668	1,008	911
Executive - Meeting Registrations	3.200	2,797	5,277	3.439	5,541
Executive - Other Travel Expense	300	74	330	135	347
Meeting Expense	1,477	480	1,625	0	525
Meeting Expense Meeting Meals - Non Staff Member	300	795	550	698	893
Staff Travel -Airfare	5,240	4,033	5,764	4,539	7,577
Staff Travel - Vehicle Gas	2.279	2,671	3.057		3.685
				2,145	
Staff Travel - Hotels	8,516	14,517	13,000	15,209	18,300
Staff Travel - Meals	2,018	4,089	3,320	4,335	5,050
Staff Travel - Registrations	9,273	11,024	13,500	12,614	15,675
Staff Travel - Other Travel	1,024	1,479	1,126	1,510	1,635
Staff Professional Certification /Licenses		1,405	2,547	1,679	2,730
Staff Education (General Skills)	10,000	1,784	10,000	2,476	10,000
Total Meetings and Travel	82,746	77,905	99,371	88,590	111,689
Outside and Professional Services	64.55	10000	10000	4144	20.25
Annual Audit	37,585	35,345	39,980	34,766	48,504
Consultant HR Breadbasket	10,000	0	0	0	0
Consultant/Lobbying Services - Federal	41,901	54,684	46,091	47,282	48,396
Colorado River Services	20,500	0	22,550	0	10,000
Legal Representation	310,500	172,675	300,000	201,319	300,000
Water Policy Management Consultants	22,019	1,050	11,000	5,418	5,300
Engineering Outside Contracts	50,000	15,235	25,000	21,000	50,000
Total Outside and Professional Services Water Conservation and Education	492,485	278,991	444,621	309,786	460,200
Tours & Anniversary Events	33,000	15,469	15,000	9,625	40,000
Sponsorships, Exhibits & Ads	25,000	6,500	25,000	5,750	25,525
ANS - Aquatic Nuisance Species Program	20,000	20,000	20,000	27,000	47,000
Xeriscape Ed Programs & Publications	734	149	2,830	4,436	600
Total Water Conservation and Education Planning and Development	78,734	42,118	62,830	46,812	113,125
Future Water Supply & Storage	590,000	10,701	213,000	0	40,000
Water Supply Protection & Efficiency	250,000	126,132	250,000	97,934	250,000
Water Supply Storage & Power	110,000	0	120,000	20,000	20,000
Total Planning and Development	950,000	136,833	583,000	117,934	310,000
Total Operating Expenditures	4,191,136	2,947,345	4,467,421	3,124,979	4,780,505
Total Operations Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,148,686)	(375,876)	(793,542)	1,702,037	(45,133)
Capital Outlay and Improvements					
Capital Outlay - Core Business	187,000	0	314,000	369,290	365,000
Total Capital Outlay and Improvements	187,000	0	314,000	369,290	365,000
Total Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	3,993,369	7,168,182	4,877,679	6,165,350	5,586,545

Enterprise Administration Budget Statement

Enterprise (Proprietary Fund) Water and Storage	2024 Adopted Budget								
Arkansas Valley Conduit Hydroelectric Power	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2023 Budget	2023 Actual DRAFT	2024 Adopted Budget				
Total Fry-Ark Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0	0	0				
Total Grant Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0	0	0				
Operating Revenue Water Sales, Surcharges and Fees									
Return Flow Water Sales	93,168	83,235	95,712	93,297	175,791				
Well Augmentation Surcharge	13,507	8,251	13,926	24,313	0				
Surcharge Revenue Water Activity Enterprise-Carryover Project Water Storage	647,018	557,501	568,004	601,349 0	504,143				
Water Activity Enterprise Surcharge-Excess Capacity Storage	0	0	0	0	297,382				
Water Activity Enterprise Surcharge-Winter Water Storage	0	0	0	0	72,240				
Storage Fees	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000				
Project Water Sales	577,805	383,543	595,899	587,542	824,688				
Total Water Sales, Surcharges and Fees Participant Payments	1,431,498	1,132,530	1,373,541	1,406,501	1,974,244				
Payments - Participants	193,565	179,040	209,882	196,695	224,962				
Total Participant Payments	193,565	179,040	209,882	196,695	224,962				
Interfund Reimbursements									
Matching Project Contribution	1,581	1,698	1,739	1,320	1,826				
Total Interfund Reimbursements Investment Revenue	1,581	1,698	1,739	1,320	1,826				
Interest Income	1,212	977	400	9.027	7.852				
Income to Fair Market Adjust	0	(265,435)	0	172,759	0				
Interest on Bonds	43,741	51,111	63,890	48,873	125,383				
Total Investment Revenue	44,953	(213,347)	64,290	230,659	133,235				
Partnership Contributions	****		21 224	80.733	92 147				
Regional Resource Planning Payments Total Partnership Contributions	110,000	0	61,324	80,733	62,147				
Other Operating Revenue	110,000		01,024	55,755	02,147				
Aurora IGA - Administration Fee	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000				
Total Other Operating Revenue	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000				
Total Operating Revenue	1,831,597	1,149,921	1,760,776	1,965,908	2,446,414				
Operating Expenditures Headquarter Operations									
Bank Fees	960	60	178	60	185				
Contingency - Operating	81,823	0	77,458	0	110,982				
Total Headquarter Operations	82,783	60	77,634	60	111,167				
Outside and Professional Services									
Consultant/Lobbying Services - Federal Colorado River Services		40,560	51,074	39,861	53,628				
Engineering Outside Contracts	58,525 51,000	35,098 18,207	78,010 27,500	49,305 22,260	77,636 53,546				
Transit Loss Study Expenses	3,486	3,430	3,773	3,605	3,962				
Research Project Support	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000				
Total Outside and Professional Services	161,442	99,296	162,357	117,031	190,772				
Personnel and Overhead			,	***					
Office Overhead	457,571	457,563	493,185	493,188	487,396				
Project Directors Allocation Project Personnel	24,120 874,438	24,120 882,998	24,120 1,212,608	24,120 1,081,063	24,120 1,384,915				
Total Personnel and Overhead	1,356,129	1,364,681	1,729,913	1,598,371	1,896,431				

Enterprise Administration Budget Statement

Total Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures

Enterprise (Proprietary Fund)

Water

Arkans

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Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District

2024 Adopted Budget

(507,593)

(1,097,469)

(108,680)

and Storage	Enterprise Operations (Water and Storage) Statement of Revenues and Expenditures							
sas Valley Conduit				2023 Actual	2024 Adopted			
roelectric Power	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2023 Budget	DRAFT	Budget			
Partnerships								
Safety of Dams - Pueblo	60,000	0	60,000	60,000	10,820			
Water Quality	181,841	179,740	194,202	193,319	203,912			
RRPG Project Costs	135,000	12,040	97,400	104,487	80,433			
Total Partnerships	376,841	191,780	351,602	357,806	295,165			
Other Payments								
Reimbursement to Other Project/Fund	1,581	1,698	1,739	1,320	1,826			
Total Other Payments	1,581	1,698	1,739	1,320	1,826			
Planning and Development								
Core Business	300,000	0	300,000	0	300,000			
Future Water Supply & Storage	35,000	0	35,000	0	35,000			
Total Planning and Development	335,000	0	335,000	0	335,000			
Total Operating Expenditures	2,313,776	1,657,515	2,658,245	2,074,588	2,830,361			
Total Operations Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(482,179)	(507,593)	(897,469)	(108,680)	(383,947)			
Capital Outlay and Improvements								
Capital Outlay-Future Water Supply & Storage	200,000	0	200,000	0	200,000			
Total Capital Outlay and Improvements	200,000	0	200,000	0	200,000			

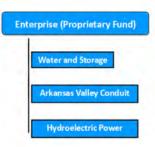
(682,179)



SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

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Enterprise Project Budget Statements



Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District

2024 Adopted Budget Enlargement Project Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2023 Budget	2023 Actual DRAFT	2024 Adopted Budget
Operating Revenue					
Participant Payments					
Payments - Participants	94,883	91,757	101,277	99,559	108,771
Total Participant Payments	94,883	91,757	101,277	99,559	108,771
Interfund Reimbursements					
Matching Project Contribution	1,581	1,698	1,739	1,320	1,826
Total Interfund Reimbursements	1,581	1,698	1,739	1,320	1,826
Total Operating Revenue	96,464	93,455	103,016	100,879	110,597
Operating Expenditures					
Personnel and Overhead					
Office Overhead	4,996	4,996	5,420	5,424	7,599
Project Personnel	5,468	3,431	6,567	4,466	7,418
Total Personnel and Overhead	10,464	8,427	11,987	9,890	15,017
Partnerships					
Water Quality	86,000	85,028	91,029	91,512	95,580
Total Partnerships	86,000	85,028	91,029	91,512	95,580
Total Operating Expenditures	96,464	93,455	103,016	101,402	110,597
Total Operations Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0	(522)	0
Total Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0	(522)	0

Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District

2024 Adopted Budget Excess Capacity Project Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

(In Whole Numbers)

	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2023 Budget	DRAFT	2024 Adopted Budget
Operating Revenue					
Participant Payments					
Payments - Participants	98,682	87,283	108,605	97,136	116,191
Total Participant Payments	98,682	87,283	108,605	97,138	116,191
Total Operating Revenue	98,682	87,283	108,605	97,136	116,191
Operating Expenditures Personnel and Overhead					
Office Overhead	5,161	5,159	5,962	5,964	8,684
Project Personnel	13,521	3,161	16,007	6,188	16,539
Total Personnel and Overhead	18,682	8,320	21,969	12,152	25,223
Partnerships					
Water Quality	80,000	78,963	86,636	84,984	90,968
Total Partnerships	80,000	78,963	86,636	84,984	90,968
Total Operating Expenditures	98,682	87,283	108,605	97,138	116,191
Total Operations Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0	0	0

SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Arkansas Valley Conduit Project Budget Statement

Enterprise (Proprietary Fund) Water and Storage Arkansas Valley Conduit Hydroelectric Power

Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District

2024 Adopted Budget Arkansas Valley Conduit Project Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2023 Budget	2023 Actual DRAFT	2024 Adopted Budget
Grant Revenue					
State					
Grant Revenue State/Local	400,000	0	400,000	0	650,000
Total State	400,000	0	400,000	0	650,000
Total Grant Revenue	400,000	0	400,000	0	850,000
Grant Expenditures State					
Grant Expenditure - State	400,000	0	400,000	0	650,000
Total State	400,000	0	400,000	0	650,000
Total Grant Expenditures	400,000	0	400,000	0	650,000
Total Grant Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0	0	
Operating Revenue					
Participant Payments					
Payments - Participants	276,221	276,221	329,599	269,671	384,622
Total Participant Payments Federal Funding Sources	276,221	276,221	329,599	269,671	384,622
Federal IPA USBR Contract	206,087	201,862	223,069	97,044	0
Total Federal Funding Sources Other Grants	208,087	201,862	223,069	97.044	0
Other Grants	1,973,000	89,887	2,363,250	1,329,601	5,825,163
Total Other Grants	1,973,000	89,887	2,363,250	1,329,601	5,825,163
Investment Revenue					
Interest Income	100	144	100	40,529	5,133
Income to Fair Market Adjust	0	(209,026)	0	129,189	0
Interest on Bonds	22,945	38,578	15,328	23,298	12,765
Total Investment Revenue	23,045	(172,304)	15,428	193,014	17,898
Total Operating Revenue Operating Expenditures	2,478,353	395,665	2,931,346	1,889,331	6,227,683
Headquarter Operations					
Bank Fees	500	0	55	60	100
Board/Committee Meals	1,200	176	744	134	800
Safety Equipment	0	0	0	5,315	1,000
Office - Printing	500	0	550	0	500
Contingency - Operating	42,647	0	146,567	0	148,435
Total Headquarter Operations Meetings and Travel	44,847	176	147,916	5,509	150,835
Directors Airfare	1,000	0	1,100	0	650
Directors Hotels	500	0	550	0	577
Directors Meals	200	136	220	91	231
Directors Mileage Reimbursement	200	651	220	515	500
Executive - Airfare	1,000	0	1,100	0	1,000
Executive - Hotels	500	51	550	0	549
Executive - Meals	200	88	220	0	200
Executive - Other Travel Expense	200	0	220	0	200
Meeting Expense	2,017	0	2,000	0	2,000
Meeting Meals - Non Staff Member	500	76	550	97	578
Staff Travel - Vehicle Gas	750	854	1,200	1,962	1,260
Staff Travel - Hotels	1,000	2,478	3,300	1,798	2,655
Staff Travel - Meals	500	1,100	1,320	820	1,050
Total Meetings and Travel Outside and Professional Services	8,567	5,435	12,550	5,282	11,450
Annual Audit	20,000	0	20,000	0	20,000
Consultant/Lobbying Services - Federal	39,009	32,805	37,410	32,671	39,280
Legal Representation	25,875	0	27,500	0	35,000

Arkansas Valley Conduit Project Budget Statement

Enterprise (Proprietary Fund) Water and Storage Arkansas Valley Conduit Hydroelectric Power

Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District

2024 Adopted Budget Arkansas Valley Conduit Project Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

Power	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2023 Budget	DRAFT	2024 Adopted Budget
Water Policy Management Consultants	35,000	30,900	38,500	17,380	40,425
Total Outside and Professional Services Water Conservation and Education	119,884	63,705	123,410	50,051	134,705
Tours & Anniversary Events	2,000	0	2,000	2,928	5,000
Total Water Conservation and Education	2,000	0	2,000	2,928	5,000
Personnel and Overhead					
Office Overhead	19,787	19,787	27,098	27,096	28,223
Project Personnel	322,811	263,564	378,347	258,466	554,739
Total Personnel and Overhead	342,598	283,351	405,445	285,562	582,962
Partnerships					
Water Quality	7,559	6,065	7,447	6,528	7,819
Total Partnerships	7,559	6,065	7,447	6,528	7,819
Total Operating Expenditures	525,455	358,732	698,768	355,858	892,771
Total Operations Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,952,898	36,933	2,232,578	1,533,473	5,334,912
Capital Outlay and Improvements					
Water Policy Management Consultants	25,000	0	10,000	16,469	2,500
Engineering Outside Contracts	2,311,859	0	2,543,250	1,912,299	8,553,800
Capital Outlay - Core Business	0	0	25,000	29,030	0
Total Capital Outlay and Improvements	2,336,859	0	2,578,250	1,957,798	8,556,300
Total Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(383,961)	36,933	(345,672)	(424,325)	(3,221,388)



To learn more: www.secwcd.com

SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

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Hydroelectric Power Project Budget Statement

Water and Storage

Enterprise (Proprietary Fund)

2024 Adopted Budget Hydroelectric Power Project Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District

Hydroelectric Power	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2023 Budget	2023 Actual DRAFT	2024 Adopted Budget
Operating Revenue					
Investment Revenue					
Interest Income	312	2,490	100	19,911	12,834
Income to Fair Market Adjust	0	(54,177)	0	36,021	12,054
Interest on Bonds	1,700	14,019	20,168	32,470	50,647
Total Investment Revenue	2,012	(37,667)	20,168	88,402	63,481
Hydroelectric Generation Revenue	2,012	(37,007)	20,200	00,402	03,401
Hydroelectric Power Loan	172,200	0	172,200	0	0
Hydroelectric Generation Revenue-CS-U		401,377	652,500	486,275	668,750
Hydroelectric Generation	650,875	414,633	661,875	512,874	673,125
Revenue-Fountain	000,070	414,033	001,073	312,014	073,125
Hydroelectric Power Transmission	29,002	16,105	17,767	26,106	31,780
Total Hydroelectric Generation Revenue	1,489,577	832,115	1,504,342	1,025,255	1,373,655
Other Operating Revenue	1,100,011	002,110	1,001,012	1,020,200	1,070,000
Miscellaneous Revenue	0	0	0	(450)	0
Total Other Operating Revenue	0	0	0	(450)	0
Total Operating Revenue	1,491,589	794,448	1,524,610	1,113,207	1,437,136
Operating Expenditures	1,701,000	761,110	1,024,010	1,110,207	1,407,100
Headquarter Operations					
Bank Fees	500	40	132	20	55
Building Tools & Equipment	4,427	0	2.000	0	2,500
Equipment Maint and Repairs	0	17,833	10,000	22,289	38,784
Depreciation Expense	o o	365,287	0	0	0
Insurance - Automobile	415	0	0	0	0
Insurance - Excess Liability/Umbrella	10,154	18,890	20,779	21,630	22,712
Insurance - General Liability	15,969	13,245	14,569	14,530	15,257
Insurance - Property & Liability	42,068	45,382	49,920	50,490	53,014
Maintenance Fire System	3,020	2,779	3,607	2,656	2,789
Maintenance - Security	200	540	1,546	540	1,623
Phone & Internet	1,261	1,207	1,387	1,176	1,456
Postage & Shipping	103	154	0	0	0
Supplies - Office	103	0	0	0	0
Utilities	15,818	11,251	17,400	3,391	6,300
Landscape Maintenance & Contracts	2,898	0	2,000	0	2,100
Contingency - Operating	74,579	0	67,620	0	71,857
Total Headquarter Operations	171,515	476,608	190,960	116,722	218,447
Meetings and Travel					
Staff Travel - Vehicle Gas	100	305	110	0	120
Staff Travel - Hotels	500	732	833	0	825
Staff Travel - Meals	100	278	160	72	200
Staff Travel - Other Travel	100	0	100	0	105
Total Meetings and Travel	800	1,315	1,203	72	1,250
Personnel and Overhead					
Office Overhead	17,313	17,310	21,678	21,679	27,138
Project Personnel	31,555	10,982	41,103	21,577	64,395
Total Personnel and Overhead	48,868	28,292	62,781	43,256	91,533
Debt Service					
Hydroelectric CWCB Loan Payment	0	0	0	428,716	437,291
Hydroelectric Loan Interest	347,844	345,344	347,844	347,844	339,270
Total Debt Service	347,844	345,344	347,844	776,560	776,561
Annual Project Expense					
Energy Transmission (BH)	58,005	32,645	35,533	53,498	63,560
Operations & Maintenance Operator	55,899	52,696	48,950	66,137	18,000
Operations & Maint Lubrication &	20,673	19,338	17,506	20,070	32,224
Routine					

Hydroelectric Power Project Budget Statement

Enterprise (Proprietary Fund) Water and Storage Arkansas Valley Conduit Hydroelectric Power

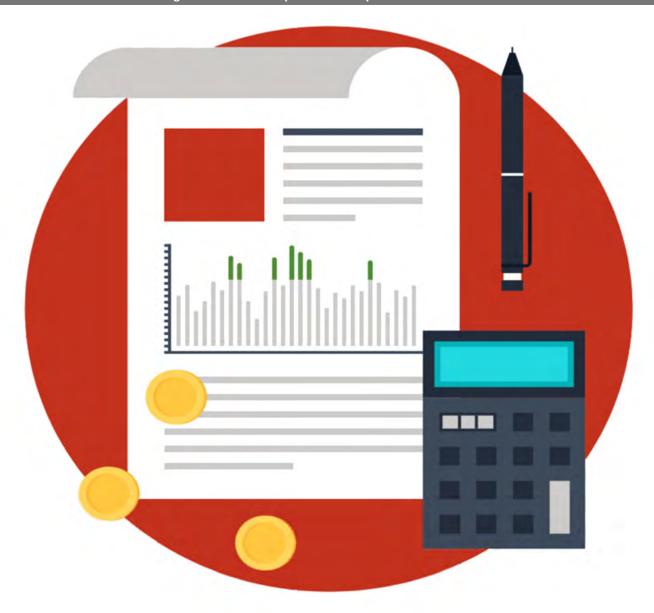
Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District

2024 Adopted Budget Hydroelectric Power Project Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

ric Power	2022 Budget	2022 Actual	2023 Budget	2023 Actual DRAFT	2024 Adopted Budget
Operation & Maintenance (USBR & OM&R)	6,000	2,492	2,741	0	2,878
Lease of Power Privilege-Annual Fee	54,000	56,125	61,738	0	64,825
Scheduling & Firming	0	18,075	0	0	0
Total Annual Project Expense	194,577	181,389	166,468	139,705	181,487
Total Operating Expenditures	763,604	1,032,927	769,256	1,076,315	1,269,278
Total Operations Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	727,985	(238,479)	755,354	36,892	167,858
Capital Outlay and Improvements					
Capital Improvement - Hydroelectric (CWCB)	172,200	172,200	172,200	0	0
Capital Improvement - Hydroelectric (Other)	100,000	0	50,000	62,320	223,175
Capital Outlay - Core Business	0	0	0	0	50,000
Total Capital Outlay and Improvements	272,200	172,200	222,200	62,320	273,175
Total Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	455,785	(410,679)	533,154	(25,428)	(105,317)



SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024



Budget and Rate Resolutions

In December 2023, the Board of Directors adopted five resolutions relating to Budgets and rates. They are presented in full on the following pages. Resolutions are for:

- 1) District Adopted Budget Resolution
- 2) Enterprise Adopted Budget Resolution
- 3) Water Sales and Storage Rate Resolution
- 4) Arkansas Valley Conduit Budget Resolution
- 5) Hydroelectric Power Budget Resolution





District Adopted Budget Resolution

CERTIFIED RESOLUTION AND ORDER DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF MONEY TO BE RAISED BY TAXATION FOR SOUTHEASTERN COLORADO WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT UPON ALL PROPERTY WITHIN SAID DISTRICT IN BENT, CHAFFEE, CROWLEY, EL PASO, FREMONT, KIOWA, OTERO, PROWERS, AND PUEBLO COUNTIES, COLORADO, AND FIXING THE RATE OF LEVY AND DIRECTING THE SEVERAL BOARDS OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF SAID COUNTIES TO LEVY TAXES UPON THE ASSESSED VALUATION OF PROPERTY WITHIN SAID DISTRICT FOR THE SOUTHEASTERN COLORADO WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT IN THE YEAR 2023 TO BE COLLECTED IN THE YEAR 2024.

RESOLUTION AND ORDER NO. 2023-01DF

WHEREAS, it is the duty of the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (under the Water Conservancy Act of Colorado, C.R.S. 37-45-122), in each year to determine the amount of money necessary to be raised by taxation, taking into consideration other sources of revenue of the District, and to fix a rate of levy, which, when levied upon every dollar of assessed valuation of property within the District, and with other revenue, will raise the amount required for the District to supply funds for paying expenses of organization, for surveys and plans, paying the cost of construction, operating and maintaining the work of the District, not exceeding one mill on the dollar of assessed valuation; and

WHEREAS, Leann Noga, Director of Administrator and Finance of the District, was appointed by this Board of Directors as Budget Officer, to prepare a Budget for the year 2024, and submitted same to said Board on October 13, 2023; the District has caused to be furnished the requisite Notice of Hearing, and a Public Hearing was held at the District Office at 9:45 a.m. November 16, 2023.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District hereby approves and adopts the Budget and Statement of Designated and Reserved Funds as submitted and subsequently amended by final Board action December 7, 2023, and appropriates the funds for the purposes shown within said Budget; and,

BE IT RESOLVED, the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District hereby approves and adopts expenditures in the amount of \$11,514,488, of which \$5,718,983 is for Contract Obligations as part of the Contract with the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation Contract), and appropriates funds for the purpose shown within said Budget; and,

BE IT RESOLVED, the Board of Directors of said District does now determine that the amount of money to be raised by taxation for said purposes for the year 2024, levied on the 2023 assessed valuation of \$13,333,266,803 will produce revenue of \$10,799,946. The District certifies a mill levy at .900 with a temporary mill levy rate reduction of .121 for a total of .779 in compliance with Colo. Rev. Stat section 29-1-301, et seq., for the Reclamation Contract. The District also certifies a mill levy at .035 with a temporary mill levy rate reduction of .004 for a total of .031 in compliance with Colo. Rev. Stat section 29-1-301, et. seq., for Operating Expenses, both totaling .810 mills.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Board of Directors of said District certifies an additional .078 mill levy to collect revenues, which were not collected due to the counties' Abatements and Refunds. This separate mill levy is to produce additional revenue of \$1,039,995.



Continued on next page

District Adopted Budget Resolution

The Abatements and Refunds mill levy assessment is authorized under C.R.S. 39-10-114 (1) (a) (I) (B).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors of said District does now certify to the Boards of County Commissioners of Bent, Chaffee, Crowley, El Paso, Fremont, Kiowa, Otero, Prowers, and Pueblo Counties, in the State of Colorado, said combined net (including temporary mill levy rate reductions) of .810 mill so fixed for said purposes of said District (including .779 mill for the Reclamation Contract and .031 for Operating Expenses) to be levied upon every dollar of assessed value on all property within said District and in said Counties, as aforesaid; and said Boards of County Commissioners shall levy said tax of .810 mill upon each dollar of assessed valuation of all property, real and personal, within the District, in their respective Counties, in addition to such other taxes as may be levied by such Boards of County Commissioners; and, in addition does now direct that at the time and in the manner required by law, and under the Abatements and Refunds mill levy provision (C.R.S. 39-10-114 (1) (a) (I) (B)), said Boards of County Commissioners shall levy said additional tax of .078 mill upon each dollar of assessed valuation of all property, real and personal, within the District, in their respective Counties.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that all Officers having authority to levy and collect such taxes within each said County, levy and collect such taxes in the form and manner as County taxes are collected, and when collected, to pay same to Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District, all as provided by said Water Conservancy Act.

STATE OF COLORADO) COUNTY OF PUEBLO) §

I, Bill Long, President of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District, do hereby certify the foregoing is a true and correct copy of Resolution and Order passed and adopted in a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District, held on December 7, 2023, determining the amount of money to be raised by taxation for Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District upon property within said District in Bent, Chaffee, Crowley, El Paso, Fremont, Kiowa, Otero, Prowers, and Pueblo Counties, Colorado, and fixing the rate of levy, and directing the several Boards of County Commissioners of said Counties to levy taxes upon the assessed valuation of all property within said District in said Counties in 2023 to be collected in the year 2024.

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ATTEST:

James W. Broderick, Assistant Secretary-Treasurer



SECWCD Adopted Budget 2023

Enterprise Adopted Budget Resolution

CERTIFIED RESOLUTION AND ORDER DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF APPROPRIATIONS TO BE EXPENDED BY THE SOUTHEASTERN COLORADO WATER ACTIVITY ENTERPRISE – ENTERPRISE WATER OPERATION.

RESOLUTION AND ORDER NO. 2023-02EF

WHEREAS, it is the duty of the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise, an enterprise of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (formed under the Water Conservancy Act of Colorado, C.R.S. 37-45-122), in each year to determine the amount of appropriations to be expended in the next year.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise hereby adopts the Budget as submitted by final Board action December 7, 2023, for the Enterprise Water Operating Fund within the Enterprise and appropriates the funds for the purpose shown within the 2024 Budget; and,

BE IT RESOLVED, the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise hereby approves and adopts expenditures in the amount of \$3,030,361, and appropriates funds for the purposes shown within said Budget.

STATE OF COLORADO)
COUNTY OF PUEBLO)

I, Bill Long, President of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise, do hereby certify the foregoing is a true and correct copy of Resolution and Order passed and adopted in a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise, held on December 7, 2023, determining the amount of money to be appropriated for expenditures by the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise.

Bill Long, President

ATTEST:



Water Sales and Storage Rate Resolution

CERTIFIED RESOLUTION AND ORDER DETERMINING THE RATE OF WATER, STORAGE, SURCHARGE, AND FEES TO BE ASSESSED TO THE SALE OF ALL TYPES OF WATER ALLOCATED BY THE SOUTHEASTERN COLORADO WATER ACTIVITY ENTERPRISE.

RESOLUTION AND ORDER NO. 2023-01EF

WHEREAS, it is the duty of the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise, an enterprise of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (formed under C.R.S. 37-45.1-101, et. seq.), in each year to determine the amount of rates and fees to be assessed in the next water year.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise hereby adopts the water rate and surcharges as Presented in the 2024 Budget Public Hearing on November 16, 2023, for the 2024 water year, and.

BE IT RESOLVED, the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise hereby approves and adopts the below rate and fee schedule. This schedule includes no increase or decrease to the rate adopted and approved for water year 2024.

2024 Water Cales and Streege Date	Rate and Surcharge (S/ac-ft)			
2024 Water Sales and Stroage Rate	Sales and Stroage Rate Total Charge WAE Rate		WAE Surcharge	
Project Water				
Project Water First Use (60% Consumed)	\$13.14	\$ 13.14	\$.	
Project Water Full Use (100% Consumed)	\$21.90	\$ 21.90	\$ -	
Project Water Return Flow (100% Consumed)	\$21.90	\$ 21.90	5 -	
Storage				
Carryover Project Water	\$4.52	5 -	\$ 4.52	
Winter Water	\$4.52	\$ 2.80	\$ 1.72	
Excess Capacity In District	\$4.52	s -	5 4.52	
Excess Capacity Out of District	\$10.00	s -	\$ 10.00	
Excess Capacity Aurora	\$10.00	5 -	\$ 10.00	

STATE OF COLORADO) SCOUNTY OF PUEBLO

I, Bill Long, President of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise, do hereby certify the foregoing is a true and correct copy of Resolution and Order passed and adopted in a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise, held on December 7, 2023, determining the rate of all water sales and storage assessments by the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise.

Bill Long, Presiden

ATTEST:



Arkansas Valley Conduit Budget Resolution

CERTIFIED RESOLUTION AND ORDER DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF APPROPRIATIONS TO BE EXPENDED BY THE SOUTHEASTERN COLORADO WATER ACTIVITY ENTERPRISE – ARKANSAS VALLEY CONDUIT.

RESOLUTION AND ORDER NO. 2023-03EF

WHEREAS, it is the duty of the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise, an enterprise of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (formed under the Water Conservancy Act of Colorado, C.R.S. 37-45-122), in each year to determine the amount of appropriations to be expended in the next year.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise hereby amends and adopts the Budget as submitted by final Board action December 7, 2023 for the Arkansas Valley Conduit Funds within the Enterprise and appropriates the funds for the purpose shown within the 2024 Budget; and,

BE IT RESOLVED, the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise hereby approves and adopts expenditures in the amount of \$10,099,071 and appropriates funds for the purposes shown within said Budget.

STATE OF COLORADO) SCOUNTY OF PUEBLO)

I, Bill Long, President of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise, do hereby certify the foregoing is a true and correct copy of Resolution and Order passed and adopted in a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise, held on December 7, 2023, determining the amount of money to be appropriated for expenditures by the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise.

Bill Long, President

ATTEST:



Hydroelectric Power Budget Resolution

CERTIFIED RESOLUTION AND ORDER DETERMINING THE AMOUNT OF APPROPRIATIONS TO BE EXPENDED BY THE SOUTHEASTERN COLORADO WATER ACTIVITY ENTERPRISE – HYDROELECTRIC POWER.

RESOLUTION AND ORDER NO. 2023-04EF

WHEREAS, it is the duty of the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise, an enterprise of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (formed under the Water Conservancy Act of Colorado, C.R.S. 37-45-122), in each year to determine the amount of appropriations to be expended in the next year.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise hereby amends and adopts the Budget as submitted by final Board action December 7, 2023 for the Hydropower Funds within the Enterprise and appropriates the funds for the purpose shown within the 2024 Budget; and,

BE IT RESOLVED, the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise hereby approves and adopts expenditures in the amount of \$1,542,453, and appropriates funds for the purposes shown within said Budget.

STATE OF COLORADO)
COUNTY OF PUEBLO)

I, Bill Long, President of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise, do hereby certify the foregoing is a true and correct copy of Resolution and Order passed and adopted in a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise, held on December 7, 2023, determining the amount of money to be appropriated for expenditures by the Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise.

Bill Long, President

ATTEST:





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Section 5

Major Fund Driving Factors, Projects, Programs, and Partnerships

Introduction

District funds are divided between
Government and Enterprise funds
as a way to fulfill the Mission of
the District: To provide, protect,
and manage water resources. This
section looks at the Major Fund
Driving Factors, Partnerships, Programs, and Projects of the District's Government and Enterprise

Reports in this section summarize the scope, status, and planned work in both the Government and Enterprise Funds.

Government Funds are closely aligned with the core purpose of the District, which is to manage the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project in consultation with the Bureau of Reclamation.

The Water Activity Enterprise is the business arm of the District, and its budget reflects ways that the Project can be developed to benefit all water users in the Arkansas River basin.

Excess Capacity, Enlargement, Arkansas Valley Conduit, and



Pueblo Dam Hydroelectric funds will be discussed in more detail in this section.

Major Fund Sources: Major Expenditures: GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENT Fryingpan-Arkansas Project: Fryingpan-Arkansas Project: Con-Contract mill levy, Fountain tract mill levy, Fountain Valley \$11.72 million Valley Authority, Winter water Authority, Winter water storage, storage, Excess Capacity Mas-Excess Capacity Master Contract, ter Contract, RRA fee reim-RRA fee reimbursement. bursement. **Grants and Administration: Re-Grant Revenue:** Capacity \$400,000 served capacity allows District to apply for grants. **District Operating Revenue:** District Operating Expenses: Hu-Operating tax mill levy, Specific \$4.73 million man resources, headquarters Ownership tax, interfund reimoperations, meetings and travel, bursements, interest income. outside professional services, water conservation and education. **ENTERPRISE ENTERPRISE Water Sales, Storage Surcharges Enterprise Operating Expenses:** \$2.1 million and Investment Revenue: Pro-Interfund payments to District for ject water sales, Return Flows, personnel and overhead, outside well augmentation, surcharge and professional services and revenue, investments. Safety of Dams. Partnerships: Regional Re-Partnerships: Regional Resource source Planning Group fee, Au-Planning Group fee, U.S. Geolog-\$320,428 rora IGA administrative fee, ical Survey co-op programs, Enproject participant fees. largement, Excess Capacity contract.

\$6.23 million

\$1.44million

Arkansas Valley Conduit: Per-

sonnel, overhead, outside ser-

Hydro expenses: Debt service,

fees, overhead, OM&R.

vices, design, construction.

Arkansas Valley Conduit: Par-

tion IGA, loans, grants, Aurora

Hydroelectric Power: Sales of

electrical power to Fountain,

Colorado Springs Utilities.

ticipant payments, Reclama-

payments for fund balance.

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Funding

Most of the money collected to fund the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project (Project) is passed through to the federal government in order to repay the construction cost of the Project, to cover interest on the municipal portion of the debt, and to pay the operation, maintenance and replacement (OM&R) costs of the Project. Under Amendment 11 to the Repayment Contract, a reserve fund has been established to pay unknown future costs. The reserve fund balance at the end of 2023 was estimated to be about \$26.3 million.

The state of the s

In 2024, Project revenue is budgeted to be \$11,720,157. This amount includes:

- ♦ A net collection of \$11,237,653 in Contract mill levy taxes.
- ◆ A payment of \$21,000 from the Fountain Valley Authority.
- ◆ Collection of \$117,600 from the Winter Water Storage Program.
- Collection of \$343,904 from Excess Capacity Master Contract participants.



Contract Mill Levy

When the Project was declared substantially complete in 1981, the District entered Contract negotiations with the Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation). Several sources of revenue were included in the 40-year Repayment Contract. Under the 1962 Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Act, the District has 50 years to pay off the debt.

The District's primary source of revenue is a 0.9 mill levy on property in parts of nine counties. Temporary reductions in the mill levy are taken to conform to state law.

The cost of the Project was calculated by Reclamation to be \$585 million, and the District's share was \$134.7 million. In December 2023, the remaining debt totaled \$12.47 million. Two payments totaling \$1,467,572 annually will be made until 2031 under the Contract.

Projected routine OM&R costs for the Project have been about \$2 million annually.

The District has established a reserve fund for future Project expenses, to be spent in ways mutually agreed on with Reclamation. The District is able to spend the interest on this fund for any purpose.

Miscellaneous Revenues

Reclamation collects revenue from miscellaneous revenues, including excess capacity contracts at Pueblo Reservoir and outside contracts for use of the project.

Under PL 111-11, these revenues are applied to the Arkansas Valley Conduit construction or repayment. They will total \$3.5 million in 2022.

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

Those revenues are not accounted for in the District Budget.

Fountain Valley Authority

While the Fountain Valley Authority federal debt has been repaid, the District is providing consulting services for contract negotiations.

Winter Water

The Winter Water Storage Program allows farmers to store water in Pueblo Reservoir, John Martin Reservoir or ditch company reservoirs from November 15-March 15 each year. The District manages this program in cooperation with Reclamation and the Colorado Division of Water Resources.

Water stored in Pueblo Reservoir generates \$117,600, according to 20-year average storage of 42,000 acre-feet. Revenues are applied to the Arkansas Valley Conduit under the Repayment Contract.

Excess Capacity Master Contract

The District in 2016 negotiated a 40-year contract with Reclamation to store non-Project water in Pueblo Reservoir if and when space is available.

A total of 29,938 acre-feet is available to the 37 participants under this contract. So far, 16 participants have signed up for 7,585 acre-feet of storage. The amount can increase, but not decrease. For 2024, participants paid \$343,904. Payment is made in November of the preceding year.

SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Government Projects & Programs

The District partners with the Bureau of Reclamation to ensure that the Project is operated in compliance with all federal laws, rules and regulations. The foundation of this relationship is spelled out in the 1962 Fryingpan-Arkansas Act and reinforced by subsequent contracts and agreements. The District's role is as an intermediary between the federal government and state or local stakeholders. The four programs on this page reflect the District's ongoing responsibility.

Return Flows

Commingling plans assure that Fry-Ark Project water is delivered only to eligible lands under the RRA rules. Water delivered within a ditch system must be proportionately delivered to match native flows or other sources of water.

In 2024, Full Use Water was added as a category to account for Municipal Return Flows. In 2022, the District Board revised policies on Return Flows, which comes from a study of Agricultural First Right of Refusal that began in 2014 with the Fort Lyon Canal Pilot Project.

2024 Budget: Included within Engineering, Planning, and Operations expenditures.



2024 Budget: Included within Engineering, Planning, and Operations expenditures.

District Boundaries

District boundaries were approved in Pueblo District Court in 1958 to include only those areas likely to benefit from the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project. Only areas within District boundaries may receive Project Water. The boundaries also define the property owners who pay ad valorem taxes to support the Project. Boundaries may be altered in three ways:

- 1. By annexation to municipalities within the District.
- 2. By landowner petition.
- 3. By election, including property owners and residents.

In 2024, the District will continue to align recorded boundaries with actual boundaries using GIS mapping. Staff also applied the 2018 Inclusion Manual to new boundaries, and prepared inclusions during the past year for District Court.

Fry-Ark Facilities OM&R

The District works with Reclamation each year to pay its portion of operations, maintenance and replacement for the Fry-Ark Project. Reclamation reconciles costs on an annual basis. Routine maintenance is estimated to be \$2.5 million in 2024.

In addition, the District has the responsibility to pay for extraordinary maintenance charges that vary from year to year.

The District receives credits for OM&R based on Reclamation charges added to other contracts, estimated to be \$11,339 in 2024.



2024 Budget: Included within Contract payments.

Reclamation Reform Act

The Reclamation Reform Act (RRA) of 1982 defines acreage limitations to agriculture. Project water users within the District boundaries are required to certify their landholdings by filing RRA forms prior to receiving an allocation of Project water. District staff provides information and guidance to landowners.

In 2013, the District's Water Allocation Policy was altered to specify that it is the agricultural water organization's responsibility to pay the District any administrative fees or bills for full-cost water (water which is sold at a higher rate to ineligible lands, if available). Water users are not eligible to receive Project water until bills are paid.

To learn more: www.secwcd.com



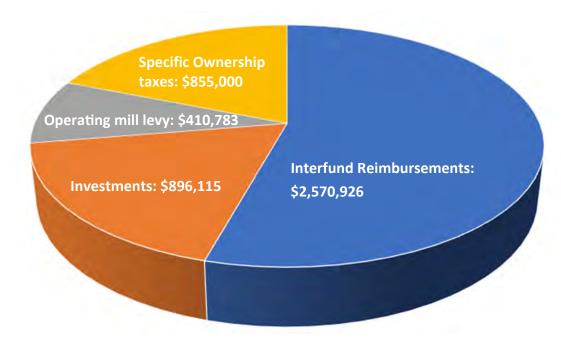
2024 Budget: Included in District Operations Budget.

SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

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District Operating Revenue

The District has a \$4,732,824 in operating revenues budgeted for 2024. This is funded by a 0.035 operating mill levy, Specific Ownership taxes, interfund reimbursements, investment revenue, and smaller miscellaneous revenues.



There are five sources of revenue for District operations:

- Interfund reimbursements: These are payments from the Enterprise for personnel and headquarters costs. This charge for service varies from half to two-thirds of the District's operating budget.
- 2. **Specific Ownership tax:** This tax is collected on all vehicles in Colorado and apportioned to governments within each county according to their rate of taxation.
- 3. **Operating mill levy:** The District, by Board action, assesses a 0.035 mill levy for operations in each of nine counties. In some years, there is a temporary reduction to comply with state laws.
- 4. **Investments:** Investments on fund balances held by the District account for a portion of operating revenue.
- Miscellaneous revenue: The District charges for rental of meeting space, and receives funds from some outreach activities, which are used to offset costs. No amount has been budgeted for 2024.

Operations funding shifted over the past 65 years:

◆ **1959-71:** A portion of the District's 0.4 mill levy was set aside for eventual repayment of

- the Project, along with interest revenue. Only about one-quarter of the amount collected was used for District Operations. The fund balance grew to \$1.8 million by 1971.
- 1972-81: Water sales began to repay a portion of the cost of construction for the Project. Half of the 0.4 mill levy went to direct payments. Interest and sale of Return Flows contributed to operating revenues. Specific Ownership tax began in 1973, and provided additional funding. The fund balance grew to \$4.4 million by 1981.
- 1982-96: The Repayment Contract with Reclamation required a 0.9 mill payment from the District. Operating funds came out of the remaining 0.1 mill the District is authorized to assess under Colorado law. Revenue limits under two state constitutional changes have restricted the operating mill levy to 0.035 mills. Fund balance was \$7.62 million at the end of 1996.
- ty Enterprise changed the fund structure for the District, providing a new source of revenue through interfund reimbursements. Interest rates have decreased in recent years, but Specific Ownership taxes remain strong. The District Operations fund balance was estimated to be about \$10,688,934 at the end of 2024 (does not include Fry-Ark fund balance).



District Operating Expenses

This page describes how District funds are spent, and outlines capital projects that are anticipated in 2024. Operating expenditures are budgeted at \$4,780,505 in 2024, while capital projects total \$365,000.

Human Resources

Human Resources expenditures total \$3,237,356 in the 2024 budget, an increase of 15 percent over the 2023 budget. This covers wages and benefits of District staff and Directors.

The increase reflects additional personnel in the engineering department in order to accommodate a growing workload, position upgrades and cost-of-living increases.

Headquarters Operations

Operation of the District's headquarters at 31717 United Avenue in Pueblo are expected to total \$548,135 in 2024, an increase of 18 percent.

Upgrades to Board meeting facilities are underway to improve meeting quality and the grounds are being upgraded.

Meetings and Travel

The budget for meetings and travel includes staff and Board members. In 2024, the District budgeted for spending capacity of \$111,689, an increase of 12 percent. While remote meetings continue, travel to many meetings has resumed.

Travel is important for maintaining contact and

building relationships with stakeholders, outside agencies and various water associations.

Outside and Professional Services

A total of \$460,200 has been budgeted for outside services in 2024, which are a vital part of the District's operation. This allows the District to tap into the expertise of others to augment staff activities

This includes auditors, lobbyists, lawyers, engineers, and human resources consultants.

This reflects an increase of 3.5 percent.

Water Conservation and Education

The 2024 budget includes \$113,125 for outreach activities. This is an increase of 80 percent, and reflects additional costs for the Arkansas Valley Conduit, and increased conservation and education spending.

In 2024, the District will again contribute \$20,000 toward a cooperative boat inspection program at Pueblo Reservoir to reduce the threat of aquatic nuisance species (ANS), as well as \$27,000 toward a cooperative ANS program for Twin Lakes and Turquoise Reservoir.

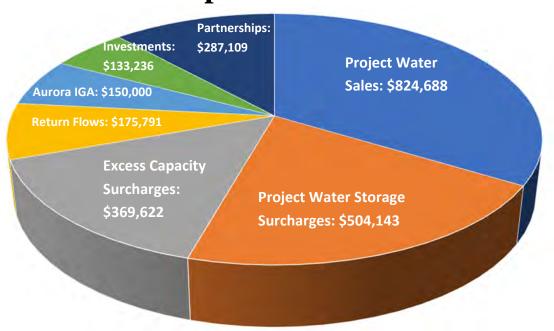




Enterprise Operating Revenue

Enterprise revenue is highly variable, depending on the water available for sales, storage and hydroelectric generation. For budgeting purposes, the District relies on 20 -year averages for Project Water sales and Return Flows. Surcharges on storage remain more consistent, as the level of Project carryover and Excess Capacity storage has not fluctuated in recent years. Water sales and storage rates were restructured in 2023. Total revenues of the Enterprise, excluding AVC and Hydro, are forecast to be \$2,444,589 in 2024.

Enterprise Revenues



Project Water and Return Flow Sales

The District began receiving revenues from Project Water sales in 2010 under an amendment in the Repayment Contract with the Bureau of Reclamation. The 2024 rate for Project Water and Return Flows is \$21.90 per acre-foot.

The budget is calculated on the 20-year running average for Project water imports, which is about 59,000 acre-feet. After deductions, that is expected to yield about 45,000 acre-feet. Revenues for 2021 are projected to total \$824,688.

Deductions:

- ⇒ Twin Lakes exchange: 3,000 acre-feet
- ⇒ Leadville and Pueblo fish hatcheries: 200 acre-feet
- ⇒ Transit loss: 10 %
- ⇒ Evaporation: 10%

Storage Surcharges

A surcharge of \$4.52 per acre-foot is placed on all in-District Project Water and Excess Capacity storage. The surcharge is \$10 per acre-foot for our-of-District storage. Winter Water has a \$4.52 per acre-foot surcharge, which includes the Reclamation Contract surcharge of \$2.80 per acre-foot.

Aurora Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA)

The 2003 Aurora IGA includes a \$100,000 surcharge for storage and \$50,000 administrative fee.

Partnerships

Participants in the Enlargement and Excess Capacity programs contribute funds for water quality and administration.

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SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024 To learn more: www.secwcd.com

Enterprise Projects & Programs

The Enterprise has four major projects or programs. Listed below are expenditures in the 2024 budget :

1. Ark Valley Conduit:

Operating: \$ 892,770

\$8,556,300 Capital:

2. James W. Broderick **Hydropower Plant:**

Operating: \$1,269,278 \$ 273,175 Capital:

3. Excess Capacity **Master Contract:**

\$116,191

4. Enlargement:

\$110,597

Arkansas Valley Conduit

The Enterprise is constructing the Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC), and continues to provide administrative support. Reclamation is building the Trunk Line of AVC, while the Enterprise is building delivery lines. The budget also includes water quality monitoring through U.S. Geological Survey Cooperative Programs. Revenues will include payments from loans, grants, program participants and Reclamation Intergovernmental Personnel Act payments.



James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant

The hydroelectric power generation plant at Pueblo Dam was completed in 2019. Revenues are generated by sale of electric power to Fountain and Fort Carson (through Colorado Springs Utilities). Revenues are used to repay the Colorado Water Conservation Board loan, finance OM&R for the plant, and will eventually help offset OM&R for the AVC.



District staff administers the Excess Capacity Master Contract, provides legal services, and coordinates with Reclamation for the 37 participants. Participants also pay for water quality monitoring through USGS cooperative programs. Revenues are payments from program participants.



Pueblo Dam & Reservoir

Enlargement

The Enlargement participants are obligated through agreements made during the Preferred Storage Options Plan. Payments cover administrative expenses, and USGS cooperative programs. Revenues are payments from program participants.

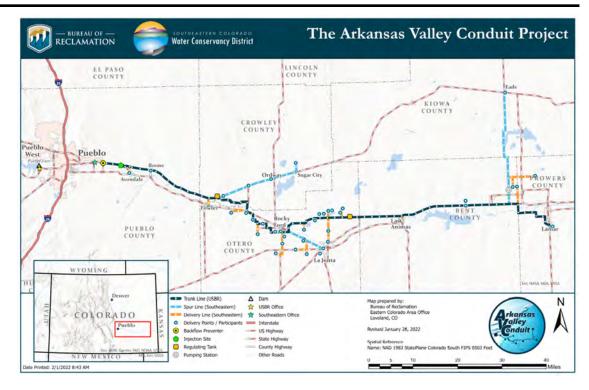


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Arkansas Valley Conduit

The Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC) is a drinking water pipeline from Pueblo Reservoir to Lamar. The AVC project has been divided into a Trunk Line, which will be built by the Bureau of Reclamation, and spurs and delivery lines that will be build by the Enterprise. When the AVC is complete, participants will be responsible for 35 percent of construction costs and 100 percent of the OM&R. Construction costs are offset by Fry-Ark Project miscellaneous revenues and include the costs of building delivery lines. Revenues from the James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant will offset OM&R costs.





Arkansas Valley Conduit Construction Continues in 2024

Construction of the Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC) began in 2023, both on the Reclamation and Enterprise side of the AVC project.

The first reach of the AVC will be the accomplished using capacity in the Pueblo Water system to convey water from Pueblo Dam, treat AVC water at the Whitlock Treatment Plant, and transmit it through the citywide transmission and distribution system to a point at U.S. Highway 50 and 36th Lane, east of Pueblo. From there, the water will flow by gravity through a trunk line being built by Reclamation.

Reclamation has issued three contracts to build the first 12 miles of Trunk Line, which will deliver water to Avondale Water and Sanitation District and the town of Boone in Pueblo County

The Enterprise has completed construction of delivery lines to Avondale and

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Boone, so the communities are ready to receive AVC water. Avondale and Boone are making needed system improvements with funding from Pueblo County.

Enterprise staff has been working with participants to look for improvements in the design of AVC that will make deliveries more efficient. Consolidation of systems where possible will reduce overall construction and OM&R costs.

The Colorado Water Conservation Board has received approval from the Colorado General Assembly for \$90 million in loans and \$30 million in grants to build the delivery lines. The Enterprise is working with other state agencies to line up other sources of funding with the idea of keeping construction debt as low as possible for AVC participants.

The current plan is to complete the Trunk Line and Transmission Line and all delivery lines by 2031.



The first load of 30-inch pipeline to be used in building the Trunk Line arrives at the construction mobilization site in March.

Building Enthusiasm for the Arkansas Valley Conduit









From left: Senator Michael Bennet, Senator John Hickenlooper, Reclamation Commissioner Camille Calimlim Touton and Colorado Water Conservation Board Executive Director Becky Mitchell speak at the Arkansas Valley Conduit groundbreaking on April 28, 2023.





Left: Trunk Line pipe is placed in a trench along U.S. Highway 50 in Pueblo County. Above: Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District Board and staff members celebrate the beginning of AVC construction.



James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant



The Enterprise signed a Lease of Power Privilege with the Bureau of Reclamation in 2017, and constructed a 7.5 megawatt, \$20.5 million hydroelectric generation plant at Pueblo Dam. The plant was completed in May 2019. After loans are repaid, revenues will be used to offset OM&R costs of the Arkansas Valley Conduit.



Revenues drop with low flows, repairs in 2023

The James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant successfully completed its fourth full year of operation in 2023.

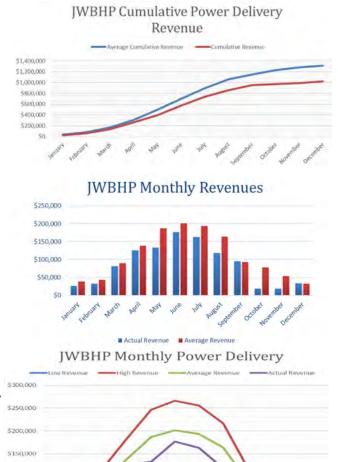
Revenues were less than the projected amounts based on historic flows from the North Outlet of Pueblo Dam because of lower than average releases during the high production months of April-September.

The top chart at right shows how cumulative revenues fell short of expectations.

The middle chart shows monthly amounts compared to average.

The bottom chart shows hydropower revenues were consistently below the average revenue range throughout the year.

Repayment of the Colorado Water Conservation Board \$17.2 million loan began in 2023.



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\$100,000

Section 5

Focus on Partnerships



The District and Enterprise continue to work with local, regional, state, and federal partners to improve water resources, management, and quality throughout the state of Colorado.

The mission of the District includes developing, protecting, and managing water. The District's vision statement ties this quest to communication, consultation, and cooperation through modernization and integration.

With those relationships in mind, the District has sought out opportunities to work with others throughout its 60-year history. Indeed, the District was formed by disparate interests: Farmers from the plains, merchants from the cities, industrialists, bankers, and ranchers from the high country.

The founding members of the District intended for it to be not only a source of additional water for the Arkansas River basin, but a way to watch over and enhance the precious resource that means so much to all com-



The Bigartisan Infrastructure Law

PRINCE PRINCE

BUILDING A

BETTER AMERICA

BELLEY

District and Reclamation officials celebrate the beginning of the Arkansas Valley Conduit.

Building a Legacy Together

The Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation) and Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (District) have cooperated for more than six decades to operate the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project for the benefit of the Arkansas Valley, the state of Colorado and the nation as a whole.

The Fry-Ark Project began with legislation in 1962 that set in motion a 20-year construction program to finish the Project's major features. Operating the project has been a joint venture that has led to a valuable collaboration between Reclamation and the District.

In addition to the benefit of more than 2.2 million acre-feet of water provided by the Fry-Ark Project, the partnership of Reclamation and District has resulted in improved water operations, increased storage, a better environment and enhanced recreation opportunities.



The completion of the Fountain Valley Conduit in the 1980s brought a new water source to El Paso County, and now — 40 years later — that same benefit is coming to the population east of Pueblo through the Arkansas Valley Conduit.

It is stunning to live in an era when such projects can be built, and highly rewarding to be able to reap the benefits that were envisioned by past generations of visionaries.

It is even more awe-inspiring to imagine future generations enjoying the fruits of our labor today.

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Colorado Water Congress

Colorado Water Congress sponsors an annual convention in January, and a summer conference in August. The District participates as a sponsor and maintains membership in the CWC. The CWC is a statewide organization made up of municipal, industrial and agricultural interests, including conservancy districts.

Water Education Colorado

Water Education Colorado (WECO) provides education about Colorado Water issues through tours of the state's river basins, publication of Headwaters Magazine, periodic news updates. The mission of WECO is to equip the people of Colorado with information to make decisions that guide the state to a sustainable water future. A tour of the Upper Arkansas River Basin is being planned in 2024.





National Water Resources Association

The NWRA is a federation of state associations and caucuses representing a broad spectrum of water supply interests. It is the oldest and most active national association concerned with water resources policy and development. The District is a member and participates in many of the group's activities.

Colorado River Water Users Association

The Colorado River Water Users Association is a forum for exchanging ideas and perspectives on Colorado River use and management with the intent of developing and advocating common objectives, initiatives and solutions. The Southeastern District is an active participant in the group throughout the year and at its annual convention each year in Las Vegas.





Family Farm Alliance

The Southeastern District is a member of the Family Farm Alliance, a powerful advocate for family farmers, ranchers, irrigation districts, and allied industries in seventeen Western states. The Alliance is focused on one mission – to ensure the availability of reliable, affordable irrigation water supplies to Western farmers and ranchers.

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Outreach Strengthens Public Understanding

Understanding the relationship of water development to our daily activities can be difficult. After all, most of the infrastructure that delivers water to our homes is either buried in the ground or hidden behind walls.

The Southeastern District takes advantage of teachable moments whenever possible, whether its guiding a group of school children through a hydropower plant or helping water systems link up to the Arkansas Valley Conduit.

The District outreach program included participation in water conferences and tours, hosting visitors to the District's conservation garden and making presentations to community groups.

During 2023 the District produced a series of videos marking the 60th Anniversary of the Fry-Ark Project, looking at the history and the impacts on water management, recreation, municipal uses and irrigated agriculture.

The activities serve to remind us that our water does not come from tap, and food is not grown in a grocery store and water projects can enhance recreation. In building systems such as the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project we can enhance our daily lives with power, recreation and ecological benefits.

Colorado River Services

The Colorado River is the primary source of water for the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project, so protecting it is a priority for the District. Through the Enterprise, the District engages in several programs that enable the District to bring water into the Arkansas River basin.

In 2024, these programs add up to more than \$97,000. Some of the activities include:

Weather modification: The District contributes \$25,000 toward a cooperative program. Partners include the Colorado Water Conservation Board, Front Range Water Council, and ski areas at Breckenridge, Keystone, and Vail.

- ◆ Colorado River Project: In cooperation with the Colorado Water Congress, the District contributes more than \$12,500 toward the Upper Colorado River Endangered Species Recovery Implementation Program.
- The 10,825 Program: This program provides 10,825 acre-feet of water annually to protect Colorado River flows for four species of endangered fish. The District share is \$1,000 in 2024.
- Colorado River Issues: The Enterprise has a budget of \$39,450 for Colorado River Issues in 2024.



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Front Range Water Council

- ⇒ Aurora Water
- ⇒ Colorado Springs Utilities
- ⇒ Denver Water
- ⇒ Northern Water
- ⇒ Pueblo Water
- ⇒ Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District
- → Twin Lakes Reservoir and Canal Company

2024 BUDGET IMPACT: \$26,000

Front Range Water Council

The Front Range Water Council formed in 2008 to advocate for their mutual interests as transmountain diverters of water from the Colorado River basin's West Slope to the Colorado Front Range.

Staff members meet regularly to discuss issues and formulate policy positions.

The District, as a member of the Front Range Water Council, and has committed to 12 percent of the annual costs.

In 2024, the group will continue discussions about the Colorado River issues in light of continuing drought and discussions among the seven states about the Colorado River Compact.



Regional Resource Planning Group

The Regional Resource Planning Group was formed in 2003 under the District's Intergovernmental Agreement with Aurora.

In cooperation with the U.S. Geological Survey, the group seeks to better define the water quality conditions, the dominant source areas, and the processes that affect water quality in the Arkansas River basin.

The strategic goals are to understand the relationships between water supply, land use, and water quality issues.

The group seeks to develop methods and tools needed to simulate potential effects of changes in land use, water use, and operations on water quality.

Regional Resource Planning Group

- ⇒ Aurora Water
- ⇒ Colorado Springs Utilities
- ⇒ Lower Arkansas Valley Water Conservancy District
- ⇒ Pueblo Water
- ⇒ Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District
- ⇒ Upper Arkansas Water Conservancy District

2024 BUDGET IMPACT: \$80,433

(Southeastern District contributes \$17,364)

The group agreed to resume studies in 2022, after a three-year hiatus.

The USGS has resumed studies in order to improve the analysis of water quality data in the Lower Arkansas River basin. This effort is expected to conclude with a final report in 2024, but future activities are possible.

Fountain Creek Transit Loss Planning Group

In 1988, the U.S. Geological Survey and Colorado Springs Utilities completed a study to develop a method to estimate transit loss on Fountain Creek from Colorado Springs Utilities' Las Vegas Street wastewater treatment facility through the alluvial valley along Fountain Creek downstream about 42 miles to the Arkansas River in Pueblo.

The study resulted in a transit loss accounting model for quantification of Return Flows on Fountain Creek which has been in continual use since April 1989. The model has been expanded to include Monument Creek.

The Division Engineer's Office uses the model to calculate the amount of reusable water arriving at the Arkansas River and at ditch headgates in between.

The District participates in the Fountain Creek Transit Loss Program to better manage the District's obligation to ensure Project water and Project water Return Flows are used to extinction.

In 2024, there will be 17 participants, including the District.

Fountain Creek Transit Loss

- ⇒ Monument
- ⇒ Woodmoor
- ⇒ Triview
- ⇒ Donala
- ⇒ Forest Lakes
- ⇒ Palmer Lake
- ⇒ Fountain Mutual Irrigation Co.
- ⇒ Colorado Springs Utilities
- ⇒ Fountain
- ⇒ Widefield
- ⇒ Security
- ⇒ Stratmoor Hills
- ⇒ Chilcotte Ditch
- ⇒ AGUA
- ⇒ Cherokee Metro
- ⇒ Colorado Centre
- ⇒ Southeastern District

2024 BUDGET IMPACT: \$3,962



Lake Pueblo, rated a fishing hot spot, provides over 4,600 surface acres of water, 60 miles of shore, and almost 10,000 acres of land.

Colorado Parks & Wildlife

Lake Pueblo State Park and the Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area were formed following completion of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project.

The Southeastern District works with Colorado Parks and Wildlife through a variety of programs as these two highly popular recreation areas continue to be developed.

Through careful water management, these amenities have remained successful for the benefit of all the state's residents.

At Pueblo Reservoir, the District participates in discussions regarding water levels, keeping in mind recreation activities while managing accounts of Project and Excess Capacity water to the full benefit of stakeholders.

In 2024, the District will contribute \$20,000 for Aquatic Nuisance Species (ANS) control at Pueblo Reservoir, \$27,000 for ANS control at Twin Lakes and Turquoise Lake, and provide Fry-Ark Project water for the Voluntary Flow Management Program on the Upper Arkansas River, if needed.

Water Conservation Education & Outreach

Because water is such a scarce commodity, it is important for all of the citizens of the Arkansas River basin to understand the importance of water conservation.

In 2023, the District was involved with programs and tours which promote the efficient use of water, conservation, and collaboration. The Demonstration Garden at District headquarters regularly hosts guests and answers questions about native plants. Staff works with community groups to provide information on these

topics.

T.

There were many formal and informal tours of the newly completed James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant

2023 WATER CONSERVATION & EDUCATION
Tours & Anniversary Events\$40,000
Sponsorships, Exhibits & Ads\$25,000
Aquatic Nuisance Species\$47,000
Xeriscape Education\$ 1,125

throughout the year.

District staff made presentations to numerous outside groups throughout the year. One of the most intensive efforts were meetings throughout the District on the Arkansas Valley Conduit.

The District also provided sponsorship and support for several events throughout the year, including the Arkansas River Basin Water Forum, water tours, and the Leadership Pueblo program.



Interpretive signs added in 2023.



Arkansas River Basin Water Forum

The Arkansas River Basin Water Forum (ARBWF) began in 1995 as a way to discuss water issues in a relaxed environment similar to a college classroom setting.

The event is rotated to communities throughout all parts of the basin, and continually updates presentations with an emphasis on the region where the event is being held.

The usual format includes two days of presentations, and tours of notable water-related activities within the highlighted region. The Forum also raises money for scholarships and honors the Bob Appel Friend of the Arkansas River, awarded to Bill Tyner in 2023.

The 2023 Forum was held in Colorado Springs, and topics included the Colorado Water Plan, water sharing, conservation and tours of local water projects. Bill Tyner was presented the Bob Appel Friend of the Arkansas River award.

In 2024, the Forum will be held in La Junta, with a special focus on agriculture as well as progress made on the Arkansas Valley Conduit.

Arkansas Basin Roundtable

The Arkansas Basin Roundtable was formed in 2005 by state legislation that created a template for statewide collaboration on water issues.

The Roundtable has met monthly since that time to discuss water issues, and to review requests for state grants and loans that have been made available for water projects.

The Enterprise provided an update of the Arkansas Valley Conduit project in January 2023, and has presented numerous other presentations to the Roundtable over the years.

Upper Arkansas Voluntary Flow Management Program

In 1990, the Voluntary Flow Management Program on the Upper Arkansas River was formed to assure flows were available for fish habitat and recreation between Turquoise Lake and Pueblo Reservoir.

The results have been spectacular. The reach of river, located within the Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area, is the most popular commercial rafting spot in the nation, and a Gold Medal trout fishery as well.

The District coordinates the program through a five-



year contract among Colorado Parks and Wildlife, Chaffee County, Arkansas River Outfitters Association, Trout Unlimited and the District. The contract outlines parameters for the program. The most recent contract was signed in 2022.



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Section 6

Strategic Long-Range Planning

Strategic Plan, Budget, Mission, Vision, and Goals

The Strategic Plan clarifies the relationship of the budget to the mission, vision, and goals of the District.

The Strategic Plan identifies the key areas of focus in four areas:

- Water supply, storage, and power
- Water supply protection and water efficiency
- Future water supplies and storage
- Core business

The first three focus areas are incorporated in the Mission Statement of the District, while the core business strategy relates to the Vision Statement. Our Core Values are guiding principles for all of our service and action.

This section is a recap of the previous year and a look ahead to the future.





Mission Statement

Water is essential for life. We exist to make life better by effectively developing, protecting, and managing water.



Our Vision

As we strive to realize our vision of the future, all our actions and efforts will be guided by communication, consultation, and cooperation, focused in a direction of better accountability through modernization and integration across the District.



Core Values

A commitment to honesty and integrity.

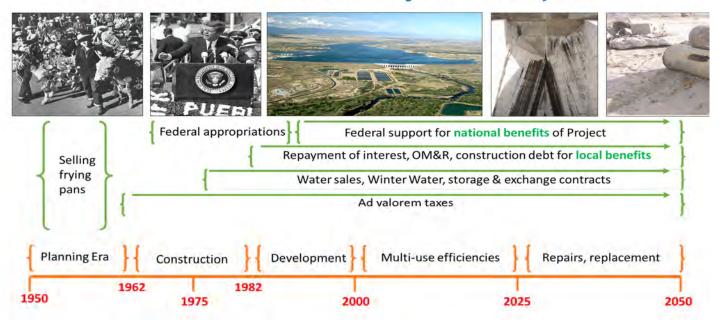
A promise of responsible and professional service and action.

A focus on fairness and equity.



Planning Matrix

Financial timeline of Fry-Ark Project



The Historic Planning Cycle for the Southeastern District

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

As the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project enters its 62nd year, it is important to remember the parallel steps taken by the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District.

The District was formed in the post-World War II era, when America was building a prosperous future. Dedicated citizens rallied behind a plan to bring new water into the Arkansas River basin to ease the worst effects of flooding and drought.

The golden frying pans that were sold to raise money to fund trips to Washington D.C. in support of the Fry-Ark Project also served a symbolic purpose: to promote the "Golden Future" of the Arkansas Valley.

President John F. Kennedy's visit to Pueblo on August 17, 1962, marked the beginning of the Fry-Ark Project. He visited just one day after signing legislation authorizing the Fry-Ark Project.

Construction began in 1964. It was a mammoth effort that forever changed the landscape of the Arkansas River basin by assuring a stable supply of supplemental water for growth, as well as protection from periodic disastrous flooding.

Over time, the focus of the District has shifted from construction to operations. In the past two decades, the operations have become more integrated with water systems in the Arkansas River basin to encompass purposes for storage and water movement.

As we round the corner into the final stretch of the first century of the Fry-Ark Project, the District faces new challenges. Sedimentation has diminished water storage space. Infrastructure used to collect and move water is aging. New technology has opened the door for improvements that could improve the Fry-Ark Project efficiency.

The District has begun multi-year programs to look at the most effective way to meet these new challenges.

The Strategic Plan, first developed in 2017, and designed to guide the District's work through 2032, reflects the overall goals of the District for preserving and improving the Fry-Ark Project.

Together with the Business Plan, Annual Budget and Financial Report, this strategic vision is meant to assure the "Golden Future" remains a reality.

Strategic Plan Purpose & Process



Facing the future with a focused framework, your investment





Purpose

he Strategic Plan has been prepared by the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (District or SECWCD) as a mid— and long-term strategic roadmap to strengthen the District's organizational capacity and improve the District's core services to the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project (Project) beneficiaries.

This Strategic Plan, introduced in 2017, provides a new strategic framework to increase the organization's value and impact in a broader region through expanded and strengthened partnerships; enhanced outreach and communications; build or create new programs; organizational scaling; and capacity building.

The Plan initially was designed to encompass a 15-year planning horizon.

The Plan establishes goals that the District sets, and the resources that are allocated must be consistent with the purpose of the organization. The context for all strategic planning is provided by the District's Mission, Vision and Values; that can only be realized through strong partnerships with our partners, stakeholders and project beneficiaries. The Plan is a living document intended to be reviewed annually and updated as necessary and appropriate.

Strategic Planning Process

he District ensures operations are strategically aligned across the organization by developing a Strategic Plan that sets forth priorities and resources. The Strategic Plan is developed by the Executive Director based on the policies and initiatives set by the Board of Directors (Board), reviews of the issues, risks and opportunities facing the Arkansas River basin and reflects the changing environment, economy and District needs.

All District programs support at least one of four Strategic Initiatives:

- ♦ Water, Supply, Storage & Power
- ♦ Water Efficiency & Project Water Supplies
- ◆ Future Water Supplies & Storage
- ◆ Core Business

To ensure that the Strategic Plan incorporates a fiscal perspective, the Executive Director annually assesses the long-term fiscal health of the District and reviews a rolling three-year forecast of revenues and expenditures included in the annual Business Plan.

This process leads to the development of preliminary long-term objectives and the resource appropriations necessary to achieve them. Appropriations are determined annually in the Adopted Budget. Summary of actual accomplishments associated with appropriated expenditures can be reviewed in the annual Financial Report.

Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Goals & Strategies

Fry-Ark Project

Moving into the Future

2017:

The Executive Committee and Board review District history and finances in the "Framing the Future" discussion.

2018:

Amendment 11 to the Fryingpan
-Arkansas Project restructures
construction debt and OM&R
payments. Reserves for Fry-Ark
Project extraordinary maintenance and improvements were
established.

2019:

The Board took action to increase water rates for the first time in more than 20 years as a first step toward financial sustainability.

2021:

The Board approved a new Repayment Contract with Reclamation that establishes water delivery from the Fry-Ark Project in perpetuity.

2022:

A contract between Reclamation, the District and Pueblo Water established conveyance, treatment and delivery of filtered water to the Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC).



Asset Management, Betterments & Recovery of Storage Studies

As the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project continues to deliver benefits envisioned nearly a century ago, efforts have begun to ensure that it continues to provide those benefits for the next century.

The District began working with Reclamation on a Recovery of Storage study in 2022, and will continue that effort in the future. The goal is to maintain the design level for storage in Pueblo Reservoir.

The District also has crafted an Asset Management program that looks at the expected lifespan of the tunnels, conduits and other structures that bring supplemental water to the Arkansas River basin. This program fits into the District's Capital Improvement Program, anticipating when the need for funding occurs.

In 2023, the District began discussions with Reclamation about betterments in the



Construction of Sugar Loaf Dam at Turquoise Reservoir/Reclamation

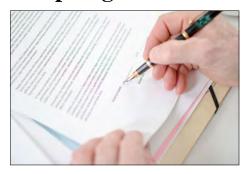
Fry-Ark Project Collection System. The goal of this program is to bring the level of imports to Project design level with added efficiencies.

Contracts and negotiations spotlighted

The District successfully negotiated a converted Repayment Contract with Reclamation in 2021, fulfilling a condition of the 1982 Contract. The new contract will establish the delivery of Fryingpan-Arkansas Project in perpetuity, a major step ahead for the District and its stakeholders.

A three-party contract among Reclamation, the District and Pueblo Water was signed in 2022. This will allow AVC water to receive initial treatment by using capacity in Pueblo Water's Whitlock Treatment Plant. Pueblo Water's transmission system will move the water to the eastern end of the system, where it will enter the AVC pipeline.

An AVC Repayment Contract will be negotiated in 2024 in order to establish the repayment of the 35 percent local share of AVC, operating conditions, and operation, maintenance and replacement payments.



That contract will be the basis for payments to the District from participants, or an authority representing the participants.

The District is also assisting in negotiating a contract with Reclamation and the Fountain Valley Authority (FVA) in the near future. The FVA contract was signed in 1985, for a 40-year term, and expires at the end of 2024.

The FVA paid off the debt on the pipeline in 2022, but will still carry an obligation to pay OM&R on the pipeline.

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Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Goals & Strategies



The diversion at the west portal of the Boustead Tunnel on the Fryingpan River is a key feature of the Project.

Fry-Ark Project

Exploring Fry-Ark's Collection System





Diversion structures, tunnels and conduits have been in use for more than 50 years.



Metal racks in remote areas present difficult challenges in maintenance. Improvements could increase yield.





Gate actuators, such as this one at the Granite Syphon, were installed in the past few years. The remote operation reduces the time needed for Reclamation workers to travel to a site and manually open and close the gates. (SECWCD photos, 2023)

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District Goals & Strategies

District Operations

District Objectives

The District provides support for both the Fryingpan -Arkansas Project and the Water Activity Enterprise. From a financial planning standpoint, the District has to have the proper tools and resources to accomplish that end. The District strives to maintain stateof-the-art technology, a skilled and competent workforce, and up-todate facilities to achieve its objectives. The District also works with partners and stakeholders to improve programs that support beneficial water development.





Headquarters

Improvements both inside and outside District Headquarters continued in 2023.

Inside, audio-visual improvements were made in the Board Room and the Executive Conference Room. These upgrades have improved the meeting experience for those who attend and those who participate online.

Outside, new interpretative signs were added in the Demonstration Garden to enhance the experience for visitors looking to save water in their landscaping.



Workforce Planning

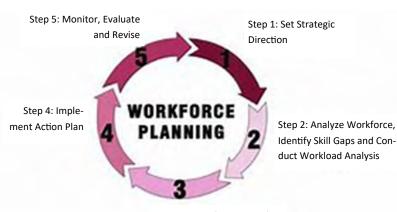
The District has entered a search for an Executive Director to fill a position created by the retirement of James W. Broderick in 2024.

District staff continues to evolve as new responsibilities arise with the construction of the Arkansas Valley Conduit.

In addition, the District strives to maintain the right size staff for the responsibilities it historically has filled.

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

Workforce Planning Model



Step 3: Develop Action Plan

SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024



The Thomasville Gauge on the Fryingpan River.

Water Rights Protection

District water rights protect the supply of Fry-Ark Project water for supplemental use in the Arkansas River basin. These water rights have been protected since the District's formation in 1958.

In order to manage the legal activity, the District hired an in-house attorney in 2011. This has sharpened the focus of the District's entry into Division 2 and Division 5 water court cases that protect the Fry-Ark Project water rights.

Financial Planning

The District's financial footing has been strengthened in recent years, thanks to the 2019 Financial Strategy and Sustainability Study. The study looked at District and Enterprise revenues and expenditures through new lenses that helped to define the funds within the District, solidify financial policies and develop a financial model that establishes revenue requirements based on a 10-year planning horizon. As a result, water rates were raised, a new rate structure was put in place, and the Board is determining policies on financial reserves.

Outside and Professional Services

Outside and professional services provide the District with the expertise needed to accomplish goals and fulfill strategies. This allows District staff to manage human resources in a way that would otherwise not be attainable.

In recent years, District consultants helped to make the Arkansas Valley Conduit a reality, launch the James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant at Pueblo Dam, facilitate financial studies and kick off studies of the Fry-Ark Project Asset Management and Recovery of Storage at Pueblo Reservoir.

Every strategic initiative in the Strategic Plan benefits from the legal, engineering and financial power of outside professionals.



Videographer Sam Ebersole at the Canon City water plant.

Water Conservation and Education

Telling the District's story is an ongoing process. During the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project's 60th Anniversary, a series of videos captured the history of the District, the benefits of the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project and the purposes and processes of the Southeastern District, which sets policy for the Project. A video producer was hired to help produce the videos. The strategic decision to use videos to tell the story reflects an ongoing societal shift from printed to visual media.



Audio-visual upgrade in progress in the Board Room.

Information Technology

As the electronic landscape continues to change, the District stays on top of the technological wave through constant improvements. In the past few years, the District has upgraded its server, added software and hardware, improved audio-visual equipment and added security features to its physical structures.

A future project will be to upgrade the electronic records-keeping system to reflect the increased amount of information that must be stored and retrieved.



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District Operations

Watershed Protection

Wildfires throughout Colorado and other western states have increased erosion and sedimentation in river basins.

One of the outcomes for water providers is the increased silt load in reservoirs. The Fryingpan-Arkansas Project depends heavily on storage.

The District partners with the Bureau of Reclamation for wildland fire response and mitigation, through Project Contract payments.

The District also is looking at a proposal by the Arkansas Basin Roundtable that would jointly fund a fulltime watershed protection coordinator.

A small amount, \$30,000 has been budgeted in 2024 to help form partnerships.



Erosion at the burn scar from the 2016 Hayden Creek fire in Fremont County.



Zebra mussels can colonize and block the flow through water structures.

Aquatic Nuisance Species Protection

Evidence of zebra mussels was found in Pueblo Reservoir in 2008, prompting an effort by the state of Colorado to increase inspection for aquatic nuisance species (ANS) at all reservoirs within the state.

Since that time, Colorado Parks and Wildlife has developed ANS inspections and boat washing programs, but at times has had trouble funding them. Water users have stepped in to help provide funds to cover gaps in the programs.

The District cooperates with other water providers to sponsor inspections at Pueblo Reservoir, Twin Lakes and Turquoise Lake. In 2024, \$47,000 has been budgeted. The District is working toward long-term funding solutions as well.

Streamflow Forecasting

In order to allocate Fryingpan-Arkansas Project water each year, the District relies on forecasts of water content of the annual snowpack, which contributes 70 percent of the water imported by the Project. Because of climate change, historical records of the relationship between snowpack and water supply have become less reliable. The District is participating in USGS studies to gain new information. The 2024 budget is \$20,000.

Colorado River Issues

Nearly all of the supplemental water provided by the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project originates in the Colorado River basin. The District collaborates with a diverse team of water organizations to assure that imports will continue with a minimum of environmental impacts. The 10,825 Program provides water to a critical stretch of the Colorado River to aid in recovery of endangered fish. A weather modification program maximizes snowfall during crucial winter months. The Front Range Water Council tackles issues important to all importers.





SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Enterprise Goals & Strategies

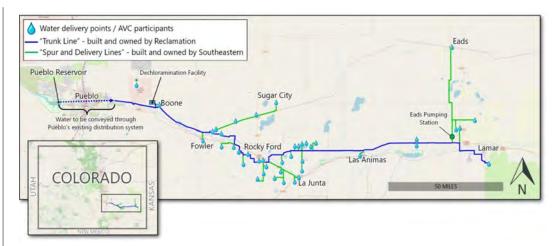
Water & Storage

Enterprise Objectives

In the Enterprise Activity, efforts centers on several major longrange activities:

- Construction of the Arkansas Valley Conduit.
- Construction of a hydroelectric generation facility at Pueblo Dam.
- Establishment of a Master Contract for Excess Capacity storage in Pueblo Reservoir.
- Restoration of Yield (storage downstream of Pueblo Reservoir).
- Long-term storage options.
- Regional Resource
 Planning Group.
- Water Quality programs.





Arkansas Valley Conduit

The Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC) was part of the original Fryingpan-Arkansas Project, but was not completed because participants could not afford to pay 100 percent of the costs.

The AVC was rejuvenated in 2000, when citizens from the Lower Arkansas Valley approached the Southeastern Board with renewed interest. The cost of mitigating water quality issues in order to meet state and federal water quality issues was becoming more expensive.

The District worked to get new legislation in 2009 to put a 65-35 federal-local cost share in place, and allow miscellaneous revenues from the Fry-Ark Project to pay for construction or repayment of the local share.

The District also shepherded the environmental review of the project culminating in the 2014 Record of Decision, and worked with Reclamation in 2018-2019 to develop efficiencies and reduce costs.

Reclamation is constructing the trunk line for the AVC, while the Enterprise is building the spur and delivery lines, under a 2020 Project Management Plan

A three-party contract among Reclamation, the District and Pueblo Water for conveyance, treatment and delivery of AVC water was signed in 2022, and an AVC repayment contract with Reclamation will be negotiated in 2024.

Construction of the AVC began 2023, following the issuance of the first federal construction contract in 2022.

The Enterprise awarded its first construction contracts in 2023 for delivery lines to Pueblo County participants. Design for the remaining delivery lines is expected by the end of 2024.

The current timetable calls for the completion of the AVC by 2031, which would be four years earlier that projected in 2020.

Restoration of Yield

A 2004 agreement to support Arkansas River flows through Pueblo commits the District to a portion of costs for the Restoration of Yield program.

The program allows participants to store water that is passed through Pueblo in support of the ROY program in order to exchange it into Pueblo Reservoir at a later date.

The group purchased land for a reservoir downstream from Pueblo, in 2021. Construction of the reservoir is at least 10 years out.

The largest entities in the program are Colorado Springs Utilities, Aurora Water, and Pueblo Water, who collectively hold 86 percent interest. The District, Fountain, and Pueblo West are minority partners.

Because new storage is expensive, and the timing and control of funding are in the hands of the larger partners, the District included this as a capital reserve item in financial planning.

The Board makes the final determination for expenditures related to ROY.

SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

Enterprise Goals & Strategies

Water & Storage

Long-term Storage

The need for storage of Project Water outside of Fry-Ark Project facilities has been contemplated for years, but no options have materialized. The Enterprise has budgeted \$25,000 for Upper Arkansas River storage potential.

Regional Planning

A Regional Resource Planning Group was formed to develop baseline information so that changes caused by water projects could be documented. The group has produced several studies over the years, and is now completing an analysis of Lower Arkansas River salinity.

Water Quality

The District works with the U.S. Geological Survey to fund stream gauges along the Arkansas River and its tributaries. Information from this program are valuable to both Municipal and Irrigation water users.

Cooperative Effort

The Enterprise teams up with other agencies to develop streamflow and weather measuring tools.



James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant

completed in 2019, and continues to produce power coming into 2024.

This is a monumental step in the history of the District that is the result of years of planning.

Working under a lease of Power Privilege with the Bureau of Reclamation, the Enterprise was able to fulfill a goal that had been dreamed about for decades, ever since the completion of Pueblo Dam in 1975.

During the 18-month construction period, Mountain States Hydro, the general contractor, worked with the Enterprise under a designbuild agreement. This

allowed the completion of the \$20.5 million, 7.5megawatt plant in 2019.

The Hydropower Plant is able to generate power from flows ranging from 35 to 810 cubic feet per second through the North Outlet of Pueblo Dam. The plant will produce an average of 28

The James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant was million kilowatt-hours annually, enough to power 2,500 homes. The power will be sold to Fountain and Fort Carson (through Colorado Springs Utilities), which is expected to generate an average of \$1.2 million annually.



The revenues from the Hydropower Plant will pay off the \$17.2 million loan from the Colorado Water Conservation Board by 2052, as well as the loan from the Water Activity Enterprise, along with various fees associated with transmitting the power.

Eventually, the revenues will help fund

Enterprise activities, such as the OM&R payments for the Arkansas Valley Conduit.

The Enterprise is in the forefront of a national effort to develop sustainable renewable sources of power. The James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant is just the first step into a brighter future.

Pueblo Reservoir Excess Capacity Storage

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

Pueblo Reservoir was designed to accommodate storage of Project water, and by design, the reservoir is below full capacity in most years. Over the years, more and more of this excess capacity, or "if-andwhen" storage has been assigned.

This is a more efficient use for the Reservoir which provides a benefit for Project stakeholders. Without such a storage option, more costly reservoirs would have to be built or water that could have been stored would be released.

The District signed a 40-year contract with Reclamation in 2016 that

allowed 16 communities to begin storing 6,525 acre-feet of water in Pueblo Reservoir. Storage in 2024 is capped at 7,585 acre-feet. As much as 29,938 acre-feet could be stored under the Contract. Another 21 participants eventually will join when the Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC) is completed.

Reclamation's long-term contracts for excess capacity storage provide for stepped-up increases over time up to almost 100,000 acre-feet.

Revenue from that storage will help pay construction and repayment costs of the AVC.

LAKE PUEBLO STORAGE

1986 - Reclamation issues temporary "if-andwhen" contracts.

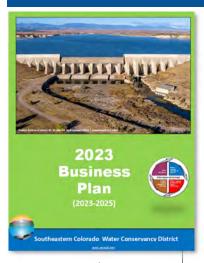
2000 - Pueblo Water obtains long-term excess capacity contract.

2005 - Environmental Assessment on excess capacity storage complete.

2007 — Aurora awarded long-term contract.

2010 — Southern Delivery System long-term contract approved.

2016 - SECWCD longterm contract signed.



BUSINESS PLAN STRUCTURE



Strategic Plan

The Business Plan is aligned to the Strategic Plan. The Business Plan is a mid-range view of the District's long-range objectives, which are embodied in the Strategic Plan.

Business Plan Review

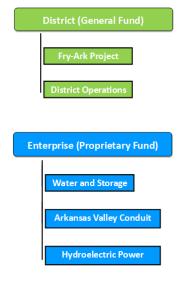
The District adopted a new Business Plan in 2017. It provides a three-year guide as both a planning and budget tool.

In the past six years, it has expanded to better incorporate more of the goals in the Strategic Plan, while reflecting the annual work that is done in each area.

The 2022 Business Plan has been reworked to more closely align to funds and subfunds within the Annual Budget. An executive summary has been added to the Business Plan to better define the plan of work for the upcoming year.

Funds and Subfunds

The Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District has two funds, which are the District and Enterprise funds. The District fund has the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project subfund and District Operations subfund. The Enterprise fund has the Water and Storage subfund, the Arkansas Valley Conduit subfund, and the Hydroelectric subfund.



Winter Water program	2022 YTD	2023 Budget	2024 Projected	2025 Projected
Payments to Reclamation, based on 20-year average	\$96,492	\$117,600	\$117,600	\$117,600

Revenues and Expenditures

For each program, project or operation in the Business Plan, a summary of 2023 expenditures or revenues, 2024 Budget, and projections for 2025 and 2026 are included.





Future Activities

Activities such as building the Interconnect at Pueblo Dam, acquiring water rights, developing storage, and storage in John Martin Reservoir that are not in the current budget are included in a separate section.

Fry-Ark Project

The District works in partnership with the Bureau of Reclamation to operate the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project, sharing costs for construction, OM&R and betterments. District investigations will help identify future funding needs, which can be paid through the Fry-Ark Reserve Fund.

Fry-Ark Debt Repayment

Under the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Contract, payments to the Bureau of Reclamation are set at \$1,467,572 per year until 2031, when the existing debt will be paid off.



Fry-Ark OM&R

Project operations, maintenance, and replacements are funded from the Contract mill levy. Costs are determined by annual reconciliation by Reclamation. The District gets OM&R credits from other Reclamation contracts.

Fry-Ark Reserve

A reserve has been established to hold revenues from the Contract mill levy for future Fry-Ark Project expenses. Interest from the reserve contributes to District Operating Fund revenues. Revenues over expenditures are estimated to be \$4.83 million for 2023.



Excess Capacity Master Contract

The Excess Capacity Master Contract was signed in 2016 and allows for storage of up to 29,938 acre-feet for District stakeholders. Currently, 7,585 acre-feet are contracted. Payments go into Miscellaneous Revenues, which help fund the Arkansas Valley Conduit.

Miscellaneous Revenues

Miscellaneous Revenues are collected through Reclamation contracts, and are available for construction and repayment of the AVC. The primary source of Miscellaneous Revenues are for excess capacity storage in Pueblo Reservoir, along with older Fry-Ark contracts.

Winter Water

Winter Water operations are coordinated by the District. Water stored in Pueblo Reservoir is charged a fee, which benefits the AVC.

Reclamation Reform Act

The District maintains acreage records for stakeholders who receive Project Water, in order to comply with the 1982 Reclamation Reform Act.



Fry-Ark Project



STRATEGIC FOCUS: FRY-ARK'S FUTURE

The Fryingpan-Arkansas Project continues to grow and evolve after its inception in 1962. Construction on the final piece of the Project, the Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC) will begin as the year closes. And the District's attention is focused on looking ahead to keep the Project viable for another 60 years and beyond.

The buzz right now is about Colorado River issues, looking at the sustainability of imports that are so vital to the Arkansas River basin.

The District maintains legal diligence of its water rights on the Colorado River, has an engineering program to study the efficiency of the Fry-Ark Project, works cooperatively with the Front Range Water Council, Colorado Water Conservation Board, and others to meet environmental commitments made to the West Slope.

The District also is looking toward the future with studies of how to maintain the infrastruc-

ture developed over the past six decades.

The Recovery of Storage program is looking at maintaining the amount of storage originally intended for the Fry-Ark Project. Pueblo Reservoir has lost about 25,000 acre-feet of storage since it began filling in 1974. The study will look at how to slow the trend and the most cost-effective way to recover lost storage.

The Assessment Management program is looking at Fry-Ark features with an eye toward ensuring that adequate funds are kept in reserve to meet extraordinary needs in the future.

A new effort started in 2023 is looking at ways to increase imports to the design yield by working with Reclamation to make improvements in the Fry-Ark Project Collection Sys-

District Operations

District operations support the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project, District activities and Enterprise activities. People, buildings, vehicles, and technology are included in this category.



Human Resources

Staffing changes to support the Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC) and to meet workload needs and planning goals were made in 2023, and will continue in 2024. The District will continue to work with its team of outside consultants to provide excellent service.

District Headquarters

Improvements were made in order to enhance both the virtual and in-person meeting experience. The grounds will continue to be developed to demonstrate water-wise landscaping strategies. The purchase of a new vehicle, delayed for several years, is planned.

Information Technology

Work will continue in 2024 to improve the meeting environment after initial upgrades in 2023. The District has migrated meeting materials to OnBoard, a software program designed specifically for that purpose. Board members were issued electronic tablets to take advantage of the program. In 2022, a new server was added to accommodate the growth in electronic information storage. In 2023, staff completed audiovisual upgrades to the Board Room, and some minor adjustments will continue in 2024.

Boundaries & Inclusion

The District has spent several years working with Colorado Springs to define boundaries. More work is needed, however, particularly in the remainder of El Paso County, Pueblo County, and Fremont County.

Water Rights Protection

The District general counsel works with outside legal counsel and outside engineering to protect water rights in Division 2 and Division 5. Diligence for Division 2 water rights will be filed in 2024.

Water Conservation & Education

A program to prevent aquatic nuisance species from being introduced to Pueblo Reservoir, Twin Lakes and Turquoise Lake will receive continued funding from the District and partners. The District will continue to work with various agencies, such as Water Education Colorado, Arkansas River Basin Water Forum, Arkansas Basin Roundtable, Colorado Water Congress, National Water Re-

sources Association, Family Farm Alliance and others to provide timely, accurate information about water use.

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

District Operations

Headquarters/SECWCD

STRATEGIC Focus: DISTRICT ACTIVITIES

The Southeastern Colorado Water Conserv- tion of reserve funds, and the levels at which ancy District headquarters were built in 2000, and have begun showing signs of wear.

In 2024, improvements will continue, with an upgrade to the audio-visual system to facilitate hybrid meetings for those who attend in person or online. The improvements have been needed for a number of years, and a solution that will have a longer lifespan will be implemented in the coming months.

In 2023, upgrades to headquarters continued with improvements both inside and outside the building. This is part of a continuing program looking for sustainability as the age of the facility approaches 25 years.

In 2024, the District Board will complete portions of the financial study, that was started in 2019, but interrupted during the societal disruption of the COVID-19 pandemic. The most crucial remaining issues is the designathey must be funded.

The District also is refining its capital improvement plan under a newly created asset management program. The program looks at both District and Fry-Ark assets and features.

In Human Resources, the District Board undertook the selection process for a new Executive Director, following the retirement of Jim Broderick in 2024. The District also has created full-time positions for facilities maintenance and operations engineering.



Water & Storage

The Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise was formed in 1996 as the business arm of the District. Originally, the Enterprise revenues consisted of Return Flow sales, but expanded over time to include surcharges and Project Water sales revenues. The Enterprise also collects fees from stakeholders for the Excess Capacity, Enlargement and Arkansas Valley Conduit programs. Two subfunds of the Enterprise were created for the Hydroelectric Power and Arkansas Valley Conduit projects.





Water and Storage Sales

Project Water, Return Flows and Storage sales or surcharges are the major source of revenue for the Enterprise fund. These include surcharges which have been added to cover specific revenue streams. Water sales are dependent upon hydrologic conditions, while storage surcharges in many cases are tied to less variable, long-term contracts.

Water Quality Monitoring

Water quality reports are a useful tool for those who manage water in the Arkansas River basin. The District has played a key role in establishing river gauges throughout the basin by supporting USGS programs. Together with stream gauges maintained by the Colorado Division of Water Resources, such stream reading provide both real-time and historic information about how water is moved, diverted and used.

Colorado River Programs

Support for Colorado River programs assures that supplemental water supplies will remain available to the Arkansas River basin. These programs are in addition to the environmental commitments made by the District under the Fryingpan-Arkansas Project Operating Principles, and water rights protection in the District Operations fund.

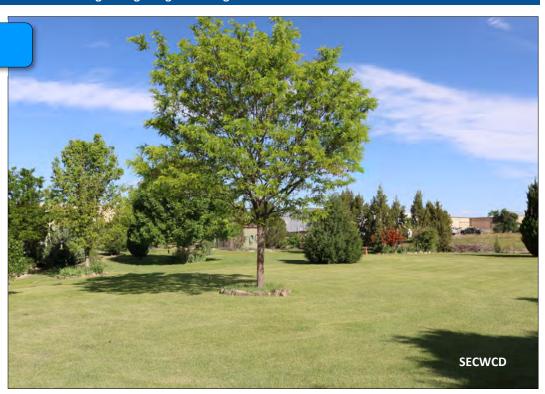
Future Storage Options

Several Enterprise activities are geared toward future storage that may be beneficial to stakeholders. In 2021, Restoration of Yield partners purchased a reservoir site near Boone. It may be 10 years or more before a reservoir is built, but planning for those future needs is now occurring. Other storage options include a cooperative effort in the Upper Arkansas River basin, and potential accounts in John Martin Reservoir.

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

Water & Storage

STRATEGIC FOCUS: ENTERPRISE ACTIVITIES



The Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise has entered a new era of building projects as the Fry-Ark Project passes the 60year mark.

The District was focused on Reclamation construction of the Fry-Ark Project and debt for nearly all of the time since it was formed in 1958.

With the creation of the Enterprise in 1996, the focus of the District began to shift toward improvements that could be made to the Fry-Ark Project to increase the benefit to stakeholders.

The first project of this sort was the Safety of Dams program that started in 1997, which was undertaken by Reclamation. Repayment of the District's share is being made through the Enterprise.

A water needs assessment in 1998 was the next step taken by the Enterprise and was

driven by actions that could be taken on a local level. The study determined that needs will grow over time, and that the costs would need to be met. Planning for that future started with a surcharge added in 2002 to fund the Enterprise.

In the first decade after adopting the surcharge, the Enterprise laid the groundwork for future projects.

The James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant was constructed through the Enterprise. The Arkansas Valley Conduit is becoming a reality. Future projects include construction of a restoration of yield reservoir, sediment reduction of Pueblo Reservoir, an interconnection between Pueblo Dam outlets, and other actions that continue to enhance the Fry-Ark Project.

Arkansas Valley Conduit

AVC Project on the Move

Construction of the Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC) began in 2023, after more than four years of cooperative efforts between the District and Reclamation on a revised plan.

Efforts to create the new plan took shape in 2019, when it was determined Reclamation would build the trunk line and the District would build delivery lines and spurs. Capacity in Pueblo Water's system would be used to treat and bring water to a point about 15 miles east of Pueblo Dam, where AVC begins. Initial federal, state and Enterprise funding was secured and planning activities commenced in 2020.

In 2021, the District solicited American Rescue Plan funds from local entities to help with planning and in some cases construction of the spurs and delivery lines. More than \$3 million has been collected or pledged.

The Enterprise has obtained Colorado Water Conservation Board funding totaling \$30 million in grants and up to \$90 million



in loans. Other sources of funding are being sought.

In 2022, the three-party contract among Reclamation, the District and Pueblo Water was signed.

In 2024, an AVC Repayment Contract will be signed.

To learn more: www.secwcd.com



T

Hydroelectric Power

Hydro Project Humming Along

The James W. Broderick Hydropower Plant began producing power in 2019, following eight years of planning activities and construction. The plant was built at Pueblo Dam under a Lease of Power Privilege from the Bureau of Reclamation.

Power from the plant is being sold to the city of Fountain and Fort Carson (through Colorado Springs Utilities) and revenues are projected to average \$1.2 million annually. Revenues vary from year to year, depending on the amount of water released through the North Outlet of Pueblo Dam.

Revenues from the Hydro Plant initially will pay off the \$20.5 million debt, including \$17.2 million to the Colorado Water Conservation Board, and \$3.2 million to the Enterprise. When the debt is paid off, a portion of the revenues will offset operation, maintenance and replacement costs for the AVC.



Section 7 Appendix

2024 Water Sales and Storage Rates	Rate and	Surcharge (\$	(/ac-ft)
2024 Water Sales and Storage Rates	Total Charge	WAE Rate	WAE Surcharge
Project Water			
Project Water First Use (60% Consumed)	\$13.14	\$ 13.14	\$ -
Project Water Full Use (100% Consumed)	\$21.90	\$ 21.90	\$ -
Project Water Return Flow (100% Consumed)	\$21.90	\$ 21.90	\$ -
Storage			
Carryover Project Water	\$4.52	\$ -	\$ 4.52
Winter Water	\$4.52	\$ 2.80	\$ 1.72
Excess Capacity In District	\$4.52	\$ -	\$ 4.52
Excess Capacity Out of District	\$10.00	\$ -	\$ 10.00
Excess Capacity Aurora	\$10.00	\$ -	\$ 10.00



Bent County Certification of Valuation and Certification of Tax Levies





Commy Tax Entity Code

CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES for NON-SCHOOL Governments

TO: County Commission	oners ¹ of		Bent County	1		, Color	ido.
On behalf of the		ern Colorad	lo Water Con	servancy Distr	ict		
		(tı	oring entity) A				
the			rd of Directo	rs			
			overning body) ^B				
of the	Southeas		do Water Co	nservancy Dis	trict		_
Hereby officially certifi- to be levied against the t assessed valuation of:		\$		68,5 Line 2 of the Certi	31,670	shustion Form DLG	.s₂E∖
Note: If the assessor certified (AV) different than the GRO: Increment Financing (TIF) A calculated using the NET AV	SS AV due to a Tax rea ^F the tax levies must be . The taxing entity's total	S	sessed valuation,	68,5 Line 4 of the Certif	31,670 ication of Va	hastion Form DLG	57)
property tax revenue will be o multiplied against the NET as	served from the mill levy	USE VALU		R NO LATER TE			DED
Submitted: (no later than Dec. 15)	1/10/2024 (mm/dd/yyyy)	for	budget/fisca	al year	2024	·	
PURPOSE (see end not	es for definitions and examples)		LEV	Y^2		REVENUE ²	
General Operating E	xpenses ^H		.900	mills	\$	61,678.50	
 <minus> Temporary Temporary Mill Lev</minus> 	y General Property Tax y Rate Reduction ¹	Credit/	< .121	> mills	s <	(8,292.33)	>
SUBTOTAL FOR	R GENERAL OPERATI	NG:	.775	mill	\$	53,386.17	
3. General Obligation l	Bonds and Interest ³			mills	\$		
Contractual Obligati				mills	s		
Capital Expenditure				mills	_		
6. Refunds/Abatements			.078		-	5.345.47	
7. Other ^N (specify):	•		- 1071		-		
7. Other (specify):				mills			
т	OTAL: Sum of General	Operating 1	0.85	7 mill	s \$	58,731.64	=
Contact person: (print)	Leann Noga		Daytime phone:	(⁷¹⁹)	248	3-9950	
Signed:			Title:	Director of	Finance	/ Budget Offic	er

³ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X. Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution. ³ Levies must be rounded to thate, declaral places and revenue must be calculated from the total <u>NET assessed valuation</u> (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's <u>FIVAL</u> certification of valuation).

12	County Tax Entity Code CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION BY		DOLA	LGID/SID 64128/1			
New Ta	K Entity? ☐ YES ☑ NO BENT COUNTY ASSESSOR			Date 1/9/2024			
NAM	IE OF TAX ENTITY: SOUTHEAST COLORADO WATER CONSIDISTRICT						
USE FOR STATUTORY PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATION (*5.5%" LIMIT) ONLY							
				1) Only			
EN AC	CORDANCE WITH 39-5-121(2)(a) and 39-5-128(1), C.R.S., AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE / FIES THE TOTAL VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2022 :	ASSES	SSOR				
I.	PREVIOUS YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	1.		39,987,220			
2.	CURRENT YEAR'S GROSS TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: ‡	2.		58,531,670			
3. 4.	LESS TOTAL TIF AREA INCREMENTS, IF ANY:	3.	s	0			
5.	CURRENT YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: NEW CONSTRUCTION: *	4. 5.	s_	68,531,670 247,890			
6.		6.	s-	0			
7.	INCREASED PRODUCTION OF PRODUCING MINE: ** ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:	7.	š-	0			
8.	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT FEDERAL PROPERTY: ≈	8.	s	0			
9.	NEW PRIMARY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS	9.	\$	0			
	LEASEHOLD OR LAND (29-1-301(1)(b), C.R.S.): Φ						
10.	TAXES RECEIVED LAST YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1)(a), C.R.S.). Includes all revenue collected on valuation not previously certified:	10.	s	43.33			
11.	TAXES ABATED AND REFUNDED AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1)(a), C.R.S.) and (39-10- 114(1)(a)(I)(B), C.R.S.):	11.	s	158.92			
This value effects personal property exemptions EF caucated by the jurispiction as authorized by Ant. X, Sen. 20(8/6), Colo. Constitution New Communition in effords our. Tanable and property areastrate and the provinced property connected with the structure. Jurisdiction must anshort the Delivision of Local Convenment respective Certifications of Images in order for the values to the betterd as growth in the limit existation, use Freen DLG 52 & \$25A. Jurisdiction must apply to the Division of Local Convenment before the value can be pasted as growth in the limit calculation, use Freen DLG 52 B.							
886	USE FOR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION ONLY						
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ASSES: 1. ADD: 2. 3. 4.	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC 20, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 39-5-121(2)(b), C.R.S., THE ORD CRETIFIES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR. 1822	1. 2. 3. 4.	s s s	243,127,710 2,775,280 0			
ASSES: 1. ADD: 2. 3. 4. 5.	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC 20, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 19-6-121(2)(9), C.R.S., THE SOR CHRITHES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 1999; CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1 THONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS: 4 PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY:	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	s s s s	243,127,710 2,775,280 0 0			
ASSES: 1. ADD: 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC 20, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 39-5-121(2)(0), C.R.S., THE ORD. CRETIFIES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR. 1929 CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR. 1929 TYPONG TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS: DICKLEASED MINING PRODUCTION: \$ PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY: OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL:	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	243,127,710 2,775,280 0 0 0			
ASSES: 1. ADD: 2. 3. 4. 5.	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC 20, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 19-6-121(2)(9), C.R.S., THE SOR CHRITHES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 1999; CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1 THONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS: 4 PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY:	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	243,127,710 2,775,280 0 0			
ASSES: 1. ADDi: 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC 20, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 99-5-121(2)(b), C.R.S., THE SOR CIRCIPIES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR. 100	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	243,127,710 2,775,280 0 0 0			
ASSES: 1. ADDi: 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC 20, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 19-6-121(2)(9), C.R.S., THE SOR CHRIFTIES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 500 : CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1 THONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS: 5 INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: 5 PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY OUTTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (If land and/or a structure in picked up as emitted property for multiple years, only the mo- current year's testial value can be reproduced as omitted property.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	s' s's's's's's	243,127,710 2,775,280 0 0 0			
ASSES: 1. ADDi 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. DELLE 8. 9.	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC 20, OGD. CONSTUTION AND 19-6-121(2)(9), C.R.S., THE SOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR, 1990 ; CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1 THOMS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ANNEXATIONS/NCLUSIONS: BNCERASED MINING PRODUCTION: 4 PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (If lead and/or a structure is picted up as ensitted property, or multiple years, only the mo current year's sant value can be repreduced a onaited property.) THONS FROM TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	s' s's's's's's	243,127,710 2,775,280 0 0 0 0 0 423,380			
ASSES: 1. ADD: 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. DELLE 8.	ORDANCE WITH ART X. SEC 20, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121(2)(b), C.R.S., THE ORD. CHERTIES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR. 1922 CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1 TITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: 4 ANNEAR TIONSONECLUSIONS: DECKLEASED MINNEY PROPERTY: OLL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM NEW WELL: TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (If an addres a structus is picked up as comind property for multiple years, only the mo current year's actual value can be reported as omitted property.): TIONS FROM TAXBLE REAL PROPERTY DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY DIPROVEMENTS: DISCONNECTIONSEXCUSIONS:	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. st	s' s's's's's's's's's's's's's's's's's's'	243,127,710 2.775,280 0 0 0 0 423,380 207,750 0 0			
ASSES: 1. ADDi 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. DELLE 8. 9.	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC 20, OGLO. CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121(2)(9), C.R.S., THE SOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 599 : CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1 THONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ANNEXATIONS/NCLUSIONS: BNCREASED MINION PRODUCTION: 4 PERVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (If heal andre a susception is priced up as enabined property for multiple years, only the mo current year's start value can be repredicted unstanding property.) THONS FROM TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: DISCONNECTIONSEXCLUSIONS. PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE PROPERTY: PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE PROPERTY:	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. st	s' s's's's's's's's's's's's's's's's's's'	243,127,716 2.775,280 0 0 0 423,380 207,750 0 0			
ASSES: 1. ADDi 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. DELLE 8. 9.	ORDANCE WITH ART X. SEC 20, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121(2)(b), C.R.S., THE ORD. CHERTIES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR. 1922 CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1 TITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: 4 ANNEAR TIONSONECLUSIONS: DECKLEASED MINNEY PROPERTY: OLL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM NEW WELL: TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (If an addres a structus is picked up as comind property for multiple years, only the mo current year's actual value can be reported as omitted property.): TIONS FROM TAXBLE REAL PROPERTY DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY DIPROVEMENTS: DISCONNECTIONSEXCUSIONS:	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. st	s' s's's's's's's's's's's's's's's's's's'	243,127,716 2.775,280 0 0 0 423,380 207,750 0 0			
ASSES: 1. ADDI: 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. DELLE 8. 9. 10. 1	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC 20, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 19-6-121(2)(9), C.R.S., THE SOR CHETTHES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 500 : CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1 THONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: 8 ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS: 8 PREVIOUSLY SEXEMIT PROPERTY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (If lead and/or a structure is picked up as entitled property for multiple years, only the mo central year's statul value can be repreducted an outsided property. THONS FROM TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS; DISCONNECTIONS/EXCLUSIONS. PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE PRAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS; DISCONNECTIONS/EXCLUSIONS.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 st real p	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	243,127,710 2,775,280 0 0 0 0 423,380 207,750 0 0			
ASSESS 1. ADDD 2 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. DELLE 8. 9. 10. 1 5	ORDANCE WITH ART X. SEC 20, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121(2)(b), C.R.S., THE ORD. CHEFITES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR. 1922 CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1 THOMS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: 4 ANNEAR TIONSONECLUSIONS: DECREASED MINNEO PRODUCTION: § PREVIOUSLY EXEMIT PROPERTY: OLL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM NEW WELL: TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (If leas addres a structure is priced up as emitted property for multiple years, only the mo current year's actual value and no reported as omatical property.): THOMS FROM TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: DISCONNECTIONSEXCULSIONS: PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE PROPERTY: This includes the structure value of all studies and property instructure. Including production the new assess and accesses is production of existing production mines.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 st real p	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	243,127,710 2,775,280 0 0 0 0 423,380 207,750 0 0			

_CountyTax Entity Code DOLALGED SD _____
CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES for NON-SCHOOL Governments

NOTE: ALL LEVIES MUST BE CERTIFIED to the COUNTY COMMISSIONERS NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 15.

TO: County Commissioners ¹ of		Bent County		, Colorado.
On behalf of the	Southeastern Colora	do Water Conservanc	y District	
		(taxing entity) ^A		
the	Во	ard of Directors		
		(governing body) ^B		
of the	Southeastern Color		cy Distric	t
		local government)		
Hereby officially certifies the follows to be levied against the taxing entity's			68,5	31,670
assessed valuation of:	(GROSS ^D	assessed valuation, Line 2 of t	he Certificat	tion of Valuation Form DLG 57 ^E)
Note: If the assessor certified a NET assesse (AV) different than the GROSS AV due to a Increment Financing (TIF) Area ^F the tax levi	Tax		68,	531,670
calculated using the NET AV. The taxing en property tax revenue will be derived from the multiplied against the NET assessed valuatio	tity's total (NET or mill levy USE VAI	assessed valuation, Line 4 of th LUE FROM FINAL CERTIF BY ASSESSOR NO LA	TCATION	on of Valuation Form DLG 57) OF VALUATION PROVIDED DECEMBER 10
Submitted: 1/10/2	2024 fo	r budget/fiscal year	- 2	2024
(no later than Dec. 15) (mm/dd	(יניניו	,	-	(ייייי)
PURPOSE (see end notes for definitions an	d examples)	LEVY ²		REVENUE ²
General Operating Expenses ^B		.035	mills	\$ 2,398.61
 <minus> Temporary General Pro Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduce</minus> 		< .004 >	mills	\$ < (274.13) >
SUBTOTAL FOR GENERAL	OPERATING:	.031	mills	\$ 2,124.48
3. General Obligation Bonds and In	terest ^J		mills	\$
 Contractual Obligations^K 			mills	\$
 Capital Expenditures^L 			mills	\$
 Refunds/Abatements^M 			mills	\$
7. Other ^N (specify):			mills	\$
			mills	\$
TOTAL:	Sum of General Operating 3	.031	mills	s 2,124.48
Contact person: (print) Lean	n Noga	Daytime phone: (719)		248-9950
Signed:		Title: Direc	tor of Fir	nance / Budget Officer
Include one copy of this tax entity's completed for Division of Local Government (DLG). Room 521				

If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution. I Levies must be collected by counded to fine ged ectimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total NET assessed valuation (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's FNAL certification of valuation).

CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION BY CHAFFEE COUNTY ASSESSOR Name of Jurisdiction: 04 - S.E. Colo. Water District IN CHAFFEE COUNTY ON 12/15/2023 USE FOR STATUTORY PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATIONS (5.5% LIMIT) ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-121(2)(a) AND 39-5-1281(), C.R.S. AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023 IN CHAFFEE COUNTY. COLORADO PREVIOUS YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: CURRENT YEAR'S GROSS TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: LESS TIF DISTRICT INCREMENT, IF ANY: 5700,619,840 4. CURRENT YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: \$17,082,197 5. NEW CONSTRUCTION: --6. INCREASED PRODUCTION OF PRODUCING MINES: # ■ PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT FEDERAL PROPERTY: # NEW PRIMARY DIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS LEASEHOLD AN OR LAND (29-1-391(1)(s) C.R.S.): 10. TAXES COLLECTED LAST YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1))(a) C.R.S.): TAKES COLLECTED LAST YEAR ON CONTITED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (28-1-301)(1)(a) C.R.S.) and (39-1-50-11)(1)(a)(0)(b) C.R.S.) The value referes promotel property exemptions if enecked by the jurisdiction as surfacous by Arx. 5, Sec. 20(3)(a)(Col. 3). New constitutions is defined as: Transition may be present property connected with the structure. certifications (Forms DLG 52 AND 52A) to the Division of Local Government USE FOR 'TABOR' LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X. SECTION 36 COLO CONST. AND 36-3-1310386.C KS. THE ASSESS THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE Y CAR 2013 INCHAFTE COUNTY, COLORADO ON AUGIST 25, 2021 ADDITIONS TO TAXABLE FRAL PROPERTY. ONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE FRAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: NORMATION OF TAXABLE FRAL PROPERTY OF THE VALUE OF TAXABLE FRAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: NORMATION OF TAXABLE FRAL PROPERTY OF THE VALUE OF TAXABLE FRAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: NORMATION OF TAXABLE FRANCE \$6,929,233,083 \$206,524,929 \$2,561,079 PREVIOUSLY EXCENT PROOF PROM A NEW WELL: TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: \$897,900 \$5,107,565 ** Neverth Provision 1 to find make and increases in production of existing producing move. N. ACCORDANCE WITH 199-1/2R LO. KS. AND NO LATER THAN AUDIOS 726. THE ASSESSION CERTIFIES TO SCHOOL DETRIFICES 1. TOTAL ACTUAL PROPERTY. NOTE: All levels must be Certified to the Sourd of Courts, Commissioners NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 15, 2023. N. ACCORDANCE WITH 89-1/2R 10 CR. S. THE ASSESSION PROVIDES: HIRZH-1312 ASSESSED VALUE OF EXEMPT BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY (ESTIMATED): " The tax reviews tool dut to this co-emplete value will be reinfoursed to the tax entity by the Courty Treasurer in accordance with 36-3-119 (5). C.R. S. \$2,451,784

TO: County Commissioners of Chaffee County County Control County Commissioners of Chaffee County County Control County Co

CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES for NON-SCHOOL Governments

DOLA LGID/SID

Director of Finance / Budget Officer

	inter than Dec. 15) (mm/dd/yyyy)	for oudget/fiscal year	()7)7)
_	PURPOSE (see end notes for definitions and examples)	LEVY ²	REVENUE ²
1.	General Operating Expenses ^B	.900 mi	ills \$ 630,557.86
2.	<minus> Temporary General Property Tax Credit/ Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduction*</minus>	< .121 > mi	ills <u>\$ < (84,775.00)</u> >
	SUBTOTAL FOR GENERAL OPERATING:	.779 mi	ills \$ 545,782.86
3.	General Obligation Bonds and Interest ^J	m	ills \$
4.	Contractual Obligations ^K	mi	ills \$
5.	Capital Expenditures ^L	mi	ills \$
6.	Refunds/Abatements ^M	.078 mi	ills \$ 54,648.35
7.	Other ^N (specify):	mi	ills \$
		mi	ills \$
	TOTAL: Sum of General Operating	.857 m	nills \$ 600,431.21
	ntact person: int) Leann Noga	Daytime phone: (719)	248-9950

³ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X. Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution. ³ Levies must be rounded to tinge decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total <u>NET assessed valuation</u> (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's <u>FINAL</u> certification of valuation).

leted form when filing the local government's budget by January 31st, per 29-1-113 C.R.S., with the

Chaffee County Certification of Valuation and Certification of Tax Levies





____COMMAY THE REMAY COME
CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES for NON-SCHOOL GOVERNments

TO: County Commissioners ¹ of			Chaffee County		, Colorado.
On behalf of the		Southeastern Color	ado Water Conservano	y District	
			(taxing entity) ^A		
the			oard of Directors		
			(governing body) ^B		
of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy I					t
			(local government) ^C		
	certifies the followin				10
	t the taxing entity's		7	00,619,84	+U
assessed valuation of: (GROSS ^D assessed valuation, Line 2 of the Certification of Valuation Form DLG 57 ^E)					
Note: If the assessor certified a NET assessed valuation (AV) different than the GROSS AV due to a Tax					
Increment Financing (TIF) Area the tax levier	must be \$	70	00,619,84	10
calculated using the NET AV. The taxing entity's total property tax revenue will be derived from the mill levy USE VALUE FROM FINAL CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION PROVIDED USE VALUE FROM FINAL CERTIFICATION OF VALUE FRO					on of Valuation Form DLG 57)
multiplied against the	NET assessed valuation		BY ASSESSOR NO LA		
Submitted:	1/10/20)24 fc	or budget/fiscal year	2	2024
(no later than Dec. 15)	(mm/dd/y)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		3333)
PURPOSE (see	end notes for definitions and	eumples)	LEVY ²		REVENUE ²
General Opera			.035	mills	\$ 24,521.69
	porary General Prop 11 Levy Rate Reduct		< .004 >	mills	s < (2,802.48) >
Temporary Mi	ii Levy Kale Reduci	1011		IIIIIIS	3 < (4)************
SUBTOTA	L FOR GENERAL O	PERATING:	.031	mills	\$ 21,719.21
3. General Obliga	ation Bonds and Inte	rest ^J		mills	\$
 Contractual Of 	oligations ^K			mills	\$
Capital Expens	ditures ^L			mills	\$
6. Refunds/Abate	ements ^M			mills	\$
 Other^N (specify 	r):			mills	\$
				mills	\$
			_		
	TOTAL: [S	um of General Operating a shotal and Lines 3 to 7	.031	mills	s 21,719.21
Contact person: (print)	Leann		Daytime phone: (719)		248-9950
Signed:			Title: Direc	tor of Fir	nance / Budget Officer
	Carpo .		vernment's budget by Janua		***************************************

If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution.

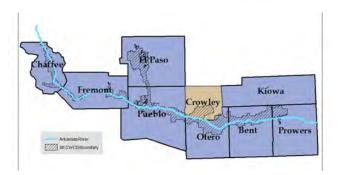
Levies must be rounded to three decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total NET assessed valuation (Line 4 of Form DLG57) on the County Assessor's FINAL certification of valuation).

Signed:

Data Date: 12/14/2023

County Tax Entity Code

Crowley County Certification of Valuation and Certification of Tax Levies





COUNTY TAX Entity Code DOLALGED ST

	rs ¹ of				, Color	ado
On behalf of the	Southeastern Co	lorado Water Conservar	ncy Distric	t		
		(taxing entity) ^A				
the		Board of Directors				
		(governing body) ^B				
of the	Southeastern C		ncy Distri	ct		
Hereby officially certifies to be levied against the taxionsessed valuation of:	ng entity's GROSS \$	(local government) ^C 955 ^D assessed valuation, Line 2 o	44,698,9	914 tion of Va	dustion Form DLG	57
Note: If the assessor certified a l AV) different than the GROSS A ncrement Financing (TIF) Area ² alculated using the NET AV. TI roperty tax revenue will be deriv multiplied against the NET assess	the tax levies must be she taxing entity's total code from the mill levy USE	ET ^G assessed valuation, Line 4 or VALUE FROM FINAL CERT BY ASSESSOR NO I	ATER THA	OF VAL	UATION PROVI	57) DE
Submitted: no later than Dec. 15)	1/10/2024 (mm/dd/yyyy)	for budget/fiscal yea	•	(2024		
ov and dad over 177	(1000 00 3333)			03333		-
PURPOSE (see end notes for	definitions and examples)	LEVY ²		1	REVENUE ¹	_
General Operating Experience	enses ^H	.900	mills	\$	40,229.02	
 <minus> Temporary G Temporary Mill Levy R</minus> 			> mills	s <	(5.408.57)	
SUBTOTAL FOR G	ENERAL OPERATING:	.779	mills	s	34,820.45	_
3. General Obligation Bon	ds and Interest ³		mills	\$		
4. Contractual Obligations	ĸ		mills	\$		
5. Capital Expenditures ^L			mills	s		
 Refunds/Abatements^M 		.078	mills	\$	3,486.52	_
7. Other ^N (specify):			mills	s		
			mills	\$		Ξ
то	TAL: Sum of General Operation	.857	mills	s	38,306.97	=
Contact person: print)	Leann Hoga	Daytime phone: (719)	248	3-9950	
Signed:	du)	Title: Dir	ector of F	inance/	Budget Offic	er

¹ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution.

² Levies must be rounded to three decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total NET assessed valuation (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's FINAL certification of valuation).

¹ If the taxing entity 's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution. ² Levies must be rounded to fine decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total NET assessed valuation (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's FINAL certification of valuation).

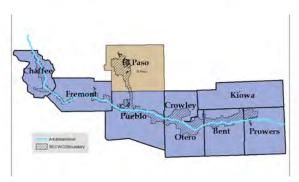
	County Tax Entity Code	CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION BY		DOLA LGID'SID			
New Tax		Crowley County COUNTY ASSESSOR		Date 12/08/2023			
NAM	IE OF TAX ENTITY: SI	ECWCD CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS					
USE FOR STATUTORY PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATION ("5.5%" LIMIT) ONLY							
CERTI	IN ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-121(2(a) and 39-5-128(1), C.R.S., AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023						
1.		OTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	1.	\$ 44,821,537			
2.		TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: ‡	2.	\$44,698,914			
3. 4.		REA INCREMENTS, IF ANY: OTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	3. 4.	\$0 \$44,698,914			
5.	NEW CONSTRUCTION: *	TAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	5.	\$845,890			
6.		N OF PRODUCING MINE: ≈	6.	\$0			
7.	ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIO		7.	\$0			
8.	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT FE		8.	\$0			
9.		AS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS		\$0			
	LEASEHOLD OR LAND (25			*-			
10.	TAXES RECEIVED LAST Y	EAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1- all revenue collected on valuation not previously certified:	10.	\$ <u>\$0.00</u>			
11.	TAXES ABATED AND REF 114(1)(a)(I)(B), C.R.S.):	UNDED AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1)(a), C.R.S.) and (39-10-	11.	\$ <u>50.00</u>			
:	This value reflects personal property	exemptions IF enacted by the jurisdiction as authorized by Art. X, Sec. 20(8)(b), C	olo. Ce	onstitution			
:		able real property structures and the personal property connected with the structure on of Local Government respective Certifications of Impact in order for the values		treated as according the Simil			
-	calculation; use Forms DLG 52 & 52.	on or a secal Government respective Certain automs of impact in order for the values A.	10 00	reased as growth in the anni.			
Φ	Jurisdiction must apply to the Divisio	n of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the limit calcu	lations	use Form DLG 52B.			
	USE FO	R TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION ONLY					
IN ACC	CORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC 2 SOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL AC	0, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 39-5-121(2)(b), C.R.S., THE Crowley TUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023	Cou	nty County			
1.		ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1	1.	\$237,155,964			
ADD	ITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL						
2.	CONCERNICATION OF TAX	ABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: *	2.	\$4,860,474			
3.	ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIO		3.	\$1,000,474			
4.	INCREASED MINING PRO		4.	\$0			
5.	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PR		5.				
6.	OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION		6.	50			
7.		TY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX	7.	\$0			
/-		structure is picked up as omitted property for multiple years, only the mo		30			
DEL	ETIONS FROM TAXABLE RE	AL PROPERTY					
8.	DESTRUCTION OF TAXAL	BLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS:	8.	S-95.287			
9.	DISCONNECTIONS/EXCL		9.	\$0			
10.	PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE P			. So			
1	This includes the actual value of all ta	exable real property plus the actual value of religious, private school, and charitable					
:	Construction is defined as newly cons	structed taxable real property structures.					
5	metudes production from new mines :	and increases in production of existing producing mines.					
	CORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1), C.R.S AL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL	AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES TO SCI	HOOL	DISTRICTS: \$237,123,164			
101	AL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL	TAAADLE PROFERTI		3 = 27,1 = 27,104			
IN AC	CORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1.5), C.R.	S, THE ASSESSOR PROVIDES:					
		EXEMPT BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY (ESTIMATED		S140,640			
	The tax revenue lost due to this exent with 39-3-119.5(3), C.R.S.	npted value will be reimbursed to the tax entity by the County Treasurer in accorda	nce				
	mm 27/3/117.7(3), V.R.S.						
NOTE:	ALL LEVIES MUST BE CERTIF	TED to the COUNTY COMMISSIONERS NO LATER THAN DECEM	BER I	15.			
				DLG 57 (Rev. 7/21)			
	County Tax Entity Code			DOLA LGED/SED			

	ICATION OF TAX L				overni	ments
TO: County Commis	ssioners ¹ of		rowley Cour			, Colorado.
On behalf of the	Southeast			servancy Distri	ct	,
			oing entity) ^A			
the	the Board of Directors (governing body) ^B					
of the	Southeas			nservancy Dist	rict	
	30001003		al government)			
	tifies the following mills the taxing entity's GROSS	(GROSS ^D au	sessed valuation	44,698; Line 2 of the Certifi		harton Form DLG 57 ^E
Note: If the assessor certified a NET assessed valuation (AV) different than the GROSS AV due to a Tax Increment Financian (TIF) Area's the tax levies must be calculated using the NET AV. The taxing entity's total property tax reviewe will be derived from the mill levy support to the Certification of Valuation From DL VALUATION FROM SET VALUE FROM FINAL CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION FROM DL					nution Form DLG 57)	
multiplied against the NE Submitted:	1/10/2024	for t	oudget/fisc		2024	
(no later than Dec. 15)	(mm/dd/yyyy)			_	()))))	
PURPOSE (see end	notes for definitions and examples)		LEV	Y^2	I	REVENUE ²
General Operatin	g Expenses ^H		.03	5 mills	\$	1,564.46
	rary General Property Tax Levy Rate Reduction ¹	Credit/	< .004	> mills	s <	(178.80) >
SUBTOTAL F	OR GENERAL OPERATI	NG:	.03	mills	\$	1,385.66
3. General Obligation	on Bonds and Interest ^J			mills	\$	
4. Contractual Oblig	gations ^K			mills	\$	
5. Capital Expendit	res ^L			mills	\$	
6. Refunds/Abateme	ents ^M			mills	s	
 Other^N (specify): 				mills	s	
				mills	\$	
					_	
	TOTAL: Sum of General Subsected and Lin	Operating 1	.03	mills	s	1,385.66
Contact person: (print)	Leann Noga		Daytime phone:	(⁷¹⁹)	248	-9950
Signed:	tand)		Title:	Director of	Finance /	Budget Officer
Include one copy of this tax	entity's completed form when filing t					

	CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION BY EL PASO COUNTY AS	35E35UK
N	ame of Jurisdiction: 080 - SOUTHEASTERN COLO WATER CONSERVANCY IN EL PASO COUNTY ON 12/22/2023	New Entity: No
	USE FOR STATUTORY PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATIONS (5.5	% LIMIT) ONLY
	IN ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-121(2)(a) AND 39-5-128(1),C.R.S. AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSEVALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023 IN EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO	SSOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL
1.	PREVIOUS YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	\$8,217,668,000
2.	CURRENT YEAR'S GROSS TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: *	\$10,072,225,480
3.	LESS TIF DISTRICT INCREMENT, IF ANY:	\$179,892,740
,	CURRENT YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	\$9.892,332,740
ì	NEW CONSTRUCTION: **	\$152,896,180
э.	NEW CONSTRUCTION	E.1106-3030-1307
6.	INCREASED PRODUCTION OF PRODUCING MINES: #	\$0
7.	ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:	\$0
	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT FEDERAL PROPERTY: #	\$0
	NEW PRIMARY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS LEASEHOLD ##	\$0
9.	OR LAND (29-1-301(1)(b) C.R.S.):	
10	. TAXES COLLECTED LAST YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1))(a) C.R.S.):	\$7,838,89
	. TAXES ABATED AND REFUNDED AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1)(a) C.R.S.) and (39-10-114(1)(a)(1)(B) C.R.S.):	\$35,481.30
	This value reflects personal property exemptions IF enacted by the jurisdiction as authorized by Art. X, Sec.20(6)(b),Colo.	
	New construction is defined as: Taxable roal property structures and the personal property connected with the structure.	to be breated as especific in the
Im	turisdiction must submit respective certifications (Forms DLG 52 AND 52A) to the Division of Local Government in order for the values it calculation.	
pw	Jurisdiction must apply (Forms DLG 628) to the Division of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the limit of	salculation.
	USE FOR 'TABOR' LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONLY	
IN	ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 20, COLO CONST, AND 39-5-121(2)(b),C.R.S. THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023 IN EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO ON AUG	THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES
1.	CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 0	\$106,325,292,387
	ADDITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY:	
2.	CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: 1	\$1,976,896,885
3.	ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:	\$0
4.	INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: %	\$0
5.	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY:	\$14,689,530
6.	OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL:	\$0
7.	TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT:	\$30,778,384
	(it land anotiv a structure is picked up as oritized properly for multiple years, only the most current year's actual value can be reported as omitted DELETIONS FROM TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY:	(hoberly)
	DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS:	\$10,881,157
9.	DISCONNECTIONS/EXCLUSION:	\$0
10		\$55,653,637
	This includes the ectual value of all texable real properly plus the actual value of religious, private schools, and charitable real proper	V.
_	construction is defined as newly constructed taxable real property structures.	,
	includes production from new mines and increases in production of existing producing mines.	
IN	ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1), C.R.S. AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES SCHOOL DISTRICTS: 1. TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY.	SC SC
Ľ	NOTE: All levies must be Certified to the Board of County Commissioners NO LATER THAN DECEM	
-	ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1.5)C.R.S. THE ASSESSOR PROVIDES:	DEN 19, EGES
H	B21-1312 ASSESSED VALUE OF EXEMPT BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY (ESTIMATED): **	\$13,421,110
ŀ	The tax revenue lost due to this exempted value will be reimbursed to the tax entity by the County Treasurer	
L	in accordance with 39-3-119 f(3), C.R.S.	
	Data Date: 12/21/2023	
	Commy Tax Entiry Code	DOLA LGED/SED
_		
	CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES for NON-SCHOOL Go	vernments

TO: County Commiss	ioners ¹ of		EL Paso County		, Colorado.	
On behalf of the	Southeas	stern Colora	do Water Conser	vancy District		
		0	sxing entity) ^A			
the			rd of Directors			
	(governing body) ^B Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District					
of the	Souther		edo Water Conse	rvancy Distri	ct	
Hereby officially certificate to be levied against the assessed valuation of:	fies the following mills taxing entity's GROSS	\$		10,072,225,41 e 2 of the Certifica	50 tion of Valuation Form DLG 57 (
(AV) different than the GR	Area ⁷ the tax levies must be V. The taxing entity's total derived from the mill levy	\$ \$	sessed valuation, Line	ERTIFICATION	ion of Valuation Form DLG 57) OF VALUATION PROVIDED	
Submitted: (no later than Dec. 15)	1/10/2024 (mm/dd/yyyy)	for	budget/fiscal y	Cai	2024	
PURPOSE (see end n	otes for definitions and examples)		LEVY ²		REVENUE ²	
General Operating	Expenses ^H		.900	mills	\$ 8,903,099.47	
	ry General Property Tar evy Rate Reduction ¹	c Credit/	< .121	> mills	\$ < (1,196,972.26) >	
SUBTOTAL FO	OR GENERAL OPERAT	TNG:	.779	mills	\$ 7,706,127.21	
3. General Obligation	Bonds and Interest ³			mills	\$	
4. Contractual Obliga	tions ^K			mills	\$	
5. Capital Expenditur	es ^L			mills	\$	
6. Refunds/Abatemer	its ^M		.078	mills	\$ 771,601.95	
 Other^N (specify): 				mills	\$	
				mills	s	
	TOTAL: Sum of Gener	al Operating	.857	mills	s 8,477,729.16	
Contact person: (print)	Leann Noga		Daytime phone: (⁷¹⁹)	248-9950	
Signed:	Tan)		Title:	Director of Fi	nance / Budget Officer	

El Paso County Certification of Valuation and **Certification of Tax Levies**





CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES for NON-SCHOOL Governments

TO: County Commissioners¹ of

On behalf of the Southeastern Colorado W.	ater Conservancy Distric	t .
(txxing	ntity) ^A Directors	
	Directors ag body) ^B	
of the Southeastern Colorado V		ct
	vernment) ^C	
Hereby officially certifies the following mills to be levied against the taxing entity's GROSS \$ (GROSS assessed valuation of:	10,072,225,4 I valuation, Line 2 of the Certific	80 ation of Valuation Form DLG 57 ^E)
property tax revenue will be derived from the mill levy USE VALUE FE	9,892,332,74 valuation, Line 4 of the Certifica OM FINAL CERTIFICATION ASSESSOR NO LATER THAI	tion of Valuation Form DLG 57) OF VALUATION PROVIDED
	get/fiscal year	2024
(no later than Dec. 15) (mm/dd/yyyy)		()))))
PURPOSE (see end notes for definitions and examples)	LEVY ²	REVENUE ²
General Operating Expenses ^H	.035 mills	\$ 346,231.65
2. <minus> Temporary General Property Tax Credit/ Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduction <</minus>	.004 > mills	\$ < (39,569.33) >
SUBTOTAL FOR GENERAL OPERATING:	.031 mills	\$ 306,662.32
 General Obligation Bonds and Interest³ 	mills	\$
Contractual Obligations ^K	mills	\$
 Capital Expenditures^L 	mills	\$
6. Refunds/Abatements ^M	mills	\$
7. Other ^N (specify):	mills	\$
	mills	\$
TOTAL: [Sum of General Operating]	.031 mills	\$ 306,662.32
	ytime one: (⁷¹⁹)	248-9950
Signed: Ti	le: Director of F	inance / Budget Officer
brolude one copy of this tax entity's completed form when filing the local government Division of Local Government (DLG). Room 521, 1313 Sharman Street, Denver, CC		

¹ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X. Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution.

² Levies must be rounded to three decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total NET assessed valuation (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's FINAL certification of valuation).

Fremont County Certification of Valuation and Certification of Tax Levies





Country Tax Entity Code DOLA LGID SID

TO: County Commission	ners ¹ of	Fremont County	, Colorado.			
On behalf of the	Southeastern C	olorado Water Conservancy Dis	trict			
		(taxing entity) ^A	,			
the		Board of Directors				
	(governing body) ^B					
of the	Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District					
Hereby officially certifie to be levied against the ta assessed valuation of:	xing entity's GROSS \$	(ioc.as government) 431,387, coss ^D assessed valuation, Line 2 of the Ce				
Note: If the assessor certified (AV) different than the GROS Increment Financing (TIF) An calculated using the NET AV.	a NET assessed valuation S AV due to a Tax ea [®] the tax levies must be \$	429,562,	767			
property tax revenue will be d multiplied against the NET as:	erived from the mill levy US	VET ^G assessed valuation, Line 4 of the Cert E VALUE FROM FINAL CERTIFICAT BY ASSESSOR NO LATER 1	TION OF VALUATION PROVIDED THAN DECEMBER 10			
Submitted: (no later than Dec. 15)	1/10/2024 (mm/dd/yyyy)	_ for budget/fiscal year	(2024			
PURPOSE (see end note	s for definitions and examples)	LEVY ²	REVENUE ²			
General Operating Ex	cpenses ^H	.900 mil	ls \$ 386,606.49			
Alinus Temporary Temporary Mill Levy	General Property Tax Cred Rate Reduction	it/ < .121 > mil	ls § < (51,977.09) >			
SUBTOTAL FOR	GENERAL OPERATING:	.779 mil	ls \$ 334,629.40			
3. General Obligation B	onds and Interest ^J	mil	ls \$			
4. Contractual Obligation	ons ^K	mil	ls \$			
Capital Expenditures	L	mil	ls \$			
6. Refunds/Abatements	м	.078 mil	ls \$ 33,505.90			
7. Other ^N (specify):		mil	ls \$			
// Olaci (specia))		mil				
т	OTAL: Sum of General Operat	.857 mi	lls S 368,135.30			
Contact person: (print)	Leann Noga	Daytime phone: (719)	248-9950			
Signed:	(Cud	Title: Director of	of Finance / Budget Officer			

¹ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution.
² Levies must be rounded to three decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total NEI assessed valuation (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's FINAL certification of valuation).

CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION BY FREMONT COUNTY ASSESSOR NAME OF TAX ENTITY: S.E. COLO WATER CONS USE FOR STATUTORY PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATION ("5.5%" LIMIT) ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-121(2)(a) and 39-5-128(1), C.R.S., AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023 PREVIOUS YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:

CURRENT YEAR'S GROSS TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:

LESS TOTAL THE AREA INCEPTIONENT, IF ANY

CURRENT YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: NEW CONSTRUCTION: *
INCREASED PRODUCTION OF PRODUCING MINE: ≈
ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS. \$3,991,335 \$0 ANNEAR INFOSTRICLOSIONS.

7. PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT FEDERAL PROPERTY: ≈
NEW PRIMARY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS.

8. NEW PRIMARY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS.

9. LEASEINGLEUYED LAST YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1
10. TAXES RECEIVED LAST YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-10. \$<u>\$0.00</u> 30(1()(a), C.R.S.). Includes all revenue collected on valuation not previously certified:
10. 30(00)
11. \$540.09
11. \$540.09
11. \$540.09 IN ACCORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC 20, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 39-5-12/12/10), C.R.S., THE FREMONT ASSESSOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023.

1. CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1 ADDITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: *
ANNEXATION SINCLUSIONS:
INCREASED MINION PRODUCTION: §
PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY:
OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL:
TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX
WARRANT. (If land and/or a structure is picked up as omitted property for milliple years, or
control year's what value can be reported at consulting property.) DELETIONS FROM TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: \$-535,908 PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE PROPERTY: IN ACCORDANCE WITH 19-5-12R(1.5), C.R.S., THE ASSESSOR PROVIDES.
HB21-1312 ASSESSED VALUE OF EXEMPT BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY (ESTIMATED): **
S1,829,746

***S1,829,746

***S1,829,746

***S1,829,746

***S1,829,746

***S1,829,746

***S1,829,746

***S1,829,746

***S1,829,746 with 39-3-119.5(3), C.R.S.

__Country Tax Entity Code DOLA LGID/SID __

NOTE: ALL LEVIES MUST BE CERTIFIED to the COUNTY COMMISSIONERS NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 15

CERTIFI	CATION OF TAX LEVI	ES for NON-SCHOOL G	overnments
TO: County Commiss	ioners ¹ of	Fremont County	, Colorado.
On behalf of the	Southeastern C	olorado Water Conservancy Distric	ct .
		(taxing entity) ^A	
the		Board of Directors	
		(governing body) ^B	
of the	Southeastern	Colorado Water Conservancy Distr	ict
o be levied against the assessed valuation of:	fies the following mills taxing entity's GROSS \$ (GR	(local government) ^C 431,387,62 OSS ^D assessed valuation, Line 2 of the Certific	
AV) different than the GRO	OSS AV due to a Tax	429.562.767	7
	Area the tax levies must be	#29,502,701 ET ^G assessed valuation, Line 4 of the Certifica	
	derived from the mill levy US	E VALUE FROM FINAL CERTIFICATION BY ASSESSOR NO LATER THA	N OF VALUATION PROVIDED
Submitted:	1/10/2024	for budget/fiscal year	2024
no later than Dec. 15)	(mm/dd/yyyy)		(7777)
PURPOSE (see end n	otes for definitions and examples)	LEVY ²	REVENUE ²
General Operating	Expenses ^H	mills	\$ 15,034.70
	rry General Property Tax Credi rvy Rate Reduction ^I	< .004 > mills	§ < (1,718.25) >
SUBTOTAL FO	OR GENERAL OPERATING:	.031 mills	\$ 13,316.45
3. General Obligation	Bonds and Interest ¹	mills	\$
4. Contractual Obliga	tions ^K	mills	\$
5. Capital Expenditur	es ^L	mills	\$
6. Refunds/Abatemen	nts ^M	mills	\$
7. Other ^N (specify):		mills	\$
		mills	\$
	TOTAL: Sum of General Operati	.031 mills	s 13,316.45
Contact person:	Leann Noga	Daytime phone: (719)	248-9950
Signed:	Euro)	I fue.	Finance / Budget Officer
include one copy of this tax on	tity's completed form when filing the local	al government's budget by January 31st, p Denver, CO 80203 - Ouestions? Call DI	per 29-1-113 C.R.S., with the

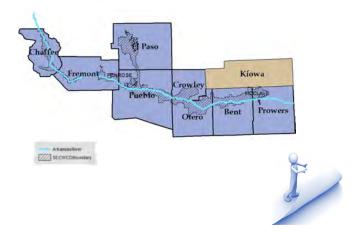
¹ If the tearing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution. ³ Levies must be calculated from the total NET assessed valuation (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's FINAL certification of valuation).

w Tr	Ennity? TYES NO	COUNTY ASSESSOR			Date 12/272
(A)	E OF TAX ENTITY:	SOUTHEAST COLORADO WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT (FIN	AL 202	3 CER	TIFICATION)
	USE FOR STATUTORY I	PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATION (5)	5%6"	LIMI	T) ONLY
AC	CORDANCE WITH 39-5-121(2)(a) and 39-5-128(1), C.R.S., AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE	ASSES	SOR	
ERTI		FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR	1.	\$ 3	248,880
2.		S TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: 1	2		504,930
3.		REA INCREMENTS, IF ANY:	3	5	.504,930
4.		OTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	4.		504,930
5.	NEW CONSTRUCTION: *		5.	5	65,670
6.	INCREASED PRODUCTIO	N OF PRODUCING MINE: ≈	6.	\$	
7.	ANNEXATIONS INCLUSE	ONS:	7.	\$	
\$.	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT F		8.	\$	
9.		AS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS	9.	<u> </u>	
	LEASEHOLD OR LAND (YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-	**		
10.		all revenue collected on valuation not previously certified:	10.	>	
11		FUNDED AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1)(a), C.R.S.) and (39-10-	11.	c	72.00
***	114(1)(a)(I)(B), C.R.S.):	a cuping as of second s	**.	-	72.00
		exemptions IF enacted by the jurisdiction as authorized by Art. X. Sec. 20(8)(b).		testatut	ios
	New Construction is defined as: Ta	sable real property structures and the personal property connected with the structur sion of Local Government respective Certifications of Impact in order for the value	e.	*****	or mouth in the limi
	calculation; use Forms DLG 52 & 5.				
_	Jurisdiction must apply to the Divisi	on of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the limit calc	ulation,	use Fee	III DLO STB
	USE F	on of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the innecation of TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION ONLY		ша Рег	E 000 118
L	USE FO CORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC ISON CERTIFIES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTAL	one of Local Government before the value can be used as proved in the last calc OR TABOR—LOCAL GROWTH—CALCULATION ONLY 26, COLO CONSTUTION AND 36-5-121(2)(6), C.S., THE CULAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR _=== L ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1			17,082,639
L	USE FI	one of Local Government before the value can be used as proved in the last calc OR TABOR—LOCAL GROWTH—CALCULATION ONLY 26, COLO CONSTUTION AND 36-5-121(2)(6), C.S., THE CULAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR _=== L ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1			
L	CORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC SOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL WITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL	one of Local Government before the value can be used as proved in the last calc OR TABOR—LOCAL GROWTH—CALCULATION ONLY 26, COLO CONSTUTION AND 36-5-121(2)(6), C.S., THE CULAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR _=== L ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1			
L ADD	CORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC SOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL WITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL	ne of Loci Communes before the value can be ensured as provide the lists calc OR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION ONLY 10, COLO CONSTUTION AND 18-5-111(12)(b), C.R.5, THE CUTAL VALUE TO FOR THE TAXABLE THAR 2011 LACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1 FROPPETY ABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: *	1.	s_ s_	17,082,639
L ADD	USE FI CORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC. SOOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTAL MITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX	ne of Loci Ownement before the value can be remed as growing in the last cold OR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION ONLY 20, COLO. CONSTUTION AND 19-5-131(2)(b), C.R.S., THE CUTAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE TEAR 2011 LA CUTAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY. T ABBLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONS.	1.	s_ s_	17,082,639
1. ADD 2. 3. 4. 5.	USE FI CORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC. SOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTA WITHON'S TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATIONS INCLUSE	ne of Loci Communes before the value can be ensured as provide the lists calc OR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION ONLY 0. COLO CONSTUTION AND 18-5-111(12)(b), C.R.5, THE 0. COLO CONSTUTION AND 18-5-111(12)(b), C.R.5, THE 1. CATUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1 FROPPERTY ABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONS: ONS:	1.	\$_ \$_ \$_	17,082,639
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1. ADD 2. 3. 4. 5.	USE FI CORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC. SOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTA WITONS TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATIONS INCLUSI INCREASED MININO PRO PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT P OIL OR GAS PRODUCTIO TAXABLE REAL PROPER	ne of Loci Ownement before the value can be remed as growed in the last cold OR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION ONLY 20, COALD CONSTITUTION ARED 16-5-21-21/2000, C.S., THE CITUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY; \$ 1. ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY; \$ 2. ABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONS: ONS: ONS: ONS: ONS: ONS: ON FROM A NEW WELL: TY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	5 5 5 5 5 5	17,082,639
1. ADD 2. 3. 4. 5.	USE R CORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC. SOR CELITE'S THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATIONS TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATIONS INCLUSIS TOTAL OF TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATION SPROUNCIT TOTAL OF TAXABLE REAL PROPER WARRANT (If Mead and/or	nee of Locid Communate before the value can be requested as the size of core TABOR** LOCAL GROWTH** CALCULATION ONLY 10. COLO CONSTUTION AND 18-5-111(12)(b), C.R.S., THE CIVILA VALLUATION POR THE TAXABLE TARE, 2011 LACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 1 PROPERTY ABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONS: DOUCTION: 9 ROPERTY: N FROM A NEW WELL: ITY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX VARIENCE IN SIZE MED 4 INCIDING YER, each the incidence year, each the incidence year.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	5 5 5 5 5 5	17,082,639
ADD 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	USE R CORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC. SOR CELITE'S THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATIONS TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATIONS INCLUSIS TOTAL OF TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATION SPROUNCIT TOTAL OF TAXABLE REAL PROPER WARRANT (If Mead and/or	ne of Locid Construction before the value can be growed in the lists call OR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION ONLY 20, COLD CONSTITUTION AND 16-5-151(2)(3), C. S. , THE CIVILAY CALLY AND NORS THE TAXABLE TARA. 2019 L ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: I PROPERTY ABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONS: ONS: ONS: ON SOURCE TO SEE THE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF OF	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	5 5 5 5 5 5	17,082,639
1. ADD 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. DEL	USE P CORDANCE WITH ABT X: SEC- SOR CREATURES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTA ITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANDREATIONS DECLUS INCREASED MINING PRE PREVIOUSLY EXCHIPT F TAXABLE ALL PROPER TAXABLE ALL PROPER TAXABLE ALL PROPER TOTAL PROPER T	nee cleaci (ownment before the what can be essent as provide the last cold OR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION ONLY OR OLO CONSTUTION AND 36-5-111(1)(b), C.R.5. THE CITAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXBLE YEAR. 2013 LACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: T PROPERTY ABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONS: ONS: ONS: ON PROM A NEW WELL. TY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX STRONGE A DEATH OF COMMENT OF THE PROPERTY TY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX STRONGE A DEATH OF COMMENTS.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	5 5 5 5 5	17,082,639
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1. ADD 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. DEL 8. 9. 10.	USE P CORDANCE WITH ABT X. SEC- SOR CREATURES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTA ATTONS TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANDIXATIONS DICLUS! INCREASED MINING PRE PREVIOUSLY LEEMPT F OIL OR GAS PRODUCTIF TAXABLE REAL PROPES WARRANT: Of fined moles CONSTRUCTION OF TAXA DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE R DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE R DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE R DESTRUCTIO	nee of Locid Community before the value can be researed as provide the limit cold OPR TABOR** TOCAL GROWTH** CALCULATION ONLY 19, COLO CONSTUTTION AND 19-5-191(19):0, CC. 5, THE CUTAL VALLATION PORT THE TAXABLE TARA. 2019 LACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY 1 PROPE	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 7. 100 is real p	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	17,002,639 288,261

CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES for NON-SCHOOL Governments TO: County Commissioners of Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District On behalf of the Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District Hereby officially certifies the following mills to be levied against the taxing entity's GROSS \$ 2.504.930 assessed valuation of: (GROSS^D assessed valuation, Line 2 of the Certification of Valuation Form DLG 57^E) Note: If the assessor certified a NET assessed valuation (AV) different than the GROSS AV due to a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Area the tax levies must be S calculated using the NET AV. The taxing entity's total property tax revenue will be derived from the mill levy multiplied against the NET assessed valuation of: USE VALUE FROM FINAL CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION PROVIDED BY ASSESSOR NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 10 Submitted: 1/10/2024 for budget/fiscal year LEVY2 REVENUE2 PURPOSE (see end notes for definitions and General Operating Expenses^H mills <Minus> Temporary General Property Tax Credit Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduction¹ .121 >_mills (303.10)SUBTOTAL FOR GENERAL OPERATING: mills 1.951.34 3. General Obligation Bonds and Interest mills Contractual Obligations^K mills Capital Expenditures¹ mills 195.38 Refunds/Abatements^M mills Other^N (specify): mills mills TOTAL: [Sum of General Operating] 2,146.72 .857 Contact person Daytime (719) Signed: Title: Director of Finance / Budget Officer

¹ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution. ² Levies must be rounded to fixee decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total NET assessed valuation (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's FNAL certification of valuation).

Kiowa County Certification of Valuation Certification of Tax Levies



CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES for NON-SCHOOL Governments Kiowa County Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District On behalf of the Board of Directors Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District Hereby officially certifies the following mills to be levied against the taxing entity's GROSS \$ assessed valuation of: $(GROSS^{\mathbf{D}}$ assessed valuation, Line 2 of the Certification of Valuation Form DLG $57^{\mathbf{E}}$) Note: If the assessor certified a NET assessed valuation (AV) different than the GROSS AV due to a Tax increment Financing (TIF) Area "the tax levies must be calculated using the NET AV. The taxing entity's total property tax revenue will be derived from the mill levy multiplied against the NET assessed valuation of: 2,504,930 2024 Submitted: 1/10/2024 for budget/fiscal year REVENUE2 PURPOSE (see end notes for definitions and examples LEVY2 General Operating Expenses^H .035 87.67 <Minus> Temporary General Property Tax Credit .004 (10.02) Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduction > mills .031 SUBTOTAL FOR GENERAL OPERATING mills 3. General Obligation Bonds and Interest mills Contractual Obligations^K mills Capital Expenditures¹ mills Refunds/Abatements^M 7. Other (specify): mills mills TOTAL: Sum of Gen Contact person Daytime (719) Leann Noga Director of Finance / Budget Officer

Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's FINAL certification of valuation)

¹ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution.

¹ Levies must be rounded to three decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total NET assessed valuation (Line 4 of

Otero County Certification of Valuation and Certification of Tax Levies





To learn more: www.secwcd.com

Country Tou Davin Code

FO: County Commission	ners ¹ of	Otero County	, Colorado
On behalf of the	Southeastern Cold	orado Water Conservancy	District
		(toxing entity) ^A	
the	ı	Board of Directors	
	ft	(governing body) ^B	Blade
of the	Southeastern Co	(local government)	y District
Hereby officially certifie to be levied against the ta ssessed valuation of:	xing entity's GROSS \$	146,5	594,419 e Certification of Valuation Form DLG 57
fote: If the assessor certified AV) different than the GROS: acrement Financing (TIF) Are alculated using the NET AV. roperty tax revenue will be de sultiplied against the NET ass	a NET assessed valuation S AV due to a Tax tat the tax levies must be The taxing entity's total rived from the mill levy essed valuation of	143,3 assessed valuation, Line 4 of the ALUE FROM FINAL CERTIFE BY ASSESSOR NO LAT	172,925 Certification of Valuation Form DLG 57) CATION OF VALUATION PROVIDE ER THAN DECEMBER 10
submitted:	1/10/2024 (mm/dd/yyyy)	for budget/fiscal year	02024
General Operating Ex			mills \$ 129,035.63
2. <minus> Temporary</minus>	General Property Tax Credit/		
Temporary Mill Levy		< .121 >	mills \$ < (17,348.12)
Temporary Mill Levy			mills \$ < (17,348.12) mills \$ 111,687.51
Temporary Mill Levy SUBTOTAL FOR	Rate Reduction ^I GENERAL OPERATING:	.779	
Temporary Mill Levy SUBTOTAL FOR General Obligation B	Rate Reduction [‡] GENERAL OPERATING: onds and Interest [‡]	.779	mills \$ 111,687.51
SUBTOTAL FOR General Obligation B Contractual Obligation	Rate Reduction ^f GENERAL OPERATING: onds and Interest ^J ons ^K	.779	mills \$ 111,687.51
SUBTOTAL FOR General Obligation B Contractual Obligatio Capital Expenditures	Rate Reduction ^f GENERAL OPERATING: onds and Interest ^f ons ^K	.779	mills \$ 111,687.51 mills \$ mills \$
SUBTOTAL FOR General Obligation B Contractual Obligatio Capital Expenditures Refunds/Abatements	Rate Reduction [†] GENERAL OPERATING: onds and Interest [†] ons ^K	.078	mills \$ 111,687.51 mills \$ mills \$ mills \$
SUBTOTAL FOR General Obligation B Contractual Obligatio Capital Expenditures Refunds/Abatements	Rate Reduction ^f GENERAL OPERATING: onds and Interest ^f ons ^K	.078	mills \$ 111,687.51 mills \$ mi
Temporary Mill Levy SUBIOTAL FOR General Obligation B Contractual Obligatio Capital Expenditures' Refunds/Abatements' Other ^N (specify):	Rate Reduction [†] GENERAL OPERATING: onds and Interest [†] ons ^K	.078	mills \$ 111,687.51 mills \$ mi
Temporary Mill Levy SUBTOTAL FOR General Obligation B Contractual Obligatio Capital Expenditures' Refunds/Abatements' Other (specify):	Rate Reduction [‡] GENERAL OPERATING: onds and Interest [‡] ons ^k	.078	mills \$ 111,687.51 mills \$ mills \$ mills \$ mills \$ mills \$ mills

¹ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X. Section 3 of the Colorado Contitution. ² Levies must be rounded to three decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total <u>NET assessed valuation</u> (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's <u>FINAL</u> certification of valuation).

CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION BY OTERO COUNTY ASSESSOR

me of Jurisdiction: 020 - Southeast Colo Water Cons Dist IN OTERO COUNTY ON 12/18/2023	New Entity: No
USE FOR STATUTORY PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATIONS	(5.5% LIMIT) ONLY
IN ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-121(2)(a) AND 39-5-128(1), C.R.S. AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE A TOTAL VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023 IN OTERO COUNTY. COLORADA	SSESSOR CERTIFIES THE
PREVIOUS YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	\$146,582,540
CURRENT YEAR'S GROSS TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: *	\$146,594,419
LESS TIF DISTRICT INCREMENT, IF ANY:	\$3.221.494
CURRENT YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	\$143,372,925
NEW CONSTRUCTION: **	51.122.113
INCREASED PRODUCTION OF PRODUCING MINES: #	\$0
ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:	\$0
PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT FEDERAL PROPERTY: #	\$0
NEW PRIMARY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS LEASEHOLD ##	90
OR LAND (29-1-301(1)(b) C.R.S.):	22
TAXES COLLECTED LAST YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1))(a) C.R.S.):	\$0.00
TAXES ABATED AND REFUNDED AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1)(a) C.R.S.) and (39-10-114(1)(a)(i)(B) C.R.S.)	\$850,44
is value reflects personal property exemptions iiF enacted by the jurisdiction as authorized by Art. X. Sec.20(8)(b).Colo.	
aw construction is defined as. Taxable real property structures and the personal property connected with the structure. risdiction must submit respective certifications (Forms DLG 52 AND 52A) to the Division of Local Government in order for the v	
urisdiction must apply (Forms DLG 528) to the Division of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the I	
urbdiction must apply (Forms DLG 528) to the Division of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the I USE FOR 'TABOR' LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL	
USE FOR 'TABOR' LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL	Y LS. THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES
USE FOR 'TABOR' LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL	Y LS. THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 29, COLO CONST, AND 39-5-121/23/bic.Ep. ETOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023 IN OTERO COUNTY, COLORADO ON AL	Y A.S. THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES IGUST 25, 2023
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 29, COLO CONST, AND 39-5-124(2MLC) & E TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023 IN OTERO COUNTY, COLORADO ON AL CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL BEAR PROPERTY: 6	Y A.S. THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES IGUST 25, 2023
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 29, COLO CONST, AND 39-5-124(23b).C9 E TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023 IN OTERO COUNTY, COLORADO ON AL CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 60 ADDITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY:	Y 2.S. THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GUST 25, 2023 \$751,936,984 \$4,363,720
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONLY COORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 30, COLO CONST, AND 39, 5121(2) NICK ETOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2021 IN OTERO COUNTY, COLORADO ON AL CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 68 ADDITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY. CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS:	Y. S.S. THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES (GUST 25, 2023) 5751,936,984 54,363,720 50 50
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 29, COLO CONST, AND 39-5-124(2M)LCE E TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023 IN OTERO COUNTY, COLORADO ON AL CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: I ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:	Y LS THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GUST 25, 2023 \$751,900,994 \$4,363,720 \$2 \$2 \$3,898
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 20, COLO CONST, AND 39.5-124(2)MLC.E ETOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 303 IN OTERO COUNTY, COLORADO ON AL CORRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY: OL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL:	V LS THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GUST 25, 2023 5751,996,984 54,363,720 52 52,56,996 556,998 556,998
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONLY NOCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION JB, COLO CONST, AND JR, S. 124(2) NDC. TOTAL ACTUAL VALIDATION FOR THE TRANSILE YEAR 2821 IN OTTER OCUNTY, COLORADO ON AL CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: ADDITIONS TO TAVABLE REAL PROPERTY: ONSTRUCTION OF TAVABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: ANNEXATIONSINCLUSIONS: INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: S PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY: OB. OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: TAVABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT:	Y LS THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GUST 25, 2023 \$751,909,994 \$4,363,720 \$20 \$20 \$30,998 \$4
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 20, COLO CONST, AND 39-5-124(2)MLC/E ETOTAL ACTUAL. VALUATION FOR THE PARA 2033 IN OTERO COUNTY, COLORADO ON AL ADDITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: I ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS: INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: % PREVIOUSLY DECEMPT PROPERTY: OB. OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT: (If lead acide as security as pode to a sented property for Tables year, with the road county year's stax was acide incomed as of	Y LS THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GUST 23, 2023 \$751,500,994 \$4,363,720 \$20 \$20 \$30,998 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$40 \$4
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL NCCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 26, COLO CONST, AND 245-124(2) MICE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TRANSILE YEAR 2821 IN OTTER COUNTY, COLORADO ON AL CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 68 ADDITIONS TO TRANSILE REAL PROPERTY: CONSTRUCTION OF TRANSILE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: ANNEXATIONSINCLUSIONS: INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: 'N PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY: OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: TRANSILE REAL PROPERTY OBIT TED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT: (THAN BROWN THAN SERVICE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OBIT TED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT: (THAN BROWN THAN THE PROPERTY OBIT TED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT: (THAN BROWN THAN THE PROPERTY OBIT TED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT: (THAN BROWN THAN THE PROPERTY OBIT TED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT: (THE BROWN THAN THAN THE PROPERTY OBIT TED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT: (THE BROWN THAN THAN THE PROPERTY OBIT TED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT: (THE BROWN THAN THAN THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	Y LS THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GUST 25, 2023 \$751,500,984 \$43,603,720 \$43,603,720 \$43,603,720 \$43,609 \$43,609 \$43,609 \$43,609 \$43,609 \$43,609
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 26, COLO CONST., AND 3%-5.121(2) NACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 26, COLO CONST., AND 3%-5.121(2) NACCORDANCE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL BEAL PROPERTY: ADDITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: I ANNEXATIONISINCLUSIONS: INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: 'N PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY: OB. OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY ONLITED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: Eliza address account produce on entire green by trinates year, with the roof during year's strain what each is roomed as o DELETIONS FROM TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY:	Y LS THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GOUST 27, 2023 \$751,900,994 \$4,363,720 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONLY CCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 39, COLD CONST, AND 39-5-12/(2) INC. ETOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2021 IN OTER OCUNTY, COLORADO ON AL CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: 60 ADDITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: I ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS: INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: 56 PREVIOUSLY EXCEMT PROPERTY: OS. OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OBTOM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT: INDICATED ACCURATE AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	Y LS THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GUST 25, 2023 \$751,000,094 \$64,063,720 \$62 \$62 \$50,099 \$50,090 \$50,090 \$50,090 \$50,090 \$50,090 \$50,090 \$50,090 \$50,090 \$50,090 \$50,090 \$50,090 \$50,090
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONLY NOTICE AND THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 26, COLO CONST, AND 39, 5124(2) NICK CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: (8 ADDITIONS TO TAVABLE REAL PROPERTY: (8) ADDITIONS TO TAVABLE REAL PROPERTY: (8) ADDITIONS TO TAVABLE REAL PROPERTY: (9) ADDITIONS TO TAVABLE REAL PROPERTY: (9) ANNEXATIONSINCLUSIONS: (1) INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: (6) PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY: (1) OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: TAVABLE REAL PROPERTY: (1) CITEMA BROWLE STATE OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARRANT COMITTED THE OWN THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: (1) (I) WARR	Y LS THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GUST 25, 2023 \$751,500,994 \$4,363,720 \$2 \$2 \$54,363,720 \$2 \$2 \$30,999 \$2 \$30,999 \$2 \$2 \$55,149 \$55,149 \$22,555
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USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL NCCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 26, COLO CONST, AND 39, 5124(2) NO.C. EDITAL ACTULAL VALIDATION FOR THE TRANSILE SYSTEM 2021 IN OTERO COUNTY, COLORADO ON AL CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: (8 ADDITIONS TO TAVABLE REAL PROPERTY: CONSTRUCTION OF TAVABLE REAL PROPERTY INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: 'N PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY: OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: TAVABLE REAL PROPERTY OBITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT: (If the address securine speeds on 6 cented properly for multiply year, set for more grant year's struct value (as the recorded on O DELETIONS FROM TAVABLE REAL PROPERTY: DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: IN Endudes the cross of the structure speeds and or the structure speeds and increases in production of existing producing mines.	Y LS THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GUST 25, 2023 \$751,500,994 \$4,363,720 \$20 \$54,363,720 \$20 \$59,999 \$20 \$50,140 \$50,140 \$20,555 \$20,555
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2021 NO TOTAL TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2021 NO TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2021 NO TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: ANNEXATIONSINCLUSIONS: INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: 'N PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY: OB. OR CAS PRODUCTOR PROUA A NEW WELL: TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT: (If that about a structus appeads as entertial previously year, so to the root current year's stake value last to recorded as o DELETIONS PROF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: BISCONSECTIONSECULOUSLY BISCONSECTIO	Y LS THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GUST 25, 2023 \$751,500,994 \$4,363,720 \$20 \$54,363,720 \$20 \$59,999 \$20 \$50,140 \$50,140 \$20,555 \$20,555
USE FOR TABOR! LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL NECORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 30, COLO CONST, AND 39-5-12/(2) blue ETOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TRANSBE SYRA (2031) NOTECTIC COUNTY, COLORADO ON AL CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: ADDITIONS TO TAMABLE REAL PROPERTY: CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: I ANNEXATIONSINCLUSIONS: INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: 96 PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY: OR OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OR THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX WARRANT: STIMBLE SIZE ACTUAL STANDAY OR THE PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: DESTRUCTION TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: DESTRUCTION TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: BISCONNECTIONSEXCUSION PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE PROPERTY: IN Includes the out-wide of all basids are all property just the schall value of a training has been all property in the schall value of a training has been all property in the schall value of a regious, private schools, and charlesing real production in defined as newly constructed training in order of a realing production in defined as newly constructed training in order of a realing production in defined as newly constructed training in order of a realing production for new times and increases in production of easing production from the more and increases in production of easing producing mines.	Y LS THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GUST 25, 2023 \$751,500,994 \$4,363,720 \$2 \$2 \$58,999 \$0 \$2 \$58,999 \$2 \$58,140 \$22,555
USE FOR TABOR LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL NCCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION 26, COLO CONST, AND 29-5-12/(2) MICK TOTAL ACTULA VALIDATION FOR THE TRANSILE SYSTEM 2623 IN OTTERS COUNTY, COLORADO ON AL CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTULAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: (8) ADDITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: I ANNECATION SINCLUSIONS: INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: 'N PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY: OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY COMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT: (If the admit a smaller proper of the other layers and the real county per's Riber value (as the recorded or o DIECTIONS FROM TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY: IN PROPERTY COMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX WARRANT: (If the admit a smaller appeads on an entire property for making year, as for not a county per's Riber value (as the recorded or o DISCONNECTIONS EXCLUSION) PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE PROPERTY: INS Inducted the other value of all stands real property plus the schale value of property in the schale value of PROPERTY: COCORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1), C.R.S. AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 26. THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES SCHOOLD ISSTRICTS: 1. TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY: MOTE: All levides must be Certified to the Board of County, Commissioners NO LATER THAN DECICIONED	Y LS THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GUST 25, 2023 \$751,500,994 \$4,363,720 \$2 \$530,998 \$20 \$50,140 \$520,555 \$60,140 \$20,555 \$60,140 \$20,555 \$60,140 \$60,
USE FOR "TABOR" LOCAL GROWTH CALCULATIONS ONL NCCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION JO, COLO CONST, AND 39-5-12/(2) NACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF ARTICLE X, SECTION JO, COLO CONST, AND 39-5-12/(2) NACCORDANCE AND AND AND AND 39-5-12/(2) NACCORDANCE AND	Y LS THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES GUST 23, 2023 \$751,909,994 \$4,963,720 \$54,363,720 \$52,999 \$50,199

		S for NON-SCHOOL G			
TO: County Commissio	ners ¹ of	Otero County	, Colorado		
On behalf of the	Southeastern Colo	orado Water Conservancy Distric	ct ,		
		(taxing entity) ^A			
the		Board of Directors (revenue body) B			
of the	Southeastern Co	Colorado Water Conservancy District			
		(local government) ^C			
Hereby officially certifie	s the following mills				
to be levied against the ta assessed valuation of:	xing entity's GROSS \$	146,594,419 S ^D assessed valuation, Line 2 of the Certific			
Note: If the assessor certified		5 assessed valuation, Line 2 of the Certific	cation of Vanistion Form DLG 57		
(AV) different than the GROS	C ATT Ass to a Tom	143 372 02			
increment Financing (TIF) Ar calculated using the NET AV.	ea ^F the tax levies must be \$ The taxing entity's total ONET	143,372,925 G assessed valuation, Line 4 of the Certific	ation of Valuation Form DLG 57)		
property tax revenue will be d multiplied against the NET as	erived from the mill levy USE V	ALUE FROM FINAL CERTIFICATION BY ASSESSOR NO LATER THE	N OF VALUATION PROVIDED		
Submitted:		for budget/fiscal year	2024		
no later than Dec. 15)	(mm/dd/yyyy)		()))))		
PURPOSE (see end note	s for definitions and examples)	$LEVY^2$	REVENUE ²		
General Operating Ex	xpenses ^H	.035 mills	\$ 5,018.05		
 <minus> Temporary Temporary Mill Levy</minus> 	General Property Tax Credit/ Rate Reduction ^I	< .004 > mills	\$ < (573.49) :		
SUBTOTAL FOR	GENERAL OPERATING:	.031 mills	\$ 4,444.56		
 General Obligation E 	londs and Interest ²	mills	\$		
4. Contractual Obligation	ons ^K	mills	\$		
Capital Expenditures	L	mills	\$		
6. Refunds/Abatements					
o. Retunds/Abatements	М	mills	\$		
			<u>\$</u>		
	М		•		
7. Other ^N (specify):		millsmills	\$ \$		
7. Other ^N (specify):	OTAL: Sum of General Operating	mills mills	\$ \$ \$		
7. Other ^N (specify):		mills mills	\$ \$		

lef4 DLG

¹ If the training entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X. Section 3 of the Colorado Contitution.
² Levies must be counded to fine decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total <u>NET assessed valuation</u> (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's <u>FINAL</u> certification of valuation).

ips. Tay	Temps ves wo	PROWERS COUNTY ASSESSOR		nces (Gassa 6412
NA.V	IE OF TAX ENTITY:	SOUTHEAST COLORADO WATER CONSERVA	NCY	DISTRICT
	USE FOR STATUTORY	PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATION ("S	5%"	LIMIT) ONLY
		(a) and 38-5-128(1), CR.S., AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE	ASSE	ssori
		FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023		\$ 64,300,360
Fit To		TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	7	s 60,116,167
T.		SS TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: # AREA INCREMENTS, IF ANY	7	5-3,602,380
4		TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION	4	\$ 56.513.787
5.	NEW CONSTRUCTION		5	51,171,387
6.		ON OF PRODUCING MINE: =	ñ.	5
7.	ANNEXATIONS INCLUS		7	5
R	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT I	EDERAL PROPERTY ≈	8	5
9.		GAS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS	9.	5
		29-1-JQ1(1)(b), C R.S.): Φ		
10.		YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-	10.	5
		s all revenus collected on valuation not previously certified:	.7	545
11.	TAXES ABATED AND RI	FUNDED AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1)(a), C.R.S.) and (19-11-	11.	\$.53
		s exemptions. If amound by the jurisduction in Authorized by Art. X. Sin. 19(8)(in. C	40	in the same of the
	Here Consession is delegated To	which that property treatment and the provincial property commend with the structure	b .	
	Auryatomic road sident to the Divi calculation and Forms DEO ST &:	inter of Local Convenient regulative Cristianian of Impact in with for the value	0.00	model at providing in the last
		less of Local Community halfors the value can be trouved as growth as the used calco	6000	- F DLG 529.
ACC		OR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION ONLY 38, COLO, CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121/21/94, C.R. 2,07HE CTUAL VALIATION FOR THE LAXABLE YEAR 2023		
	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEU FOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL A	78, COLO, CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121(2)(8), C.R. 20 THE CTUAL VALUATION FOR THE LAXABLE YEAR 2023 L ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: T	i.	\$351,338,912
inni	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEU COX CLEXIFIES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTA TIONS TO TAXABLE REAL	16, COLO, CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121GIOS, C.P.S. THE CTUAL VALUATION FOR THE LAXABLE YEAR 2023 LACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY, T PROPERTY	ì.	-321,330,314
inni	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC SOM CERTIFIES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTA TIONS TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX	26, COLO, CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121(2)(5), C.R.S., THE CITCAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	1.	\$ 5,050,368
inni	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEE FOX CERTIFIES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTAL THOMS TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF FAA ANNEXATIONS/INCLUS	10. COLO. CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121(2)(b), C.R. 2, THE CTUAL VALUATION FOR THE LAXABLE YEAR 2023 L. A.CTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY. T. PROPERTY CABLE REAL PROPERTY MPROVEMENTS: * ONS:	1.	\$ 5,050,368
inni	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC SON CLEATURES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEAR'S TOTA THOMS TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSS INCREASED MINING PR	26, COLO, CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121/21694, C.R.S., THE CITCAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY T. PROPERTY T. PROPERTY T. PROPERTY T. PROPERTY T. CASC. CONST. CONST	1.	\$ 5,0\$0,368 \$
inni	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEE FOX CERTIFIES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTAL THOMS TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF FAA ANNEXATIONS/INCLUS	30. COLO. CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121(2)(5). C.R. \$2. THE CICAL VALUATION FOR THE LAXABLE YEAR 2023 L. ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: T PROPERTY ABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONS: DIJUCTION: \$ ONCERTY.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	\$ 5,050,368
inni	ORDANCE WITH ART X. SEC OOR CLATHELS THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTA THOMS TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATIONS/RICLLIS! INCREASED MINITING PREPAYIOUSLY EXEMPT OIL OR GAS PRODUCTIK TAXABLE BEAL PROPEL TAXABLE BEAL PROPEL	30. COLO. CONSTUTION AND 19-3-DICIDIOL. CR. 2. THE CITCAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY. T PROPERTY CABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS. * ONS: DIDUCTION: 1 ROPERTY IN FROM A NEW WELL. TY COMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	\$ 5,0\$0,368 \$ \$ \$
inni	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC OOR CLATTERS THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTA THOMS TO TAXABLE REAL ANNEXATIONS TRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATIONS TRUCTION OF PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT P OIL OR GAS PRODUCTIC TAXABLE REAL PROPER WARRANT IT find a	26, COLO, CONSTUTION AND 19-5-12/12/804, CR S. THE CITCAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: T PROPERTY: T PROPERTY: CABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONS: ONS: ONS: ONS: ON PROM A NEW WELL OTY COMMITTEE FROM THIS PREVIOUS YEARS TAX STRUCTURE OF THE ORDER OF THE MINISTER OF THE OTHER OF THE OTHER OTHER OF THE OTHER	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	\$ 5,0\$0,368 \$ \$ \$
inni	ORDANCE WITH ART X SEC OOK CEXTIFIES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS 107A THOMS TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATIONSANCLUS INCREASED MINING PR PER VIOLIST, EXEMPT ORLOR GAS PRODUCTIC TAXABLE BEAL PROPER WARRANT: If lied sider current year's alreal ville each of the current year's and ville each of the	30, COLO, CONSTUTION AND 19-5-DICIDIO, CR.S., THE CITCAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY. T PROPERTY ARLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONS: DIOUCTION: 4 ROPERTY. N FROM A NEW WELL. ITY OMITTEE FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX STOCKER spiked up as estimed property for multiply years, only does not recognise or recognised.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	\$ 5,0\$0,368 \$ \$ \$
NALE.	ORDANCE WITH ANY X SEC OOX CERTIFIES THE TOTAL C CURRENT YEARS TOTA TITOMS TO TAXABLE SEA! CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXA TIONSINCLISS INCREASED MINING PR PSEY VOLSTY JECEMPT F OPE, OF GAS PRODUCTI. TAXABLE BEAL PROPER WARRANT. If their delive current year's stand value can correct year's seal of the TAXABLE RESIDENT.	IR, COLG. CONSTUTION AND 163-321/21034, C.R. § THE CTUAL VALUATION FOR THE FAXABLE YEAR 2023 L. ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: T.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	\$5,0\$0,368 \$ \$ \$ \$
OKLE	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEE OR CEATHEISTHE TOTAL ACCURRENT YEARS DIVENTED STORY TOWNS TO TAXABLE SEA CONSTRUCTION OF FAX ANNEXATIONSTINCLIS TOKERASED MINING PRE PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT TAXABLE BEAL PROPE CAUTH OF TAXABLE SEAL PROPE SUMMER SEAL PROPE TAXABLE SEAL PROPE T	26, COLO, CONSTUTION AND 19-5-12/12/804, CR S. THE CITCAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY T PROPERTY CABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONS: ONS: ONS: ON PROM A NEW WELL ITY COMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX SHOCKET BY THE PROPERTY OF INCIDENCY YEARS TAX SHOCKET SHOW AND A SHOPPING OF INCIDENCY YEARS, GIRLY ON PROM A NEW WELL TO COMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX SHOULD SHOPPING OF INCIDENCY YEARS, GIRLY SHOPPING OF INC	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	\$ 5,0\$0,368 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
W.L.E.	ORDANCE WITH ANY X SEE ORA CERTIFIES THE TOTAL CURRENT YEARS TOTA TIONS TO TAXABLE HEAT CONSTRUCTION OF FAR ANNEXA THORNONICLUS INCREASED MINING PR PREVIOUSLY JECRHYF F OB. OR GAS PRODUCTIF TAXABLE BEAL PROPEE WARRANT If hed solder current years than villed each TIONS FROM TAXABLE R DESTRUCTION OF FAXA DESCONSECTIONS EXCL	IR, COLG. CONSTUTION AND 163-321(2103), C.R. § THE CTUAL VALUATION FOR THE LAXABLE YEAR 2023 L. ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: T. PROPERTY: T. PROPERTY: T. PROPERTY: T. PROPERTY: T. PROPERTY: MPROVEMENTS: * ONS. 3DUCTION: \$ ROPERTY: MPROVEMENTS: * ON FROM A NEW WELL. TY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX showher is practed on a similar property for multiply year, only the from the regented as ominical property. The PROPERTY: MPROVEMENTS: USSIONS:	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	\$ 5,0\$0,368 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
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WLE	ORDANCE WITH ART X, SEE OR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTAL TOWNS TO TAXABLE SEA CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATIONS/INCLUS TOWNS TO TAXABLE SEA TOWNS TO TAXABLE SEA TOWNS TOW	26, COLG. CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121(2):06, C.R.S., THE CITCAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: T PROPERTY CABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONS: ONS: ONS: ON PROMA NEW WELL LITY OMNTEED FROM THIS PREVIOUS YEARS TAX SHORMER THE ONE OF A SHARED PROPERTY OF MILIOSIS YEAR, ONE, the Tex- REAL PROPERTY BLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: USIONS PROPERTY THE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: USIONS PROPERTY THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE METHOD WITH B PROPERTY OF THE METHOD PROPERTY OF THE ME	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 4.	\$ 5,0\$0,368 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
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DELE	ORDANCE WITH ANY X, SEC ORA CERTIFIES THE TOTAL A CURRENT YEARS TOTA TITOMS TO TAXABLE SEAT CONSTRUCTION OF FAX ANNEXA THOOSINCLISS INCREASED MINING PR PREVIOUSLY DECEMBER PREVIOUSLY DECEMBER WARRANT III bed solder CURRENT SEAT OF TAXABLE RE- CURRENT WARRANT SEAT TOMS FROM TAXABLE RE DESTRUCTION OF TAXA DESCONNECTIONS SEAT THE SEAT OF TAXABLE RE DESCONNECTIONS SEAT THE SEAT OF TAXABLE RE THE SEAT OF TAXABLE RE	28. COLO. CONSTURION AND 19-5-121/21804.C.R.S. THE CITCAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY. T PROPERTY CABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * 2005: 2005: 2005: 2005: 2005: 2005: 2005: 2006: 2	2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 6. 7. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	\$ 5,0\$0,368 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
DRILE 0	ORDANCE WITH ANY X SEE OR CERTHERS THE TOTAL CURRENT YEARS TOTA CURRENT YEARS TOTA CURRENT YEARS TOTA CONSTRUCTION OF TAX ANNEXATION-STNCLISS OR O	26, COLO, CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121(2):50, C.R.S., THE CITCAL VALIDATION FOR THE LAXABLE TRANS LACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY T PROPERTY CABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONS: DISUCTION \$ ROPERTY IN FROM A NEW WELL ITY CONTITIED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEARS TAX STRUCTURE IPARED OF A SHARP PROPERTY IN BEING YEARS, GIRLY BLE REAL PROPERTY BLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: USIONS: PROPERTY REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: USIONS REQUIRED TO THE ARREST OF THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIED TO SCI. TAXABLE PROPERTY	2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 6. 7. 10 10 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	\$ 5,050,368 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
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ONLE OOTA	ORDANCE WITH ANY X SECOND CERTIFIES THE TOTAL AS CURRENT YEARS THE TOTAL AS CURRENT YEARS THE TOTAL AS CURRENT YEARS TO TAXABLE REAL CONSTRUCTION OF FAX ANNEXATION. STORY AS THE TOTAL TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY ON THE TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OF T	26, COLO, CONSTUTION AND 19-5-121(2)(5), C.R.S., THE CITCAL VALIDATION FOR THE LAXABLE TRANS LACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY T PROPERTY CABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONS: DISUCTION 1 ROPERTY ONE OF THE PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ONE TO THE PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS TO THE PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS TO THE PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: USIONS PROPERTY BLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: USIONS PROPERTY THE PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: USIONS PROPERTY THE PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: USIONS PROPERTY THE PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: USIONS THE PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: USIONS THE PROPERTY THE PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: USIONS THE PROPERTY THE PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF STIMATED; TAXABLE PROPERTY THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF STIMATED;	2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10	\$ 5,050,368 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES for NON-SCHOOL Governments TO: County Commissioners of On behalf of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District Board of Directors of the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District Hereby officially certifies the following mills to be levied against the taxing entity's GROSS \$ assessed valuation of: Note: If the assessor certified a NET assessed valuation Note: If the assessor certified a NET assessed valuation (AV) different than the GROSS AV due to a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Area the tax levies must be S calculated using the NET AV. The taxing entity's total property tax revenue will be derived from the mill levy multiplied against the NET assessed valuation of: (NET assessed valuation, Line 4 of the Certification of Valuation Form DLG 3.7)
USE VALUE FROM FINAL CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION PROVIDED
BY ASSESSOR NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 10 for budget/fiscal year PURPOSE (see end notes for definitions and examples) LEVY2 REVENUE² General Operating Expenses² mills <Minus> Temporary General Property Tax Credit Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduction¹ .121 > mills (6,838.17) SUBTOTAL FOR GENERAL OPERATING: 3. General Obligation Bonds and Interest 4. Contractual Obligations⁸ mills Capital Expenditures^L mills 6. Refunds/Abatements^M .078 mills 4.408.08 Other^N (specify): mills mills 48.432.32 .857 Contact person: Daytime

Title:

Director of Finance/ Budget Officer

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

at's budget by January 31st, per 29-1-113 C.R.S., with the

Prowers County Certification of Valuation and Certification of Tax Levies





CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES for NON-SCHOOL Governments Colorado. Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District On behalf of the Board of Director Southeastern Colorado Water Cor (local govern Hereby officially certifies the following mills to be levied against the taxing entity's GROSS \$ assessed valuation of: 60,116,167 (GROSS^D assessed valuation, Line 2 of the Certification of Valuation Form DLG 57^E) assessed variation 0.1.

Note: If the assessor certified a NET assessed valuation (AV) different than the GROSS AV due to a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Area? the tax levies must be calculated using the NET AV. The taxing entity's total property tax revenue will be derived from the mill levy multiplied against the NET assessed valuation of the NET AV. 56,513,787 Submitted: (no later than Dec. 15) 1/10/2024 for budget/fiscal year $\ensuremath{\mathbf{PURPOSE}}$ (see end notes for definitions and examples) $LEVY^2$ REVENUE² General Operating Expenses^B .035 mills 1,977.98 <Minus> Temporary General Property Tax Credit Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduction¹ .004 > mills 3. General Obligation Bonds and Interest mills 4. Contractual Obligations^K mills Capital Expenditures^L Refunds/Abatements^A mills 7. Other^N (specify): mills mills TOTAL: Sum of General Of 248-9950 (print) Director of Finance / Budget Officer Signed:

Page 1 of 4 DLG 70 (Rev. 616)

Signed:

³ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X. Section 3 of the Colorado Contitution. ³ Levies must be rounded to take decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total <u>NET assessed valuation</u> (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's <u>FINAL</u> certification of valuation).

¹ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X. Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution.
¹ Levies must be rounded to fine decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total NET assessed valuation (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's FINAL certification of valuation).

Pueblo County Certification of Valuation and Certification of Tax Levies





____Country Tax Entity Code DOLA LGID SID _

	ATION OF TAX LEVI	Pueblo County	100L G	veri	
TO: County Commissi					, Colorado.
On behalf of the	Southeastern Co	olorado Water Conserv	ancy District		
4.		(taxing entity) ^A			
the		Board of Directors (governing body) ^B			
of the	Southeastern (Colorado Water Conser	vancy Distric	t	
or the	Southeastern	(local government)	rainey distant	-	
Hereby officially certifi to be levied against the assessed valuation of:	axing entity's GROSS \$	OSS ^D assessed valuation, Line	2,095,330,51 2 of the Certificat		'aluation Form DLG 57 ^E)
Note: If the assessor certifie (AV) different than the GRO Increment Financing (TIF) A calculated using the NET AV property tax revenue will be multiplied against the NET a	SS AV due to a Tax rea ^F the tax levies must be 7. The taxing entity's total derived from the mill levy USI	1 TET assessed valuation, Line E VALUE FROM FINAL CE BY ASSESSOR NO	RTIFICATION	on of V	LUATION PROVIDED
Submitted: (no later than Dec. 15)	1/10/2024 (mm/dd/yyyy)	for budget/fiscal ye	ear 2	2024 (1777)	
PURPOSE (see end no	ses for definitions and examples)	LEVY ²			REVENUE ²
General Operating I	Expenses ^H	.900	mills	s	1,795,616.31
Alinus Temporary Temporary Mill Lev</td <td>y General Property Tax Credi yy Rate Reduction¹</td> <td>< .121</td> <td>> mills</td> <td>\$ <</td> <td>(241,410.64) ></td>	y General Property Tax Credi yy Rate Reduction ¹	< .121	> mills	\$ <	(241,410.64) >
SUBTOTAL FO	R GENERAL OPERATING:	.779	mills	\$	1,554,205.67
3. General Obligation	Bonds and Interest ³		mills	\$	
4. Contractual Obligat	ions ^K		mills	\$	
5. Capital Expenditure	s ^L		mills	s	
6. Refunds/Abatement	S _M	.078	mills	s	155,620.08
 Other^N (specify): 			mills	s	
_			mills	\$	
	OTAL: Sum of General Operation	.857	mills	s	1,709,825.75
Contact person: (print)	Leann Noga	Daytime phone: (7	¹⁹)	24	18-9950
Signed:	and)				e/ Budget Officer
	y's completed form when filing the loca DLG). Room 521–1313 Sherman Street				

³ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution. ³ Levies must be rounded to figure decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total NET assessed valuation (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's FINAL certification of valuation).

	CERTIFICATION OF VALUES FORM			
3	County Tax Entity Code		LGED/SID_	54128/1
	CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION BY PUEBLO COUNTY COUNTY			
	Tax Entity X YES NO	Date	11/30/2023	
NA.	ME OF TAX ENTITY: S.E. WATER CONSV DIST			
	USE FOR STATUTORY PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATION	N ("5.5"	6" LIMIT	D ONLY
IN A	CCORDANCE WITH 39-5-12 k2(k) and 39-5-12 k(1), C.R.S., AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSESS	_		
ASS	ESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023:			
1.	PREVIOUS YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	1.	S	1,924,231,437
2.	CURRENT YEAR'S GROSS TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: \$	2.	\$	2,095,330,518
3.	LESS TOTAL TIF AREA INCREMENTS, IF ANY:	3.	\$	100,201,288
4.	CURRENT YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	4.	s	1,995,129,230
5.	NEW CONSTRUCTION: *	5.	S	32,266,52
6.	INCREASED PRODUCTION OF PRODUCING MINE: ==	6.	S	(
7.	ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:	7.	S	(
8.	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT FEDERAL PROPERTY: ≈	8.	S	298,990
9.	NEW PRIMARY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL AND GAS LEASEHOLD OR LAND (20-1-30)(1)(b), C.R.S.): Φ	9.	\$	(
10.	TAXES RECEIVED LAST YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1) (a), C.R.S.). Includes all revenue collected on valuation not previously certified:	10.	\$	50,874.56
11.	TAXES ABATED AND REFUNDED AS OF AUG. I (29-1-30)(1)(a), C.R.S.) and (39-10- 114(I)(a)(I)(B), C.R.S.):	11.	\$	1,009,838.50
	Nov Constitution is defined as "Loads and properly structures and the personal property connected with the structure Journal decline same and the third in the Conference response or confidence of the structure of the conference or conference or structure or confidence and the structure of the conference or c	ues to be t loulation;		
IN A	Jurisdiction must submit to the Division of Llocal Government respective Certifications of Impact in order for the val- calculation, use forms DLG 52 & Soft Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the limit cal Jurisdiction must apply to the Division of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the limit cal	oes to be to localization; ONLY	use Form DLI	G 52B.
IN A	Justidation must alwait to the Division of Local Government respective Confidencies of Respect in order for the valuedation; one Fermi DLG 9-8, 25A. Jurisdiction must apply to the Division of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the limit of USE FOR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION CCORDANCE WITH ART X_SEC.26, COLO. CONSTITUTION AND 95-5-12/2036, C.R.S. THE ASSESSOS C.	oes to be to localization; ONLY	use Form DLI	G 52B.
IN A	Jurisdiction must alwain to the Division of Local Government respective Confidencies of Respect in order for the wall excludence, we Fermi DLG 528-52A. Jurisdiction must apply to the Division of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the limit of USE FOR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION CCORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC 20, COLO. CONSTITUTION AND 39-5-12/20(b), C.R.S. THE ASSESSOR CI THE TAXABLE YEAR 2022.	ces to be to levelation; ONLY ERTIFIES	THE TOTAL	G 52B. ACTUAL VALUATION
IN A FOR I.	Availations near almost to the Division of Local Government respective Confidencies of Prepart in order for the valuedation; one Prepart DLG 29.8 25A. Availations must apply to the Division of Local Government before the value can be received as growth to the limit of USE FOR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION CCORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC 20, CONSTITUTION AND 39-5-1242303, C.R.S., THE ASSESSOR CI THE TAXABLE YEAR 2022. CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY; § DITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY	ONLY EXTIFIES 1.	THE TOTAL	G 52B. ACTUAL VALUATION 16,388,696,251
IN A FOR I. ADI	Availations must ashed to the Division of Local Government respective Confidencies of Impact in order for the valuedation; one From LOC 52-8, 25A. Availation must apply to the Division of Local Government before the value can be treated as growing to the billion of Local Government before the value can be treated as growing to the Local Lo	oes to be to localation; ONLY ERTIFIES 1. 2.	THE TOTAL	G 52B. ACTUAL VALUATION
IN A FOR 1. ADI 2. 3.	Justidations near almost to the Division of Local Government respective Confidencies of Impact in order for the valuedation; one Firm DLO S. 28, 25A. Justidation man apply to the Division of Local Government before the value can be resided as growth in the limit of USE FOR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH!" CALCULATION CCORDANCE WITH ARE X, SEC.20, COLO. CONSTITUTION AND 39-5-1242(b), C.R.S., THE ASSESSOR CI THIS TAXABLE YEAR 2023. CURRENT VEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: ¶ DITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ANNEXATIONS/NICLUSIONS:	ONLY EXTIFIES 1.	THE TOTAL \$ \$ \$ \$	G 52B. ACTUAL VALUATION 16,388,696,251 218,513,081
IN A FOR I. ADI 2. 3.	Availations near almost to the Division of Local Government respective Confidencies of Impact in order for the valuedation, use From LOS 28, 25.A. Availation must apply to the Division of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth to the Division of Local Growthing Calculation must apply to the Division of Local Government before the value can be treated as growthing Calculation CCCORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC.20, COLO. CONSTITUTION AND 9-5-12/2(26), C.R.S. THE ASSESSOR CI THE TAXABLE WARA 2023. CURRENT YEARS TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: ¶ DITIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: * ANNIELATIONS/SPACLUSIONS: DIVISIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY DIPROVEMENTS: * ANNIELATIONS/SPACLUSIONS: DIVISIONS TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY DIPROVEMENTS: *	ONLY EXTIFIES 1. 2. 3.	THE TOTAL S S S S S	G 52B. ACTUAL VALUATION 16,388,696,251 218,513,081 0
IN A FOR 1. ADI 2. 3. 4.	Justidations near almost to the Division of Local Government respective Confidencies of line part in order for the valuedation; one Fine DLG 23.8:53. Arediction: und reprise DLG 23.8:53. LOSE FOR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION CCORDANCE WITH ARE X. SEC.20, COLO. CONSTITUTION AND 39-5-12/EXPA). C.R.S., THE ASSESSOR CI THE TAXABLE YEAR 2023. CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: ¶ CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY MPROVEMENTS. * ANNEXATIONS (NICLUSIONS) INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: § PREFIVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY:	ones to be to localistics, on LY ONLY ERTIFIES 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	THE TOTAL S S S S S S	G 52B. ACTUAL VALUATION 16,388,696,251 218,513,081
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Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District On behalf of the Board of Directors Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District of the Hereby officially certifies the following mills to be levied against the taxing entity's GROSS \$ assessed valuation of: Note: If the assessor certified a NET assessed valuation (AV) different than the GROSS AV due to a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Area the tax levies must be Scalculated using the NET AV. The taxing entity's total property tax revenue will be derived from the mill evy multiplied against the NET assessed valuation of. 1,995,129,230 1/10/2024 for budget/fiscal year 2024 $\underline{PURPOSE}$ (see end notes for definitions and examples) REVENUE² LEVY2 General Operating Expenses^M 69.829.52 2. <Minus> Temporary General Property Tax Credit/ > mills Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduction SUBTOTAL FOR GENERAL OPERATING: mills 3. General Obligation Bonds and Interest mills 4. Contractual Obligations^K mills

CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES for NON-SCHOOL Governments

TO: County Commissioners of

Capital Expenditures^L

Refunds/Abatements^M

Other^N (specify):

Pueblo County

mills

mills

mills mills

	TOTAL: Sum of General Operatin	.031	mills	s 61,849.00
Contact person: (print)	Leann Noga	Daytime phone:	(⁷¹⁹)	248-9950
Signed:	Pund	Title:	Director of Fin	ance / Budget Officer
	ently's completed form when filing the local			

¹ If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Contitution.
¹ E-tevies must be rounded to three decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total NET assessed valuation (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's FINAL certification of valuation).

5.5% Tax Revenue Limits Calculations

State of Colorado Department of Local Affairs Division of Local Governmen

Statutory Property Tax Revenue Limitation The "5.5%" Limit, 29-1-301, C.R.S Tax Year 2023 (Budget Year 2024)

Form DLG-53

Calculated: 15:47 01/09/2024 Generated: 15:53 01/09/2024 Limit ID: 145083

Southeastern Colo Water Con - Contract (64128/2) The following steps were used to calculate your limit, The Division of Local Government encourages you to check each figure for accuracy, Years referenced are "Tax Year", not budget years, Amounts are rounded to whole dollars, A1. Adjust the 2022 5,5% Revenue Limit to correct the revenue base, if necessary: . Adjust the 2022 9.5% Revenue Limit to correct the revenue users, in revenues.

A1a. The 2022 Revenue Limit [\$9,728,333] + 2021 Amount Over Limit [\$0] = \$9,728,333

A1b. The lesser of Line A1a [\$1,728,333] or the 2022 Certified Cross General Operating Revenue [\$10,185,539]

A1c, Line A1b [\$9,728,333] * 2022 Oritized Revenue, if any [\$1,707] = A1. \$9,730,040 A2. Calculate the 2022 Tax Rafe, based on the adjusted tax base:
Adjusted 2022 Revenue Base [\$9,730,040] - 2022 Net Assessed Value [\$11,317,265,428] = A2. 0,000860 A3, Total the assessed value of all the 2023 "growth" properties:

Amesiation of hicksion [59] • New Construction [\$259,683,183] • Increased Production of Producing Mine [\$0]* • Previously Exempt Federal Property [\$0]* • New Himmy OT & Clas Production [\$0]* = A3. \$209.689.183 Line A3 [\$209,689,183] x Line A2 [0,000860] = A4. \$180.333 A5. Expand the Revenue Base by "revenue" from "growth" properties: Line A1 [59,730,040] + Line A4 [5180,333] = A5. 59.910.373 A6. Increase the Expanded Revenue Base by allowable amounts: Ada., The greater of 5.5% of Line A5 [\$545,070] or \$0 = \$545,071
A8b., Line A5 [\$9,910,373] + Line A6a [\$545,071] + D.G Approved Revenue Increase [\$0] + Voter
Approved Revenue Increase [\$0] = A6, \$10.455.443 A7. 2023 Revenue Limit: Line A6 [\$10,455,443] - 2023 Omitted Property Revenue [\$56,298] = A7. \$10.399.145 A8. Adjust 2023 Revenue Limit by amount levied over the limit in 2022: ¹ These amounts, if certified by your County Assessor(s), may only be used in this calculation after an application has been made to the Division by November 1st (for New Primary Oil & Gas Production). Forms and guidelines are available by contacting the Division.

+ Current Year's Net Total Taxable Assessed Valuation* x 1,000



Assessor. * Rounding the mill levy up may result in revenues exceeding allowed revenue.

S,E, Colorado Water Conservancy District Leann Noga or Budget Officer 31717 United Avenue Pueblo, CO 81001

The formula to calculate a Mill Levy is:

If you need assistance, please contact the Division of Local Government: www.dola.colorado.gov/dlg/ta/budgeting/

Statutory Property Tax Revenue Limitation The "5.5%" Limit, 29-1-301, C.R.S Tax Year 2023 (Budget Year 2024)

Form DLG-53 Revised 2006

= A1, \$392.611

= A2. 0.000035

= A3. 5209.689.183

= A4, \$7.339

= A5. \$399.950

= A6, \$421.947

= A7. \$419.484

Southeastern Colo Water Con - Operating (64128/1) The following steps were used to calculate your limit, The Division of Local Government encourages you to check each figure for

A1a. The 2022 Revenue Lintt [\$364,088] + 2021 Amount Over Lintt [\$28,447] = \$392,535
A1b. The Jesser of Line A1a [\$392,535] or_the 2022 Certified Cross General Operating Revenue [\$394,536]
A1b. Line A1b [\$392,535] = 2022 Contride Revenue, if any [\$787] A2. Calculate the 2022 Tax Rate, based on the adjusted tax base Adjusted 2022 Revenue Base (\$392,611) - 2022 Net Assessed Value [\$11,317,265,428] A3, Total the assessed value of all the 2023 "growth" properties:

Annexation of Inclusion [50] • New Construction (\$200,660,163) • Increased Production of Producing Mine [50]* • Previously Exempt Federal Property [50]* • New Primary Ol & Clas Production [50]* A4. Calculate the revenue that the "growth" properties would have generated in 2022: Line A3 [5209,689,163] x Line A3 [0.00035] A5. Expand the Revenue Base by "revenue" from "growth" properties: Line A1 [\$392,611] + Line A4 [\$7,339] A6. Increase the Expanded Revenue Base by allowable amounts: Ale. The greater (5 ye) of Line A5 (\$21,997) or 50 = \$21,997
Ale. The Greater (5 x) of Line A5 (\$21,997) or 50 = \$21,997
Ale. The A5 (\$399,959) - Line A6s (\$21,997) - DLG Approved Revenue increase (\$0) + Voter Approved Revenue increase (\$0) A7. 2023 Revenue Limit Line Afi [\$421,947] - 2023 Omitted Property Revenue [\$2,463]

A1. Adjust the 2022 5.5% Revenue Limit to correct the revenue base, if necessary:

A8. Adjust 2023 Revenue Limit by amount levied over the limit in 2022: AS, Adjust 2023 Revenue Limit by amount levied over the limit in 2022:

LENA AT [814,844] - 2022 Amount Over Limit [0]

THE ALLOWED REVENUE OF AS DOES <u>NOT</u> TAKE INTO ACCOUNT ANY OTHER LIMITS THAT MAY APPLY TO YOUR PROPERTY TAX REVENUE, SUCH AS STATUTORY MILL LEY CARE, VOTERAMPONED LIMITATIONS, THE TABOR PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT, OR THE TABOR PROHESTION AGAINST INCREASING THE MILL LEY'S WITHOUT VOTER AUTHORIZATION, THE PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS WORKSHEET (FORM DLG-SIA) MAY BE USED TO PERFORM SOME OF THESE CALCULATIONS FOR COMPARISON TO THE "SAFE LIMITATIONS WORKSHEET (FORM DLG-SIA) MAY BE USED TO PERFORM SOME OF THESE CALCULATIONS FOR COMPARISON TO

¹ These arrounts, if certified by your County Assessor(s), may only be used in this calculation after an application has been made to the Division by November 1st (for New Primary Oil & Gas Production). Forms and guidelines are available by contacting the Division.

+ Current Year's Net Total Taxable Assessed Valuation² x 1,000

The formula to calculate a Mill Levy is:

³ Use the Net Total Taxable Valuation as provided on line 4 of the final Certification of Valuation from the County

Assessor.

Rounding the mill levy up may result in revenues exceeding allowed revenue.





S.E. Colorado Water Conservancy District Leann Noga or Budget Officer 31717 United Avenue Pueblo, CO 81001

To learn more: www.secwcd.com

If you need assistance, please contact the Division of Local Government: www.dola.colorado.gov/dlg/ta/budgeting/

Glossary of Terms

Acre-Foot of Water	An acre-foot of water is the amount of water that would cover an acre of land to a depth of one				
Tiere I oot of Water	An acre-root of water is the amount of water that would cover an acre of land to a depth of one foot, or 325,851 gallons.				
Aurora	City of Aurora				
AVC	Arkansas Valley Conduit: The Arkansas Valley Conduit (AVC), is a water supply project to serve the needs of communities in the lower Arkansas Valley, which will begin construction in 2023.				
Balanced Budget	A balanced budget reflects one single fiscal year that the overall difference between government revenues and spending equal.				
Basin	The Basin refers to the Arkansas River Basin unless otherwise stated				
Board	The Board refers to the Board of Directors of the District				
Budget	A financial plan for a defined period of time				
Capital Outlay or Capital Expenditure	Capital outlay or capital expenditure are defined as changes for the acquisition a the delivery price including transportation, cost of equipment, land and buildings, or any other permanent improvement with a value of \$5,000 and a useful life expectancy of greater than one year.				
СРІ	The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services.				
CRS	Colorado Revised Statues				
CWCB	Colorado Water Conservation Board				
DISTRICT	Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District (General Fund)				
DOLA	Department of Local Affairs (State of Colorado)				
Enterprise	Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise (Proprietary Fund)				
ED	ED refers to the Executive Director of the District				
Excess Capacity	Southeastern Long-Term Excess Capacity Master Contract for storage in Pueblo Reservoir to improve water supply. Also known as Master Contract				
Fountain Valley Authority	A pipeline that is part of the Fry-Ark contract with Reclamation				
Fry-Ark	Fryingpan-Arkansas Project (Entire System from Ruedi Reservoir east to Pueblo)				
Fund	Fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts				
Fund Balance	The net position of a government fund which is the difference between assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources				
FVA	Fountain Valley Authority				
General Fund	Governmental Activities and/or District Fund				
Governmental Activities	District Activities generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other none change revenues				
Governmental Fund	Funds generally used to account for tax-supported activities				
IGA	Intergovernmental Agreement (Contract)				
IPA	Intergovernmental Personnel Act: The Intergovernmental Personnel Act Mobility Program provides for the temporary assignment of personnel between the Federal Government and state and local governments, colleges and universities, Indian tribal governments, federally funded research and development centers, and other eligible organizations.				
LoPP	Lease of Power Privilege: Contractual right given to a nonfederal entity to utilize, consistent with project purposes, water power head and storage from Reclamation. projects for electric power generation.				

SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024

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Glossary of Terms

Master Contract	Southeastern Long-Term Excess Capacity Master Contract. Also known as Excess Capacity.			
Mill	Millage tax: The amount per \$1,000 of assessed valuation of real property, which is used to calculate taxes.			
Mill Levy	An ad valorem tax that a property owner must pay annually on their property			
MOA	Memorandum of Agreement (Contract)			
OM&R	Operations, Maintenance and Repair			
Plan	The Plan refers to the District's Strategic Plan			
Proprietary Fund	Business Activities and/or the Enterprise Fund			
PSOP	Preferred Storage Options Plan: a plan to enlarge reservoirs for storage, as well as investigating other storage methods			
Reclamation	United States Bureau of Reclamation			
RWC Plan	Regional Water Conservation Plan			
Restated Budget	When the original Adopted Budget is required to be amended due to the expenditure levels higher than the appropriation, this will trigger a Restate Budget process. When the Budget is adopted a second time in one fiscal year the budget becomes a "Restated Budget".			
RICD	Recreational In-Channel Diversion: RICDs are functionally similar to instream flow rights in that they allow the appropriation of an amount of streamflow for use within the river channel. Unlike instream flow rights, however, RICDs require that the flow be "diverted, captured, controlled, and placed to beneficial use between specific points defined by control structures."			
ROY	Restoration of Yield: Methods of restoring or increasing water yield, and water quality			
RRA	Reclamation Reform Act			
RRPG	Regional Resource Planning Group			
SECWCD	Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District. Also referred to as the District.			
SO Tax	Specific Operating Tax: Collected on personal vehicles, such as automobiles and trailers			
SOD	The Safety of Dams program focuses on evaluating and implementing actions to resolve safety concerns at Reclamation dams. Under this program, Reclamation will complete studies and identify and accomplish needed corrective action on Reclamation dams. The selected course of action relies on assessments of risks and liabilities with environmental and public involvement input to the decision-making process.			
TABOR	Taxpayer Bill of Rights Amendment of the Colorado Constitution Section 20 Article X			
The Conduit	AVC, Arkansas Valley Conduit			
The Project	Fryingpan-Arkansas Project (Entire System from Ruedi Reservoir East to Pueblo)			
USBR	United States Bureau of Reclamation, also referred to as Reclamation			
USGS	United States Geological Survey			
WAE	Southeastern Colorado Water Activity Enterprise			
WM&C Plan	Water Management and Conservation Plan: The District's five year water and conservation plan.			



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SECWCD Adopted Budget 2024 To learn more: <u>www.secwcd.com</u> Page 152

